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The Chicago Daily Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FINAL EDITION

VOLUME LXXVII.—NO. 10. C. [COPYRIGHT, 1918, BY THE TRIBUNE COMPANY.] FRIDAY, JANUARY 11, 1918.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. THIS PAPER CONSISTS OF TWO SECTIONS—SECTION ONE. ** PRICE TWO CENTS.

SUFFRAGE WINS: HOUSE VOTES 274 TO 136

WHY RUSH? WAR IS 3,000 MILES AWAY—BAKER

Defends Delays in Buying Rifles and Machine Guns.

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—[Special.]—Despite some mistakes quickly remedied all war preparations up to date have been entirely adequate, according to Secretary of War Baker, who began a defense of his administration today before the senate committee on military affairs.

All the troops sent to France, he said, have been completely armed and equipped and no troops have been held back from lack of shipping. Moreover, the secretary said he does not expect there will be a lack of sufficient ships to send all the troops available.

Enemy Not at Our Doors.

With regard to the delays in arming and equipment of troops, Mr. Baker said the nation could afford such delays because the enemy was not at our doors. There was time to prepare adequately.

"I ask permission," he said to Senator Weeks, "to call your attention to the fact that the battle front was 3,000 miles away."

Whenever the senators brought up the point of delays in furnishing rifles or machine guns, or adverted to the ordnance department's red tape methods in ordering weapons, Mr. Baker was polite but insistent that it was all a matter of judgment and that he was satisfied with the judgment exercised.

"Is He Big Enough for Job?"

The secretary was closely questioned by members of the committee, and various questions indicated that they believed he had not used sufficient "pep" or proper initiative in speeding up the war preparations.

"Either Secretary Baker is not big enough for the job or the job is too big for any one man," one of the senators said tonight.

In the inquiry Senator Chamberlain said to the secretary:

"The members of the committee are radically at variance with you on that [the matter of delay in furnishing rifles]. In the last analysis, the guns were not furnished these young men."

Calls Rifle Delay Wise.

In substance, Secretary Baker contended with regard to ordnance:

That enough rifles were and are on hand for all troops sent and being sent to France and enough now on hand for training purposes, admitting that some camps might be short, due to distribution delays.

That the delay caused due to interchangeability requirements in the new Enfield rifle was a wise one which he approved; that the department's action in the matter indicated efficiency rather than inefficiency, as charged.

That there was delay in ordering machine guns before war was declared, but that all available machine gun manufacturers were put to work on machine guns of all types immediately after war was declared.

Guns Lacking; "Immaterial."

That it was relatively immaterial whether all men in the training camps entitled to rifles had them for the early periods of training.

That all resources of the government that should be devoted to manufacture of artillery, especially middle heavies, had been employed, and that it will be safe to rely on French and British supplies of artillery for 1918, the secretary admitting, however, that the artillery program of every nation at war should be multiplied by something.

That Gen. Pershing had taken Lewis guns from marines in France and substituted therefor French Chauchat and Hotchkiss guns.

Defends Quartermaster.

With regard to the quartermaster's department, the secretary said:

That the government had done the best it could in the emergency with facilities available and that clothing and other equipment were now assured, admitting delays and shortages due to varied causes, including an earlier and more severe winter than usual.

That the system of purchasing adopted for the emergency through the supply committee of the Council of National Defense, the only means available at the outset, was not the most desirable system, and that it would be

(Continued on page 4, column 1.)

SUBMARINE OF GIGANTIC SIZE MOUNTS NEW GUN

New Tactics Find More Victims in Merchant Craft.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The submarine warfare has gradually taken on a new phase since the wintry weather set in. Submarines of the so-called cruiser type now are doing most of the sinkings, while the smaller submarines apparently are confining their work largely to mine laying.

The reason for this shifting of German technique is that small submarines are not good surface craft in stormy seas, while the cruiser type has proved wonderfully seaworthy, being actually more manageable than the modern torpedo boat destroyer in heavy weather.

Carry New Type Guns.

These cruiser submarines carry two 5.9 inch guns and sixteen torpedoes and can remain at sea six weeks. However, so many of them have been lost that there are now not more than seven or eight operating. These are manned by the pick of the whole German navy and their power for harm may be judged from the fact that these seven or eight vessels are able to keep up such a heavy toll of sinkings among allied shipping.

A considerable proportion of the recent sinkings have been accomplished by gunfire. The cruiser submarine guns no longer are of the old type, which folded into the body of the craft when it submerged and had to be unfolded before a U-boat could get into action. The new guns are of a species known technically as wet guns, being constructed of material which sea water does not harm. They are mounted on stationary platforms. Therefore, they are always ready to be fired instantly.

Fight U. S. Destroyer.

An American torpedo boat destroyer had an encounter with one of these submarine cruisers a few days ago. The German was engaged in sinking three armed merchantmen from a range of four miles and had fired about thirty shots when the American destroyer appeared on the horizon, attracted by the sound of the guns.

The destroyer opened fire at six miles with the wonderful American naval guns. The U-boat, however, was lying with decks almost awash and therefore was a most difficult target, and as the American drew in toward it at full speed it submerged suddenly. The smoking muzzles of its wet guns disappeared beneath the waves only an instant after their last shots had been fired.

The Americans were unable to destroy the U-boat, but the destroyer escorted two of the three merchantmen safely to port after having rescued the crew of the third, which already was sinking.

Few Transports Victims.

If not convoyed merchantmen have a small chance against these supersubmarines. Little fishing vessels, which the Germans do not disdain to attack at every opportunity, are still helpless.

It is a remarkable fact that during the entire course of the war only nine British transports have been sunk with a total loss of less than 2,000 lives, although frequently a quarter of a million soldiers are at sea on a single day, and altogether more than eleven million men have been transported safely by water.

The weather is against the allies in a continuance of their successful aviation work against submarines.

JONES TO QUIT WAR TRADE BODY

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—[Special.]—While no official announcement has been made, it is known that Thomas D. Jones of Chicago has resigned from the war trades board.

An effort will be made to induce him to reconsider his action, take leave of absence, and return to his post when he regains his health.

Mr. Jones represented the department of commerce on the board.

War to Take Crepe from Funerals in Baltimore

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 10.—On account of the war, Baltimore undertakers are eliminating crepes. All the embalmers in the city have the conservation movement in mind, and most have agreed not to put mourning on the doors of a home wherein death has laid its hand.

Denmark and Norway Give Recognition to Finland

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 10.—Denmark and Norway have officially recognized the republic of Finland.

GERMAN PRESS RAILS AT U. S. PEACE OUTLINE

Held More 'Brutal' than That of the British.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 10.—President Wilson's peace aims are commented on in a hostile tone by German papers received here. Nearly all of them call his program absolutely unacceptable.

The Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung of Berlin says:

"The fourteen points do not form a program for world peace but a real symphony of will to no peace. Beginning with his joyful fanfare of freedom of the seas and other things, on which the whole world is agreed, even if diversity of opinion exists regarding the method of realization, Mr. Wilson's intervention is not wanted. Having the opportunity of serving peace, he has not only failed but has clearly expressed a contrary intention.

"Presumes to Interfere."

"Appealing to the self-determination of nations, he presumes to interfere in the internal affairs of Austria-Hungary and proclaims the policy of doing violence to nations with disregard for all historical and racial facts.

"With equal nonchalance he finds reason for the partition of Turkey, such as could only be voiced by a man whose policy aims at playing off, one against another, peoples and parts of peoples who belong together and are conscious of their homogeneity."

Like Lloyd George's.

The Kolnische Volks Zeitung says:

"President Wilson's program substantially squares with Lloyd George's. It is as unacceptable for us as is the British and is more brutal still than that of Lloyd George. He demands the severance from the German empire of Alsace-Lorraine, which is nine-tenths inhabited by Germans, and he undisguisedly demands the severance from the empire of parts of Prussia inhabited by the Poles."

The Berliner Lokal Anzeiger, in an article under the heading, "Entente Wirepuller," speaks of the "unbranded impudence with which the leading statesmen of the multiple alliance deceive the whole world."

Vienna Press Opposes.

The Vienna newspapers, according to dispatches from that city, consider President Wilson's proposed peace conditions such as could only be imposed if the quadruple alliance was completely defeated.

The Fremdenblatt, in declaring them unacceptable, says: "President Wilson's message reveals clearer than Lloyd George's speech the intentions of our enemies to let Russia continue to bleed for the selfish aims of the entente."

The Neue Freie Presse says: "President Wilson is superior even to Lloyd George in his capacity for deceiving the nation. President Wilson intersperses his fourteen points with popular principles in order to deceive the masses, who do not know our conditions. The message also, of course, aims at breaking up the negotiations at Brest-Litovsk.

"Conquest and Gains."

"President Wilson says that the time for conquest and aggrandizement has gone by—of course, for the central powers, not for the entente. He admits that Russia is impotent and helpless. He cannot deny that the central powers' proposals are capable of a liberal interpretation; yet he continues slandering and war baiting."

The Neues Weiner Tagblatt says: "President Wilson must be made clearly to understand that it is useless to try to win over the central powers for the entente's plans of disruption and disintegration. Austria-Hungary will be master of its own house. Our peoples do not need Mr. Wilson's protectorship."

Alsace a New Barrier.

The Neues Weiner Journal argues that President Wilson's demand for the restitution of Alsace-Lorraine erects a new barrier.

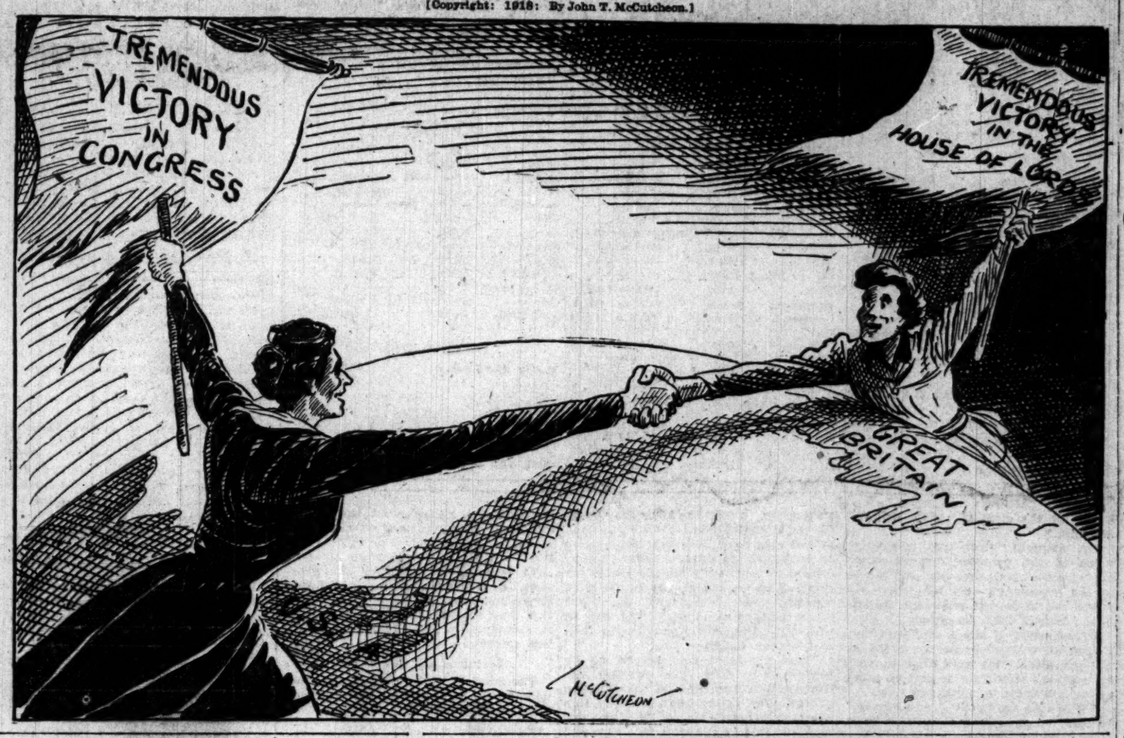
Die Zeit also declares that this demand cannot be discussed and that interference with the monarchy's affairs is inadmissible, but notes with joy that the enemy is "coming down."

"Some one now is wanted," adds the paper, "to help on the moderation a few more degrees. Then, perhaps, a proper level will be reached, when our opponents will regain their senses and be willing to negotiate."

The Reichspost calls President Wilson's fourteen points a simple enumeration of the central powers' well known wishes, but accuses him of seeking to hinder peace negotiations at Brest-Litovsk.

HANDS ACROSS THE SEAS

[Copyright: 1918: By John T. McCutcheon.]



THE WEATHER.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 11, 1918.

Sunrise, 7:17; sunset, 4:39. Moon sets at 4:41 p. m. Sunday.

Chicago and vicinity—Snow and colder Friday; temperature below zero Friday night; Saturday probably fair, continued cold; fresh, northwest winds.

Illinois—Snow and much colder Friday; severe cold at night; Saturday probably fair; continued cold; fresh northwest winds.

TRIBUNE BAROMETER.

TEMPERATURE IN CHICAGO. [Last 24 hours.]

MAXIMUM, 2 P. M. 22
MINIMUM, 6 A. M. 10

3 a. m.	13	11 a. m.	18
4 a. m.	12	Noon	18
5 a. m.	11	1 p. m.	20
6 a. m.	10	2 p. m.	22
7 a. m.	10	3 p. m.	22
8 a. m.	11	4 p. m.	21
9 a. m.	13	5 p. m.	18
10 a. m.	17	6 p. m.	18
7 p. m.	18		
8 p. m.	17		
9 p. m.	17		
10 p. m.	17		
11 p. m.	16		
Midnight	15		
1 a. m.	14		
2 a. m.	13		

Mean temperature for 24 hours to 7 p. m., 16; normal for the day, 24. Deficiency since Jan. 1, 92 degrees.

Precipitation for 24 hours to 7 p. m., 0 inches. Excess since Jan. 1, 1.42 inches.

Highest wind velocity, 14 miles an hour, from N. W. at 2:39 a. m.

Relative humidity, 7 a. m., 66; 7 p. m., 61.

SHIPPERS' ADVICES.

Special Forecast for Shipments Within Radius of 500 Miles.

Protect shipments to reach destination by tomorrow night from temperatures as follows: North and west, 10 to 20 degrees below zero; south, 10 below to zero; east, 5 below to zero.

YESTERDAY ELSEWHERE.

	Temp., 7 p.m.	High.	Low prev. night.	
New York	28	34	20	Cloudy
Boston	28	30	20	Cloudy
Washington	28	32	24	Clear
Minneapolis	6	0	0	Snow
San Francisco	64	64	50	Clear
Galveston	58	58	54	Clear

RUSSIANS READ WILSON'S WORDS ON BILLBOARDS

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—[Special.]—Edgar G. Sisson, formerly city editor of THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, is directing the dissemination throughout Russia of President Wilson's propaganda designed to counteract German influences.

Mr. Sisson, who came to Washington last spring as associate chairman of the committee on public information, was sent to Russia by the president two months ago. The first reports of his activities have just reached Washington.

Mr. Sisson found at once that only a small fraction of the people could be addressed through the Russian press. He, however, hit upon the scheme of erecting giant billboards in cities and villages, whereon he caused to be inscribed passages from the president's speeches on the war and particularly on the friendship of the American republic for Russia and the dangers of German designs upon the Russian nation.

Mr. Sisson's billboards, it is reported, created a sensation throughout Russia. They were surrounded by crowds from the start, the literate peasants reading the inscriptions to their illiterate brethren.

Moving pictures also are being utilized to spread American doctrine.

HEATHEN CHINEE STILL PECULIAR

Three Charge Fourth with Novel Graft on Draft.

Well, war had been declared, and it began to appear as if three Chinese laundrymen who operate at 946 West Madison street, would have to wrap up the soap and yoicks! and away to the trenches. Look Long, Look Mum, and Liah Sam were just as happy as if they'd caught the measles.

But look you, who comes here. It is none other than Francis H. Williams, than whom no Mongolian ever tossed a wickeder sartorial embellishment. With his American name, faultless English, and Parisian savoir faire, Francis H. was about the flossiest cosmopolite who ever deserted the Shanghai past for the occidental present.

Now, these four came to Judge Scanlan's court yesterday. Francis H. came as defendant and the others to complain. Won Chung would have been there, but he sandaled quietly out of town when the bad news came.

The Trouble Made Clear.

"Francis H.," said Assistant State's Attorney Prystalski, who is prosecuting, "told these other Chinese boys that he had a pull with the government and for a mild fee he could fix things so they wouldn't have to go to war, but would escape the draft."

Sly Francis H. It was that slippered rogue Won Chung who introduced him to the brothers Look and Liah Sam. He is alleged to have told them of his drag with the White House with such fluency that Look Mum put $25 in his palm. Liah Sam was so relieved he shoved his whole estate, $75.

It is now charged that Mr. Williams communicated with the secretary to Senator James Hamilton Lewis and begged the favor of three passes to the senate gallery for his friends.

Gets Official Stamp.

Thus it was in due time Messrs. Look Long, Look Mum, and Liah Sam received each an official envelope bearing the mark of the franking privilege and containing a card with this legend:

"United States senate, Washington, D. C. Right reserved section, fourth session," and it carried the facsimile signature of Senator Lewis.

But Won Chung, says the state, slippered in again. He pointed out the vast advantages of being thus favored of the gods in Washington and emphasized the point that this advantage had been gained as a special favor to Mr. Williams, who, in a manner of speaking, was no slouch with the administration. Look Mum kicked in, as they say, with $20 more. That was when Won Chung found it convenient to trickle away.

The next day came a summons from the draft board for the Looks and Liah to appear. Naively they reported and produced their ancient passes to the United States senate. Nelson A. McCleary asked a few questions and called a policeman. Trial was set for Jan. 24

THE WAR

Berlin claims repulse of British attack; asserts foe lost 119 airplanes and nine balloons in December.

Paris claims repulse of foe raids against Coucy forest. Artillery active near Vauxaillon.

London reports losses inflicted on enemy in raids on west front.

Berlin quotes Austrian report of repulse of Italians.

Rome reports artillery active east of Brenta.

WOMAN TALKS TO JACKIES; IS HELD FOR QUIZ

A woman, accused of beguiling jackies to rooms in various parts of the city was arrested in a restaurant at Fifth avenue and Madison streets early this morning by R. C. Brown, chief master at arms, who commands the naval police in the loop.

She gave the name Helen Bishop. She is described as a brunette of striking appearance. Jackies had reported spending hours in her company, during all of which she is said to have plied them with questions about where they came from, whither they were going, conditions at the training station, and kindred matters.

She said she lived with a sister at 819 West Thirty-sixth street. In her pocketbook was found a Morrison hotel key and detectives were sent to search her room there. She was locked in the woman's annex of the South Clark street station.

ARMY BLUNDER SENDS SOLDIERS TO WRONG TOWN

Fort Wayne, Ind., Jan. 10.—[Special.]—The arrival here of several officers and enlisted men seeking an aviation camp has revealed another army blunder, recalling the case of the "phantom" camp at Rariton, N. J., where a large number of young soldiers, going there on orders, found no camp at all.

An order issued to aviation recruits at Camp Custer and in Chicago instructed them "to report to the aviation training depot at this city.

When the men got here, they found no aviation training depot here. Later they found that Fort Wayne, Detroit, was meant.

Several Chicago men received cards signed by Lieut. Col. Winston directing them to go to Fort Wayne, Ind.

Negroes Driven to Jail in Big, Black Hearse

Policeman Michael Ahern commandeered a hearse yesterday, loaded two Negro prisoners into it, and accompanied them to the lockup.

Edward Shodd of 3146 Federal street protested against entering the hearse, according to the police, saying "it's dead bad luck, officer—I just know something is going to happen."

His belief in signs proved correct. Judge Dennis Sullivan a short time later fined him $10 and costs.

BRITISH LORDS BACK SUFFRAGE

Amendment to Exclude Women from Voting Loses, 134-69.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The house of lords today rejected Lord Loreburn's amendment to the representation of the people bill, by which it was sought to exclude women from the suffrage. The vote against the amendment was 134 to 69.

Bill Reveals Opposition.

The new franchise bill before the house of lords revealed strong opposition to woman suffrage. Earl Loreburn moved to omit the clause from the bill giving women the parliamentary vote. After a two days' debate the amendment was rejected.

The debate showed one important convert to the women's cause in the bishop of London. But Earl Loreburn, the Marquis of Lansdowne, Baron Finlay, and Earl Curzon strongly opposed placing the names of 6,000,000 women on the voting register.

Doubt Right to Decide.

They argued that the present house of commons, which had been extended beyond its natural life owing to the war, had no mandate to decide such a momentous question. Moreover, it was illogical, if the vote was given, to stipulate the age of 30 years as a qualification.

Lord Curzon argued that wherever women had been granted the vote a stimulus had always been given to socialism.

U. OF C. IS GIVEN $300,000 BUILDING BY F. H. RAWSON

Real estate valued at $300,000 was transferred to the University of Chicago yesterday by Frederick H. Rawson, president of the Union Trust company, to provide funds for the construction of the Rawson laboratory for higher medical research on the site of Rush Medical college at Harrison and Wood streets. The property transferred is at the northwest corner of Van Buren and Sherman streets, 75x100 feet, with a two story store and office building.

Mr. Rawson's gift was announced a year ago. It was made in accordance with the wishes of his father, the late S. W. Rawson. The university was offered either the cash or the property and chose the property.

German Prisoners Lose Pay by U. S.; Own Nation Fails

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—[Special.]—Failure of the German government to agree to pay American army officers taken prisoner the pay given officers of similar rank in the German army, resulted today in the American government cutting off payment to all German officers held prisoners of war in this country, it was announced at the war department.

ANTHONY BILL PASSES; NOW GOES TO SENATE

G. O. P. Is Praised by Women for Victory.

(By a Staff Correspondent.)

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—The Susan B. Anthony amendment to the federal constitution granting suffrage to women was approved by the house of representatives tonight by a vote of 274 to 136. The amendment now goes to the senate.

The suffragists had not a single vote to spare, although Speaker Clark, who did not vote, in accordance with custom, would have cast a vote in favor of the amendment and saved it from defeat had it lacked one vote of the required two-thirds majority. Two-thirds of those voting today was 274.

G. O. P. Vote Favorable.

The Republicans were chiefly responsible for the vote that carried the resolution proposing to submit to the states the suffrage amendment. There were 165 Republicans voting for it and only 33 against.

Despite President Wilson's announced conversion to national suffrage last night and his advice to members to vote for the resolution, his fellow Democrats in the house were about evenly divided, 104 voting for and 102 against the resolution.

Wilson Conversion Helps.

Both suffrage organizations credited President Wilson's change of attitude with making victory possible. Fifteen southern Democrats who voted against national suffrage two years ago voted for it today, influenced apparently by the president. For the bulk of the vote in their favor, however, the suffrage organizations thanked the Republicans.

A number of members are competitors for the honor of casting the single vote necessary to achieve victory for the women who have worked for national enfranchisement for forty years.

Mann Quits Hospital.

James R. Mann of Illinois, the minority leader, left Johns Hopkins hospital at Baltimore this afternoon and journeyed to the capital, arriving less than an hour before the roll was called. He showed the effects of his illness, chiefly in loss of weight, as he walked into the chamber amid an affecting demonstration of welcome.

All members on both sides of the chamber arose and applauded for several minutes while Mr. Mann took his seat, with colleagues trooping about him, wringing his hands.

"We are all glad to have Mr. Mann back," Speaker Clark said as the debate was resumed.

Mr. Mann did not feel strong enough to speak, but he cast a badly needed vote. He will return to the hospital tomorrow.

Barnhart Also Hero.

Representative Barnhart of Indiana also left a hospital, where he was operated on for appendicitis last Saturday. He voted for the amendment and returned to the hospital.

Representative Sims of Tennessee attended and voted for the amendment, although he was ill and had announced that he would be carried to the chamber on a stretcher if necessary. Representative Drukker of New Jersey, op-

FOR AND AGAINST SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT

The Roll Call in the House

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Following is the result of the roll call on the constitutional amendment for universal suffrage:

FOR AMENDMENT.

DEMOCRATS.

Alexander, Ayers, Barkley, Barnhart, Beakes, Beshlin, Blanton, Booher, Borland, Brodbeck, Brumbaugh, Byrns [Tenn.], Caldwell, Campbell [Pa.], Cantrill, Caraway, Carew, Carter [Okla.], Church, Connally [Tex.], Connelly [Kas.], Cox, Crosser, Dale [N. Y.], Decker, Denton, Dickinson, Dill, Dixon, Dooling, Doolittle, Drane, Eagan, Evans, Ferris, Fields, Fisher, Flynn, Foster, Gallagher, Gallivan, Gandy, Garrett [Tex.], Goodwin, Gregg, Hamill, Hamlin, Hastings, Hayden, Heivering, Hensley, Hilliard, Igoe, Jacoway, Johnson [Ky.], Jones [Tex.], Keating, Kelly [Pa.], Ketner, Lea [Cal.], Linthicum, Littlepage, Lobeck, Lunn, McAndrews, McClintic, McKeown, Maher, Mays, Neely, Oldfield, Oliver [N.Y.], O'Shaunessy, Phelan, Rainey, Raker, Romjue, Rubey, Rucker, Russell, Sabath, Scully, Sears, Shackleford, Shellenberger, Sherwood, Shouse, Sims, C. B. Smith [N. Y.], T. F. Smith [N. Y.], Stephens [Neb.], Sterling [Pa.], Sullivan, Sumners, Taylor [Ark.], Taylor [Colo.], Thomas, Thompson, Tillman, Van Dyke, Walton, Weaver, Welling, Wingo [Ark.] —104.

REPUBLICANS.

Anderson, Anthony, Austin, Bacharach, Bland [Ind.], Bowers, Britten, Browne, Burroughs, Butler, Cannon, Campbell [Kas.], Carter [Mass.], Chandler [N. Y.], Chandler [Okla.], Clark [Pa.], Classon, Cooper [O.], Cooper [Wis.], Copley, Costello, Cramton, Currie [Mich.], Dale [Vt.], Darrow, Davidson, Davis, Dempsey, Dennison, Dillon, Dowell, Dyer, Edmonds, Elliott, Ellsworth, Elston, Emerson, Each, Fairchild, B. L. [N. Y.], Fairfield, Farr, Fess, Fordney, Foss, Francis, Frear, Freeman, French, Fuller [Ill.], Glynn, Good, Goodall, Graham [Ill.], Green [Iowa], Griest, Hadley, Hamilton [Mich.], Hamilton [N. Y.], Haskell, Haugen, Hawley, Hayes, Hersey, Hicks, Hollingsworth, Husted, Hutchinson, James, Johnson [Wash.], Juul, Kahn, Kelley [Mich.], Kennedy [Ia.], Kennedy [R. I.], Kiess, King, Kinkaid, Knutson, Krause [Ind.], La Follette, Langley, Lehlbach, Lenroot, Little, Lundeen, McArthur, McCormick, McCulloch, McFadden, McKenzie, McKinley, McLaughlin [Mich.], Madden, Magee, Mann, Mapes, Mason, Merrett, Miller [Minn.], Mondel, Moores [Ind.], Morgan, Mott, Nelson, Nicholls [Mich.], Nolan, Norton, Osborne, Parker [N.Y.], Peters, Platt, Porter, Powers, Pratt, Purnell, Ramseyer, Rankin, Reavis, Robbins, Roberts, Rodenberg, Rogers, Rose, Rowe, Rowland, Sanders [Ind.], Sanford, Scott [Ia.], Scott [Mich.], Scott [Pa.], Sells, Siegel, Sinnott, Slemp, Sloan, Smith [Ida.], Snell, Snyder, Steenerson, Sterling [Ill.], Stiness, Strong, Sweet, Swift, Temple, Templeton, Timberlake, Towner, Treadway, Vare, Vestal, Volstead, Waldow, Ward, Wason, Wheeler, White [Me.], Williams, Wilson [Ill.], Wood [Ind.], Woods [Ia.], Woodyard, Young [N.D.], Zihlman—165.

INDEPENDENTS.

Baer, Fuller [Mass.], London, Randall, Schall—5. Total—274.

AGAINST AMENDMENT.

DEMOCRATS.

Almon, Ashbrook, Aswell, Bankhead, Bell, Black, Blackmon, Brand, Buchanan, Burnett, Byrnes [S.C.], Carlin, Clark [Fla.], Claypool, Coady, Collyer, Crisp, Dent, Dewalt, Dies, Dominick, Doremus, Doughton, Dupre, Eagle, Estopinal, Flood, Gard, Garner [Tex.], Garett [Tenn.], Glass, Godwin, Gordon, Gray [Ala.], Hardy, Harrison, Harrison [Miss.], Harrison [Va.], Heflin, Helm, Houston, Howard, Huddleston, Hull [Tenn.], Humphreys, Jones [Va.], Kehoe, Key, Kincheloe, Kitchin, Larsen, Lazaro, Lee [Ga.], Lesher, Lever, Lonergan, McLemore, Mansfield, Montague, Moon, Nicholls [S. C.], Oliver [Ala.], Olney, Overmeyer, Overstreet, Park, Polk, Pou, Price, Quin, Ragsdale, Rayburn, Riordan, Robinson, Rouse, Sanders [La.], Saunders [Va.], Shirley, Sisson, Slayden, Small, Snook, Steagall, Stedman, Steele, Stephens, [Miss.], Stevenson, Tague, Talbott, Venable, Vinson, Walker, Watkins, Watson [Va.], Webb, Weltz, Whaley, White [O.], Wilson [La.], Wilson [Tex.], Wise, Young [Tex.], —102.

REPUBLICANS.

Browning, Crago, Dallinger, Focht, Garland, Gillett, Gould, Gray [N. J.], Greene [Mass.], Greene [Vt.], Heaton, Hull [Ia.], Kearns, Kreider, Longworth, Lufkin, McLaughlin [Pa.], Meeker, Moore [Pa.], Morin, Mudd, Paige, Parker [N.J.], Ramsey, Sanders [N. Y.], Stafford, Switzer, Tilson, Tinkham, Voight [Wis.], Walsh, Watson, [Pa.], Winslow [Mass.] —33.

INDEPENDENTS.

Martin [La.] —1. Total, 156.

The pairs which were made were:
Reed and George W. Fairchild (for) and Dunn (against).
Ireland and La Guardia (for) and Padgett (against).
Curry of California and Miller of Washington (for) and Holland (against).
Johnson of South Dakota (for) and Cooper of West Virginia (against).
Those absent or not voting were: Capstick, Cary, Drukker, Graham (Pa.), Heintz, and Hood.

Two Amendments Fail.

Two efforts were made to amend the resolution. Representative Moore of Indiana proposed that the ratification be by convention instead of by the legislature. This was defeated, 272 to 131. Representative Gard of Ohio proposed an amendment limiting the time to seven years, as in the prohibition amendment. This was defeated, 246 to 159.

The day was devoted to a somewhat tame debate, which was enlivened chiefly by the efforts of some Democrats to explain President Wilson's change of heart on the suffrage question. Again there were lamentations by some southern Democrats over the president's desertion of his repeatedly attested devotion to the states rights principle and the declaration of the Democratic national platform for state instead of national determination of the question.

Early Senate Vote.

In the senate an effort will be made by the suffragists to obtain early action. Four years ago the suffrage amendment commanded a majority of the senate, but fell eleven votes short of the two-thirds requirement.

Recent polls of the senate show that four converts must be made to insure victory. At present advocates of the equal ballot are seven votes short of two-thirds. A poll, made by Senators Curtis and Hollis, follows: For the resolution: Democrats, 25; Republicans, 7; total, 56. Against the resolution: Democrats, 26; Republicans, 10; total, 36. Doubtful: Republicans, 2. The seats of Senators Husting and Newlands are vacant.

Women Are Jubilant.

The suffragists were jubilant tonight, both organizations issuing congratulations on the victory. The women believe that the senate fight will offer a full test of the president's devotion to the cause he has embraced. He can swing enough Democrats to put through the amendment if he tries, the women say.

"I think I may justly claim for the Republican party chief credit in the victory today," Miss Rankin said. "It has been to Republican legislatures and to Republican leadership that women, apart from their own undaunted efforts, chiefly owe their enfranchisement in the suffrage states. Mr. Hughes more than a year ago, and Mr. Roosevelt even before, declared for the federal amendment. Today there were four independent, 106 Democrats, and 162 Republican votes for the amendment.

"We look to Republican senators to go on with the work. We are grateful to Mr. Mann, ill as he has been, for his presence and support."

Women, Women, Women.

At 10:30 o'clock, half an hour before the house convened, women occupied every seat in the galleries, every inch of standing room, except in the executive and diplomatic sections, and the space customarily granted men. When the house met only seventeen men had gained access to the chamber, outside of the men's gallery. Women arrived at the capitol two hours ahead of time. Hundreds filled the corridors all day trying to press close enough to catch a word.

Hundreds of them brought their knitting and sewing. Many a sweater, scarf, and glove was finished during the six or more hours of the debate. The scene varied only during the noon hour. Work bags and knitting needles were laid aside for luncheon. Hidden in a coat pocket, muff, or work bag were sandwiches and apples.

Guests of Clark.

Speaker Clark extended a personal invitation to suffrage leaders to occupy his tier of seats in the gallery. The party included Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the National American Woman Suffrage association; Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, honorary president; Mrs. Maude Wood Park, chairman of the congressional committee of the association, and Mrs. Helen H. Gardener, one of the vice presidents.

Other suffrage leaders, including some of the pickets, were scattered through the galleries.

Representative Rankin who had charge of the time on the Republican side wore a black silk dress. She laid a bouquet of yellow rosebuds and fern, tied with yellow ribbon, on the desk before her.

Prayer by Billy Sunday.

The session was opened with a prayer by Billy Sunday, a prayer in which the evangelist paid his respects to the enemy.

Representative Foster, Democrat of Illinois, reported the resolution providing a special rule to consider the suffrage amendment. He said it was voted out unanimously by the committee on rules. It was adopted by the house in less than an hour by an overwhelming vive voce vote.

Representative Cantrill, Democrat of Kentucky, was repeatedly jeered by the Republicans when he stated that he was one of the special committee of twelve which called yesterday on President Wilson when he announced his conversion to national suffrage. Evidently nettled by an outburst of cat calls and laughter, he turned to the Republican side and said:

"At no time, and on no occasion, am I ever ashamed to confer with Woodrow Wilson, and you will find that this house, at the close of today, will follow him."

Mr. Cantrill read the announcement of the president's position as made by the committee and said it was in the president's own language. He proceeded to read it while the Republicans roared with laughter.

Representative Moon of Tennessee, Democrat, refused to be converted by the president. He said that to vote for suffrage would mean that he must relinquish the principles of party.

"When we are in the throes of war," he said, "it is no hour to set this issue loose upon the American people."

Representative Campbell of Kansas, Republican, took the opposite view.

"We are about to vitalize and make real an old theory that government derives its just powers from the consent of the governed," he said. "The women have contributed their part to the success of right in this war. On every battlefield they have given their sons, and they are the men's inspiration. Behind the firing line they are contributing their strength for the success of the cause."

Lenroot a Convert.

Representative Lenroot of Wisconsin, Republican, announced that he had been converted to suffrage. He has opposed it heretofore, he said, because he did not think the states were ready and because the Wisconsin legislature had not taken action upon it.

Miss Rankin led the debate for the amendment, not, however, until Mr. Raker, chairman of the woman suffrage committee, was forced to yield the floor. Mr. Raker had planned to take first place, when Representative Walsh, Republican, of Massachusetts, who opposed the amendment, inquired:

"Would it interfere seriously with your plans if you were to let Miss Rankin open the debate?"

Visibly embarrassed, Mr. Raker took his seat.

"We are facing today a question of political evolution," Miss Rankin began. "International circumstances have forced this question to an issue. The nation has had a terrible shock. The result has been a sudden change in our national consciousness.

"Today we are mobilizing all our resources for the ideals of democracy. Something is still lacking in the completeness of our national effort. Is it not possible that the women of the country have something of value to give the nation at this time?

Stood Back of Men.

"They have stood back of the men. They have pioneered with them, rejoiced with them over their successes, and when they failed, encouraged them, and helped them to begin again. The women have done all that they were allowed to do; all that the men planned for them to do. But through all their work they have pleaded for the political machinery which would enable them to do more. Today, as never before, the nation needs its women.

"Are you gentlemen representing the south, you who have struggled with your Negro problem for half a century, going to retaliate after fifty years for the injustice you believed was done you so long ago? Have you not learned to be broad in dealing with another franchise that concerns the whole nation? The women of the south have stood by you in every trial. There are more white women of voting ago in the south than there are Negro men and women together:

"Our president has helped us by urging us to distinguish between the German government and the German people. Yet, as we learn to make this distinction for Germany, will not our minds revert to our own situation and be puzzled? How can people in other countries avoid stumbling over our logic when we deny the first step in democracy to our women?

"How shall we explain to them the meaning of democracy if the same congress that voted for war to make the world safe for democracy refuses to give this small measure of democracy to the women of our country?"

Speech by Raker.

Chairman Raker of the woman suffrage committee said women are able to meet all the qualifications of the states on suffrage. He said the president had been ready to approve the amendment for a long time.

"I was in conference with the president three weeks ago," Mr. Raker said. "He told me the same thing that he told the committee of congressmen yesterday. The president, the speaker of this house, hold their positions as a result of the votes of women. They realize that the Democratic party had voted for the people."

Representative Frank Clark, Democrat, of Florida, criticized the final stand by President Wilson on the suffrage amendment. He said he would like to follow the president, and considered himself a "lightninglike changer" when it became necessary, but that in this instance he could not depart from principle.

Chides Wilson for Change.

"President Wilson has on many occasions declared that while he favored woman suffrage," Mr. Clark said, "he considered it as a matter for state action. He made that statement no longer ago than 1916 to an audience in Denver, Colo. Why has he changed that position? After the last Democratic national convention the president was roundly scored by Mrs. Catt, president of the National Suffrage association. She referred to the Democrat platform adopted virtually at the command of President Wilson, which declared the states must settle the question. I say to you now, that no leader, be he Democrat or Republican, has the right to abandon his party."

"I am still standing by the president," Representative Hersey of Maine, Republican, said amid laughter. "Justice, long delayed, is here, and now he is standing by me. I shall vote for this amendment."

Standing of the States.

There are eighteen of the states that now have full or partial suffrage. These states have full suffrage:

ARIZONA,	NEVADA,
CALIFORNIA,	OREGON,
COLORADO,	NEW YORK,
KANSAS,	UTAH,
IDAHO,	WASHINGTON,
MONTANA,	WYOMING.

Illinois, Arkansas, North Dakota, Nebraska, Michigan, and Rhode Island have partial suffrage.

Ten other states have passed referendums on suffrage amendments: Iowa, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, West Virginia, Wisconsin, New Jersey, Tennessee, Missouri and South Dakota.

For the adoption of the federal constitutional amendment the legislatures of three-fourths of the states of the union must indorse it. That means favorable action must be taken in thirty-six states.

SAYS GERMANY FACES COLLAPSE

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 10.—Germany was never in such danger of collapse from internal and external difficulties as at present, says the correspondent in Germany of the Tijd in an analysis of the existing situation.

The political struggle concentrated around Foreign Secretary von Kuehlmann has been reflected in violent scenes in the main committee of the reichstag. Public action of the Socialist minority cannot longer be resisted, and even should militarism gain a temporary victory, the correspondent thinks, reaction will follow quickly.

Russia's example is said to already have infected popular and military circles.

The food question, national mourning, the dislocation of industry, the growing desire for peace, and fear of a new offensive on the west threaten to lead to a tragic phase if the negotiations at Brest-Litovsk fail, and in that case a domestic explosion is inevitable.

WHAT THEY SAY

Expressions by Suffrage and Anti-Suffrage Leaders on Passage of Amendment.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—Leaders of three women's organizations most closely connected with the event tonight discussed the action of the house on suffrage. Their expressions follow:

BY MRS. CARRIE CHAPMAN CATT.
[President of the National American Woman Suffrage association.]

It is an incomparable victory which tremendously gratifies though it does not surprise us. Not for a minute did we concede that the American congress would lag behind the parliaments of Europe in the making of democratic history. We turn now to the senate with complete confidence that our measure will be passed by that body within a short time. Then we shall start upon our campaign of ratifications, hoping that every state in the union will ratify and knowing that thirty-six will, New York among them. We expect that most of the 1918 legislatures—there are only a few in session this year—will dispose of the measure favorably at an early date.

BY DR. ANNA HOWARD SHAW.
[Honorary president of the National Woman Suffrage Association.]

When the name of Lincoln is mentioned today the first thought that enters the mind of the world is that he was the emancipator of the slaves. In future generations when the name of Wilson is mentioned the thought of the world will be that the women of the United States were enfranchised during his administration and largely through his assistance.

BY MISS ALICE PAUL.
[Chairman of the National Woman's Party.]

We rejoice—and for the moment that is all we do. With tomorrow we will begin to press for the immediate passage of the amendment through the senate. Four years ago we lacked only eleven votes in the senate. Our strength meanwhile has grown enormously and victory should be easy. It is not now a question of victory or defeat, but of how quickly we can secure the submission of the amendment to the states and begin our campaign for ratification. With the official support of every political party we believe that ratification will not require more than two years.

MRS. JAMES W. WADSWORTH JR.
[President of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage.]

We thank the men who stood by the principle of local self-government against the policy of surrender to suffrage threats and we are proud that there are still some American men who vote according to their convictions and not according to command.

We consider the result close in view of the pressure brought to bear on the members.

IN THREE MONTHS HE SAW ONLY ONE SOLDIER DRUNK

Drunkenness is extremely rare among American soldiers in France, according to Dr. William T. Foster, the president of Reed college, Portland, Ore., who is an investigator for the war council of the American Red Cross. He spoke last night before 250 delegates at the opening meeting of the convention of the Association of American Colleges in the Hotel La Salle.

"Take by the nape of the neck every one of the thousands of patriotic Americans who love gossip better than they do their country, make them sign and swear to the truth of every story they tell, and a profound silence will descend upon certain parts of this country," he said.

"On my way to Chicago I read of charges of drunkenness among American soldiers abroad. I was in France three months and I saw one lonely American soldier drunk. That was the day I landed. He landed the same day and got drunk between the time he got off the boat and the time he should have entrained. He is now back in the United States."

FRENCH SHELVE GEN. NIVELLE; FAILURES CITED

Former Army Chief Sent to Command Troops in Algeria.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—Gen. Robert George Nivelle has been appointed to command the army serving in Algeria. The appointment of Gen. Nivelle is considered by the newspapers as the commencement of reparation to the former generalissimo for the discredit into which he fell as a result of the April offensive.

Gen. Nivelle was in command of the French forces when the great offensive was launched against the Germans on a twenty-five mile front between Soissons and Reims in April, 1917. Although big gains were made by the French troops, there was much controversy over it. In the chamber of deputies it was discussed at length and many charges were made that the offensive had been checked and that the French had paid too dearly for the enterprise.

Called Real Success.

M. Ribot, then premier, acknowledged that the attack had been costly, but declared that instead of having been checked it was a real success.

Paul Painleve, the then minister of war, said he could not deny that serious faults had been committed and that the responsible chiefs, among them Gen. Nivelle, had been relieved of their commands. Nivelle was succeeded as commander in chief in May of last year, a little more than a month after the Aisne offensive, by Gen. Henri Philippe Petain, and placed in command of a group of armies.

NEARLY BROKE THROUGH.

It has been contended that the French forces in the Aisne battle had the Germans badly defeated and could have smashed through, forcing a general retirement on the entire western front. Recently it has been charged that Gen. Nivelle was forced to stop the French advance on orders from the minister of war when victory was in sight because of the protests of a number of deputies over the terrible slaughter of French troops. They had visited the front and had taken back to Paris alarmist reports of the casualties to the French.

The further claim has been made that the Germans were so alarmed by the French successes that orders had been issued for a general retreat to the Meuse river. The failure of the French to follow up their advance saved Von Hindenburg's lines north of the Aisne and his entire western front.

Big Italian Steamship Sunk by German U-Boat

New York, Jan. 10.—The big Italian steamship Milazzo, 11,477 tons gross register, was sunk during the early part of December by a German submarine while the ship was in Mediterranean waters, according to word received in shipping circles here today. No lives were lost. The vessel was practically new, having been launched in 1916, and while originally intended for passenger as well as freight traffic was employed entirely for freight. It was owned by the Navigazione Generale Italiana.

Germans Will Deport 400 French Women; 'Reprisal'

LONDON, Jan. 10.—A German official statement, according to an Amsterdam dispatch to the Central News, says:

"As a reprisal for the retention of inhabitants of Alsace-Lorraine against the law of nations, 600 French will be conveyed to Russia from Jan. 6, and within a few days 400 French women will be sent to the camp at Holzminden [Duchy of Brunswick]."

ROTARIANS SHOUT 'NO!' TO IDEA OF DOUBTFUL PEACE

Insull Arouses Club to Outburst at a Dinner.

Samuel Insull, chairman of the State Council of Defense, last night aroused the members of the Rotary club to a high pitch of martial enthusiasm. They were present at the club's annual dinner at the Congress hotel.

"Would it be possible that the United States would be satisfied with an inconclusive peace?" Mr. Insull asked.

"No!" was the answer that came in a roar.

"Is there any reason for the pessimism that has swept over this country like a wave since Russia broke down?"

"No!" came the answer again.

"Can it be possible that the German hordes could overrun the western front with the armies of Britain, France, and Belgium standing stanchly there before them?"

"No!" rang the chorus.

Allies are Represented.

Mr. Insull was the principal speaker at the dinner which was an "international night." Several consuls of the allied nations spoke. The national airs of the allies were played.

Mr. Insull's stirring questions came after a review of the work of the State Council of Defense and a statement of its hopes for even greater success than has rewarded its efforts up to the present. But he said he could not avoid some references to the war situation as a whole.

"This war has got to go on," he said, "until the United States and the allied nations have enforced respect for an established obligation. Peace proposals will not for one moment stop the United States and will not wean us away from that one great object—the determination to compel respect for an obligation entered into whether it is entered into with one of the greatest nations of the world or with one of the smallest."

Praise for Women.

Mr. Insull had praise for the cooperation given the state council by the women, particularly in respect to food control.

"Unless the people of the United States can learn to use food that is not necessary for shipment overseas," he said, "and to save the food that should be shipped, this war is likely to be lost by that one thing alone—the failure to feed the peoples of Europe."

Horace D. Nugent, consul general of Great Britain, also praised the part taken by women in the war. He told of the active participation of 5,000,000 British women in war work.

WOLF AT ALLIES' DOOR; U. S. PLANS TO SPEED FOOD

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—Ship losses and crop failures abroad have brought about such a serious food situation in the allied countries that the United States is planning to release for export an additional 90,000,000 bushels of wheat, although the country's export surplus had been shipped by mid-December.

The American people will be asked by the food administration to cut their consumption to make up the amount to be exported. Unless they do the nation is threatened with a flour shortage in May before the new wheat crop is harvested in June.

The food administration is considering legislation to make the saving of wheat compulsory and has approved a bill drawn by Representative Lever, author of the food control bill, to enforce wheatless days.

OCEAN STEAMER ARRIVALS.

Arrivals at Atlantic and gulf ports: Alliance, Augusta, Blaamyra, Baron Napier, British Empress, Bayrnano, Bayritano, Caloria, Chalmette, Celba, Champlain, Carlisle Castle, Cubadist, Eurydams, Florizel, Guantanamo, Glove, Helder, Herakles, Long Branch, Metapan, Mundelita, Manxman, Messina, Mexicano, Margaret, Nicholas, Cuneo, Ninian, North Land, Oanfa, Pearl Shell, Parismina, Pennsylvania, Roselands, Silverlip, Skogland, Sosua, Shinbu Maru, San José, Tiger, Tabor, Thyra S., Wildfgl, War Rose, schooners Charles Whittemore, James M. W. Hall, Jubilee, Luna, U. V. Drew.

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We are offering among other things, some particularly fine overcoats, Carr Meltons and Crombies. Also some very fine silk lined suits.

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THE raison d'etre of Frederic's jewelry is to add to a woman's charm. Distinctive designs emphasize personal attractions, or make more effective a becoming costume.

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Ulsters & mackinaws for boys or girls

OUR fifth floor is for boys; for boys' suits, overcoats, mackinaws; for everything that a boy wants. This year both our ulsters and mackinaws are so very good looking, so very stylish with their lively military lines, that we've been selling them to girls and young ladies. They look mighty well in them, too; very smart. Special values now at
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COAT SALE!

2-Day Selling Sensation

SENSATIONAL price reductions for two days.—Prices have been reduced so that we believe that all of our coats will be cleaned out by next Saturday night. This sale will be held in both our Stevens Building Shop and our Mentor Building Shop. Hundreds of garments, all priced far below standard values, give the smart shopper unparalleled opportunity to save. These prices cannot be equaled anywhere in Chicago! Come early.

Coats of Burella and Velour, very smart models, in all sizes, previously sold for up to $19.75, have been specially selected for quick clearance at the exceptionally low price of $10

Coats of Silvertone Burella, Kersey and Velour, with big collars, novel belt effects and smart button trims, full lined and interlined, high grade garments in every respect, values ranging up to $28.50, at..... $15

Coats of Velour, a large assortment, including every popular model in demand this year, affording a choice of many colors and trimmings, values up to $23.50, specially priced at..... $12.75

Coats of Loupine, Duvet-de-Laine, Velours, Burellas, and many novelty materials, some models fur trimmed, all full lined garments of distinctive appearance, perfect in every respect, to clear at $18.50

Striking values in Suits and Dresses still remain in both our shops. Exceptional showing of Blouses, in many novel fabrics and colorings.

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GERMANS WANT SWEDEN TO HELP IN PEACE PLANS

Russia Signs Agreement with Bulgarians to Quit the War.

BULLETIN.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 10.—The German delegations in Petrograd are reported by the Evening Post to have got in touch with the Swedish legation here and to have expressed a desire that Sweden act as go-between with Great Britain, France, and Italy.

The German delegations in Petrograd were sent to take up with the Russians questions such as resumption of commercial relations and release of certain classes of prisoners. So far as is known they were not charged with political affairs, and in ordinary circumstances the German government would not employ such agents in seeking Sweden's services as mediator.

Negotiations would be carried on directly with the Swedish minister at Berlin or through the German minister at Stockholm.

BERNE, Switzerland, Jan. 10.—A separate peace agreement has been signed by Russia and Bulgaria, the Bund reports.

A Bulgarian correspondent of the Bund says Premier Radoslavoff read the following dispatch from Brest-Litovsk in parliament:

"War between Russia and Bulgaria ceases. Diplomatic and economic relations between Russia and Bulgaria are resumed. Russia recognizes Bulgaria's right to nominate a delegate to an international Danube commission. The first peace is thus concluded with the consent of Bulgaria's allies."

The Bund says Bulgaria has appointed a minister to Petrograd and a consul general to be stationed at Odessa, and has ordered the resumption of navigation to Odessa.

Land Question No Barrier.

Bulgaria took part with Germany, Austria, and Turkey in the first negotiations at Brest-Litovsk and it has been assumed that no peace terms would be agreed to by the central powers except in concert.

King Ferdinand of Bulgaria is credited with opposing the formula of peace without annexations or indemnities, declaring Bulgaria should retain the territory it had won. This would not interfere with a peace between Russia and Bulgaria, however, inasmuch as the territory Bulgaria desires consists of parts of Serbia and Roumania.

Premier Radoslavoff was quoted in a Sofia dispatch last month to the effect that Bulgaria had accepted the Russian proposals, providing for ending the war, restoring commercial treaties in effect before the war, and settling the Danube question.

Negotiations Are Resumed.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 10.—Peace negotiations at Brest-Litovsk were resumed Wednesday noon, according to the Cologne Gazette today.

Russians Ready to Continue.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 10.—The Russian delegation at Brest-Litovsk has announced its readiness to continue the peace negotiations at that place, according to the latest information received here.

Trotzky Insists on Stockholm.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 10.—Earlier reports of the first session of the peace negotiations at Brest-Litovsk when they were resumed on Tuesday, say that Leon Trotzky, Bolshevik foreign minister, insisted upon the removal of the conference to Stockholm. He is reported to have told the German and Austrian delegates that if they did not accede to his request they would feel the weight of the arms of the Russian democracy and the weight of the voice of their own democracies.

The Evening Post says the Germans did not refuse to continue the negotiations but that it was not specified where they would take place.

The Russian delegation at Brest-Litovsk includes, in addition to Trotzky, who is serving as its president, one woman, Mme. Bithenko, a former exile, and M. Joffe, M. Kameneff, M. Pokrovsky, and three counselors.

TOO MANY COOKS DON'T SPOIL THIS BROTH

Governor Is Interested Spectator at Demonstration by Normal School Students at Patriotic Food Show.

Gov. Frank O. Lowden and Samuel Insull

TYRANNY DEALT HARD BLOW IN U. S. WAR AIMS

Balfour Sees America as Strong Guardian of the Future.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Addressing a war aims meeting at Edinburgh tonight, Arthur J. Balfour, secretary for foreign affairs, referring to President Wilson's "magnificent pronouncement," said:

"The United States now has for the first time in its history entered the great struggle of civilization against barbarism, of freedom against tyranny. I do not think that these new views on coöperation in the new world could have been introduced in a nobler manner than they have been introduced in the public pronouncements of President Wilson.

"Yesterday's, I think, was the greatest he has made. Never did a great nation have its cause put more clearly, more eloquently, or on broader lines, and if the spirit which has animated his public statement is the key to future American policy, we may truly say that we have as guardians of the future and of the great cause at stake in this war perhaps the greatest and most powerful of those communities which modern development has brought to the front to lead in the progress of humanity.

Not War of Selfishness.

"I think that the day America entered the war was one of the most important in the annals of mankind. But it must be remembered that the pronouncements of Premier Lloyd George and President Wilson contain nothing that was not implicitly stated in the utterances of other statesmen, including the late premier.

"The spirit that has animated Britain and her allies has undergone no profound modification. We did not enter the war for selfish motives, and we are not going to fight to the finish for selfish motives. I can see little improvement in the attitude of the central powers, except that they now admit it might be better for mankind if in the future wars were averted.

"That shows some improvement in the moral tone of the Germans, but so far as I can understand German pronouncements they have not begun to understand the moral horror which their procedure has instilled even into the most recalcitrant students of German methods and aims.

The League of Nations.

"As to Belgium, Germany has unhesitatingly and absolutely rejected that she should do something to reconstitute what she, against all international morality, has utterly destroyed.

"With a power like Germany lacking morality none of the objects mentioned by the premier and President Wilson can be realized. I am not going to discuss whether a league of nations has reached the stage of being a practical ideal. While I recognize the difficulties it would be mean and cowardly to shrink from them. I hope the world at large will take that great problem in hand and see it through.

"If we are going to have a league of nations in order to render international relations stable and secure peace we must have international relations based on a stable foundation. Only this would make the league effective.

What German Peace Means.

"If a German peace were made we should have all over Europe centers from which morbid effects would flow—France with the great wrong of Alsace-Lorraine unredeemed; Poland a maimed community, and Italian unity imperfectly accomplished.

"A German peace would not leave the world as the war found it, but far worse. All the horror we have suffered would not be equal to the horror that would fall upon us, our children and our grandchildren if the war should end with a German peace."

GOVERNOR FINDS FOOD SHOW ALL HE CAN TAKE IN

Tries to Sample 322 War Dishes, but Has to Quit.

BY MARGERY CURREY.

Poor Gov. Lowden! There are 322 recipes in the official cook book sold at the Patriotic Food show, and the governor affably nibbled at the finished product of scores of 'em during the two hours of his visit to the show yesterday afternoon. Then, too, he tasted of dehydrated carrots, honeyed orange peel, nut margarine on a cracker, campestris salad dressing and the famous whale potpie, leaving the impression at each booth as he left that there, indeed, were the most delectable goodies of the show to be found.

He had a great time. He met scores of people he knew, from the moment that he and Mrs. Lowden and their daughter, Florence, were met at the door by Louis M. Stumer, chairman of the show, to his last chat with those at the official booth, explaining the objects of the food administration. And the governor's crowd was the largest that has so far flocked to the show about 22,000 for the day.

Praises the Show.

"This is a wonderfully beautiful, interesting, and instructive show," he exclaimed. "After looking over everything and seeing the hundreds of fine dishes to be used as substitutes for exportable foods, prepared by domestic science experts, I feel that there is no reason why any one in this country need go hungry so long as the war lasts—or ever afterward."

Mrs. Lowden and Miss Lowden went their own way at the show, having some special demonstrations to see. Both are accomplished cooks, and they were particularly interested in the demonstrations of war bread at the booth where Miss Emma Sparks of the University of Chicago shows a number of breads made with a minimum of wheat.

Continuous Lectures.

A special continuous lecture was given yesterday by Miss Frances Swain, head of the household arts department of the Chicago Normal school, who presides over the fruits and vegetables demonstrations. "There need be no substitutes at all for fruits and vegetables," said Miss Swain.

Miss Mamie Bunch of the University of Illinois, who is in charge of the protein section, holds demonstrations on milk, cheese, beans, nuts, lentils, and fish as meat substitutes.

"The sincerity and educational value of the demonstrations of this show make it one of the most valuable things of the kind that Chicago has known," said Mrs. James B. Herrick, who with Mrs. A. H. Granger has been in charge of those explaining the purposes of the federal food administration.

Miss Isabella Holt, chairman, and Miss Betty Hoyt, vice chairman, with a score of other society girls, will have charge of the sale of cook books today.

Evening Program.

The men of the family should not be the victims of experiments in cooking. This is what Miss Isabel Bevier, head of the home economics department of the University of Illinois, who spoke in the evening in the lecture hall of the Coliseum, warned her hearers. "Don't experiment on too many foods at once," said Miss Bevier. "Learn thoroughly how to make each new dish."

"This is not a capitalists' war," declared Victor A. Olander, secretary of the Illinois Federation of Labor, who was another speaker. "The boys of the Lake Shore drive are coöperating with the boys back of the yards to work out our victory on terms of equality," he said.

Dean Eugene Davenport of the University of Illinois said that for the first time in the history of this country our granaries are empty—that we must lay up a wheat reserve just as we have a gold reserve. Speaker David E. Shanahan of the Illinois legislature, presided.

FOOD SHOW

PROGRAM FOR TODAY.

11 a. m. to 11 p. m.—Continuous cooking demonstrations.

AFTERNOON—ANNEX HALL.

3:30—Jackie band concert.
4:00—Dr. Thomas G. Hull, U. S. food administration.
4:20—John Esten Bolling, U. S. department of agriculture.
4:40—R. I. Scoville, dairy division, department of agriculture.
5:00—Mrs. Clara Witt of Kansas City, Mo.

EVENING—ANNEX HALL.

7:00—Conference of librarians.
8:00—Jackie band concert.
8:20—Dr. Wilbur E. Post of Dr. Billings' Red Cross mission to Europe.
8:40—T. P. O'Connor, member of the British parliament.
9:00—Miss Mary McDowell, U. of C. settlement.
9:20—Lieut. Andrew E. Naismith, Canadian field artillery. L. E. Myers, chairman.

U. S. PEACE AIMS DO NOT REMOVE TARIFF REVENUE

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—[Special.]—President Wilson's inclusion of "the removal, so far as possible, of all economic barriers and the establishment of an equality of trade conditions among all nations consenting to peace and associating themselves for its maintenance" among the war aims of the United States did not mean the abolishment of tariffs for revenue, it was officially explained today.

The object of this clause in America's peace program is avowedly to eliminate the international jealousies and disputes arising from "favored nation" treatment, in addition to removing from the economy of the world a restriction which has proved itself to be injurious not only to foreign countries but also to the very country which erects barriers against other nations.

BOY CHOKES ON MEAT.

Benedetto Molinaro, 5 years old, 549 Taylor street, choked to death last night on a piece of meat. Dr. Rocco Nigro of 821 South Halsted street found the boy had enlarged tonsils, which, he said, probably caused the meat to stick in the throat.

BREAK UP NEW SPY FORMATION AFTER ARRESTS

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—Through intercepted communications and evidence found on twenty or more arrested aliens, government agents have discovered a concerted movement to reorganize German sabotage and anti-war propaganda in this country.

The movement was broken up and enemy activities now are believed to be confined to sporadic cases carried on largely by pro-German sympathizers without guidance from a central headquarters.

This was disclosed today by government officials, who declined, however, to give all the details. It is known that about thirty Germans and a few Scandinavians have been arrested.

Convict Lines Officials.

New York, Jan. 10.—Conviction of four officials of the Hamburg-American line, including Karl Buenz, managing director, on charges of violating the custom laws by sending supplies to German cruisers early in the war, was affirmed by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals here today.

Stenographer for McAdoo to Appeal Draft Verdict

Boston, Mass., Jan. 10.—It was indicated today that an appeal would be taken to the district board against the decision of a local draft board which denied deferred classification to Joseph M. Shaffer, personal stenographer to William G. McAdoo, secretary of the treasury and director general of railroads. Mr. McAdoo in a telegram made public here today said:

"I shall ask for Shaffer's exemption. He is indispensable to me in the difficult tasks now imposed upon me."

MARK L. REQUA SELECTED HEAD OF OIL DIVISION

John Lind Chosen to Aid in Mobilizing Labor for War Service.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—Mark L. Requa of Oakland, Cal., was today appointed head of the newly formed oil division of the fuel administration which will handle government control of oil. The first work will be an investigation of the entire petroleum situation.

The fuel administration, it is understood, has not decided yet how far it will go in controlling the oil. The food control bill, although it does not give authority to fix oil prices outright, as in the case of coal and coke, empowers the government to institute a licensing system.

It is probable that the subject of how far control will be exercised will be left largely in the hands of Mr. Requa, a mining engineer and an oil expert.

John Lind, former governor of Minnesota, will be one of the advisory commission to assist Secretary Wilson in mobilizing labor for war service.

It is understood Mr. Lind will represent the public on the commission, which will include also two representatives of labor, two of commerce and industry, and one economist.

FRANCE TO GIVE PEACE TERMS TO CHAMBER TODAY

PARIS, Jan. 10.—The government has accepted discussion of its diplomatic conduct of the war for tomorrow. This announcement was made in the champer of deputies today.

The Socialist Deputy M. Mayeras, expressed the hope that the government would make a definite declaration. He regretted that the French statesmen had allowed themselves to be anticipated by Premier Lloyd George and President Wilson.

The president of the United States he said, had once more spoken to the world as he would have liked France to speak. Victorious since the Marne, declared M. Mayeras, it was France's place to speak.

RAIL SITUATION GOOD; NO FEAR OF FUEL FAMINE

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—The railroad situation has improved under government operation sufficiently to guarantee that there will be no further coal famine in any part of the country this winter, Director General McAdoo was informed today by A. H. Smith, assistant in charge of transportation on eastern lines.

Local shortages will be inevitable under existing abnormal conditions Mr. Smith said, but indications are that no important industries will be forced to shut down because of lack of fuel, and householders will be supplied reasonably well.

JEWS TO START PALESTINE RULE NEXT PASSOVER

New York, Jan. 10.—[Special.]—The nucleus of the first Jewish government in Palestine will be in existence about Passover time in April, according to the prediction today of Jacob De Hass, secretary of the Provisional Zionist committee.

Mr. De Hass made this prediction in his address to the Greater New York campaign committee of the Palestine Restoration fund. This committee has undertaken to raise in New York one-half of the $1,000,000 asked from this country to send doctors and a commission to Palestine.

LABOR SUPPORTS WILSON'S TERMS TO BRING PEACE

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—In a message of greeting cabled to W. A. Appleton, secretary of the British Federation of Trades Unions, and other English laboring men who soon are to visit the United States, Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, declared today that the recent utterances of President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George regarding the war aims of the United States and the allies have expressed the "will and purpose of the workers of Great Britain and America."

Mr. Gompers also reiterated the determination of American workingmen to refrain from participation in any international labor conference until democracy shall have been established in Germany.

Lieut. Col. Judson Ordered to Return from Petrograd

PETROGRAD, Jan. 10.—Lieut. Col. William V. Judson, the American military attaché, has received orders from the United States war department to return to America. He will leave Russia within a few days, it was announced here.

Criticism in Washington followed an interview from Petrograd in which he is said to have informed the Bolsheviki on Dec. 2 that "America feels Russia is quite right in raising the question of a general peace." He was formerly United States engineer for the Chicago district.

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Shirts can be made at once for Resort wear or delivery can be deferred if desired. Naturally an early selection is advisable.
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$70.00 Green Velveteen fur-trimmed Suit..... $35.00
$100.00 Yukon Seal Plush Coat $57.50
$50.00 Plush Coat—belted model $27.50
$110 Pearl Gray Bolivia Coat, fur shawl collar..... $55.00
$55.00 Green Silvertone Cloth Coat $27.50
$30.00 Wool Velour Coat, broadtail cloth trimmed..... $19.75
$30.00 Taupe Wool Velour Coat, fur collar and around bottom, $29.75
$65.00 Coral Velveteen Fur Collar Evening Coat..... $35.00
$60.00 Black Broadcloth Coat, raccoon collar..... $30.00
$90 Wool Velour Coat, fur trimmed, FOR $45 — $60.00 Brown Satin Dress, now $29.50
$50.00 Gray Satin Afternoon Dress $24.50
$30.00 Navy Satin and Pearl Gray Georgette Dress..... $17.50
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SECRETARY BAKER AND CROZIER DISAGREE ON CONTRACTS FOR CANNON

U. S. DEPENDING ON ALLIES FOR POWDER IN 1918

Building a Government Plant; Expects Plenty of Ammunition.

(Continued from first page.)

done away with under reorganization of the department.

That there was nothing dishonorable in the base sorting plant contract for collecting wool clippings and that the contract was canceled because of the establishment of a government conservation department.

BAKER IS QUESTIONED

After Secretary Baker had read his formal statement regarding the achievements of the war department in preparation for war, he was subjected to rigid examination regarding complaints and criticisms, the committee being far from through when adjournment was taken for the day.

At the outset of the inquiry Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the committee, said:

"One of the criticisms against the ordnance department has been that, notwithstanding the fact that we were calling into the service a million and a half of young men, we abandoned the Springfield rifle, which was being manufactured by our own arsenals, and adopted the Enfield rifle, which was being used by the English forces, and which was being manufactured in large numbers here. It took some time to change and to adopt a gun of our own along the lines of the Lee-Enfield rifle, and they were manufactured by a slower process."

SECRETARY BAKER—That is perfectly true.

Claims Camps Are Supplied.

THE CHAIRMAN—A great deal of criticism has grown out of it because of the fact that the young men in the cantonments were without guns and are without them now.

SECRETARY BAKER—Not now, Mr. Chairman. They are adequately supplied.

THE CHAIRMAN—It has been done then within less than thirty days.

SECRETARY BAKER—Undoubtedly within the last thirty days.

SENATOR McKELLAR—Gen. Crozier, as I remember it, testified that all those who need guns will not have them until Feb. 15.

Not Quite Sure as to Rifles.

SECRETARY BAKER—I think he must have had in mind that the completion of the first draft would bring substantially 100,000 more men, but I understand the facts to be—and it is more or less immaterial—that every man now in camp in this country who ought to have a rifle has a rifle.

THE CHAIRMAN—You are sure of that, Mr. Secretary?

THE SECRETARY—I am not quite sure of it.

THE CHAIRMAN—I think if you had reports from the cantonment commanders that they would not bear you out.

SECRETARY BAKER—I have no desire to stress the point, Mr. Chairman. I think it is relatively unimportant.

THE CHAIRMAN—There is a grave difference of opinion, not only among army men, but among civilians as well. It is contended that these young men should have had the rifles, and the delay in furnishing them was caused by this change made by the ordnance department.

Approved Change in Rifles.

SECRETARY BAKER—I think the delay was caused by the change the ordnance department made. I personally approved the change. I think it acted rightly in so doing.

THE CHAIRMAN—I am not so sure. The members of the committee are radically at variance with you on that. In the last analysis, the guns were not furnished these young men.

SECRETARY BAKER—That is true.

THE CHAIRMAN—There is serious criticism of the ordnance department to the effect that there is hesitation, or, I may say, alleged inefficiency, which has caused many delays. For instance, when it was determined to change the British gun, the Enfield gun, and adapt it to the American ammunition, the engineers and big manufacturers got together, and in order to hasten the output determined upon seven interchangeable parts. After they had commenced to manufacture these guns with seven interchangeable parts they went into consultation with the ordnance department, which changed it to forty-four parts, and later to fifty interchangeable parts, which again delayed the matter.

Calls Changes Justified.

SECRETARY BAKER—I know that is substantially accurate. In view of the fact, however, that the supply of rifles is now much more largely interchangeable and is wholly adequate, fully anticipating the country's needs, I think any loss of time which brought a larger interchangeability of parts was justified.

THE CHAIRMAN—It goes only to the inefficiency, or alleged inefficiency, of the ordnance department.

SECRETARY BAKER—It is not inefficiency to change one's mind and get something better than you had previously determined upon. If the ordnance department had made up its mind upon its first hurried survey that there was not time to justify procuring interchange ability to a greater extent than seven parts, and later, upon fresh study, determined that there was time to secure larger interchangeability, that I should call efficiency rather than inefficiency.

"War Not on Us."

THE CHAIRMAN—With the war on and with these young men called to the service, there was such an emergency that it did not call for the highest type of gun.

SECRETARY BAKER—I respectfully dissent from that view. The war was not on us. The war was in Europe. We had more guns of the highest type that needed no respecification or redesign than could possibly be used on the highest percentage of allowance for wastage by all the troops that we could get to France in a year.

SENATOR WADSWORTH — You stated that the war was not on us. It is a fact, however, is it not, that the war was on us to a sufficient extent as to impel the government to send troops to France as fast as they could get them, and in their haste, due to the lack of rifles, men went on board transports without having fired a rifle?

"Enemy 3,000 Miles Away."

SECRETARY BAKER — Senator, there are truths in all the sentences you have uttered, but putting them together they do not picture the situation. I said the war was not on us in the sense that the enemy was not at our doors. He was 3,000 miles away. We had to send troops to where he was. There was an adequate supply of modern weapons for the troops that we could send. The fact that some troops went aboard the transports, as you say, who were not provided with rifles is true, and there will be some fresh men who still have to be trained, but the body of men who went away were, of course, men who had fired rifles.

SENATOR WEEKS—I think it is all a matter of judgment. Someone had to determine and you and the chief of ordnance came to a determination.

SECRETARY BAKER—The chief of ordnance came to me and explained his grounds and I approved them.

Scores Lack of "Pep."

SENATOR WEEKS—The very condition now in the ordnance department is explained by just what you have said. The fact that the war was not on us directly did not absolve us from any obligations to use the greatest haste possible in getting the armed men to the front, and the criticism has been made against the ordnance department, and it seems to me to have some reason behind it, that there has been too great a desire for technicality and too little "pep" in advancing the necessities of the army from that bureau.

SECRETARY BAKER—May I make this comment? To secure interchangeability of parts for fifty of the parts of a weapon as universally used as a rifle is not a technicality. This is an enormous advantage. Everybody will admit that if we could have sent to Europe only Springfield rifles completely interchangeable in every part it would have been a great advantage. One of the difficulties in conducting large operations of the kind we are now conducting is the number of repair parts necessary to repair the implements of war. If you have to have fifty sets of repair parts that are not interchangeable, you accumulate the intricacies that become complications and confusions at the supply depot.

"Only 7,000 Rifles a Day."

SENATOR WEEKS—Undoubtedly that is true, but we were faced by a condition, and one of the reasons was the English have made such enormous strides, is that they have refrained from demanding extreme technicality and have taken what they could get. That is one of the reasons why the English could obtain such large supplies in this country because they were not so very technical. Perhaps the chief of ordnance and yourself knew the situation better than others, but it does seem to me that the requirements should have compelled you to take advantage of every facility that was available to supply those things that could be supplied the quickest. There was at that time a manufacturing capacity in this country of 15,000 rifles a day. It was not taken advantage of, and it has not been taken advantage of; it is not being used today. We are only manufacturing at best 7,000 rifles. The question that arises in the minds of those who brought these matters to the attention of the military committee is whether sound judgment and proper activity has been shown in taking advantage of these methods of production which had been developed in this country.

SECRETARY BAKER — Senator, you realize this is a question of judgment. I ask permission to call your attention to the fact that the battle front was three thousand miles away.

Insists Better Rifle Necessary.

SENATOR WEEKS—I want to say that, to my mind, does not make any difference practically whether it was 5,000 miles away or one mile away. Our obligation was the same.

SECRETARY BAKER—Our obligation was the same; our obligation was to arm our men and make sure they were armed in time to be trained and adequately equipped as early as we could get them to the battle front. It does make a difference whether it is one mile or 5,000 miles. You can get your men one mile very quickly, but you can move them 10,000 miles very slowly indeed. I insist that there was no reason for arming troops, in view of those facts, with an inadequate and improper weapon.

SENATOR WEEKS—It was a weapon used by millions of men on the other side.

SECRETARY BAKER — Because they could not do better at the time.

What Were They Doing?

THE CHAIRMAN—This war was going on from August, 1914, to April 1, 1917, before we got into it. The ordnance department, through our military channels, must have kept in close touch with the European armies. They knew what weapons were being used in small arms and heavy ordnance. What steps were taken for the purpose of developing the class of guns that America should use in case she became involved in the war?

SECRETARY BAKER—I do not know. Gen. Crozier would be able to answer that better than I can. I have no doubt they had in mind the Springfield rifle.

THE CHAIRMAN—They knew we could not manufacture them in sufficient quantities. In other words, here was a great conflagration. Was the ordnance department, through that period of three years, when it could have been preparing, making plans and specifications for the development of proper guns?

SECRETARY BAKER—I should imagine not any more so than with respect to the Springfield rifle, which was the best gun.

Recalls Gerard's Warning.

SENATOR NEW—Mr. Secretary, you are acquainted with former Ambassador James W. Gerard. Did you know that in May, 1916, Mr. Gerard, in his official capacity as ambassador of the United States to Germany, notified this country that Germany would renew and continue her policy of submarine warfare?

SECRETARY BAKER—Senator, I cannot tell you whether I know that at that time or not. Any information I had on that subject was confidential.

SENATOR NEW—I agree with you absolutely. Here was a case of an official notice being given by the ambassador of the government to the administration. It would seem to me that that would at least form the basis of some definite steps on the part of the war department.

SECRETARY BAKER—As I have said to you, with great deference, I cannot discuss diplomatic relations between the German empire and the United States, or the effect of those relations upon the war department, but it is not to be forgotten that at the time to which you refer, and subsequently, this government was relying upon very definite and positive assurances from the German government that it would not do that thing.

SENATOR NEW—Here is the notice of our ambassador and the word of the German government was accepted as against his official advice. Was the word of the German government deserving of more credit?

Busy Studying the War.

SECRETARY BAKER—I had no part in the weighing of those relative values, nor have I any opinion to express on it now. You are perfectly aware that after representations were made by this government to the German government as to the illegality of the ruthless submarine warfare, the German government disavowed certain acts which had been theretofore performed by its commanders, and gave assurances upon which the senate, the house, and the president himself relied.

SENATOR NEW—And nothing was done by the war department at that time to prepare for eventualities?

SECRETARY BAKER—Quite the contrary, senator. The war department used every officer it had for a continuous study of the European war and in continuous perfection of the implements and devices, and it used every dollar which congress appropriated to buy the necessary implements with the single and solitary exception of the machine gun, for which we had not spent much.

No War Plans in 1916.

SENATOR NEW—Was anything done, Mr. Secretary, at that time to prepare the manufacturing energies of the country for the great strain and great tax upon its capacity?

SECRETARY BAKER—The Council of National Defense, of course, was then busy coördinating the industries of the country. If you refer to the ordnance department, assuming from that statement of Ambassador Gerard in 1916, that the United States would get into the European war, and you mean the ordnance department did things based upon that assumption which it would otherwise not have done, I think it is safe to say that is not the fact.

Hard to Get Workmen.

SENATOR WADSWORTH—At that time the Rock Island arsenal, so far as the manufacture of this rifle was concerned, was closed down and not producing a single rifle; and the Springfield arsenal was running very much below its capacity. The testimony before this committee shows that that condition continued for several months through 1916, after this warning came from Ambassador Gerard.

SECRETARY BAKER—That condition had nothing to do with Ambassador Gerard or with his warning. The condition was, as you have stated it. After congress made an appropriation for an increase in the supplies of rifles I took the matter up with Gen. Crozier several times. We had under consideration the question of increasing the Springfield rifles. As rapidly as expert mechanics could be secured they were employed, and two shifts were first instituted at Springfield, while Rock Island arsenal was opened. The difficulty which the ordnance department faced was in securing expert mechanics. At that time all these emergency plants and all the regular establishments in this country for the manufacture of rifles were working overtime on foreign orders, and the procurement of mechanics to fill up the supply of men who could make rifles at Springfield and Rock Island was difficult.

Some to Train Here a Year.

SENATOR KIRBY—Relative to the supply of rifles, which seems now to be adequate, it is not contemplated, as I understand, by the officials in charge of the department that all these men that we are now supplying with rifles can be sent abroad shortly; in other words, they contemplated a period of training that may reach to the extent of a year with the rifles that we now have?

SECRETARY BAKER—That is perfectly accurate. Every man sent to Europe is adequately armed, every man can be adequately armed, and the supply of rifles was enough to train every man who has or can be sent to Europe with rifles, and I make one further observation about it, that eight months after Great Britain went into the war Kitchener's army was still drilling in top hats, with walking sticks.

SENATOR WADSWORTH—You would not say that the Krag-Jorgenson in the training camps was a good rifle for training purposes, when, in fact, there is no ammunition supplied? Gen. Crozier's testimony was very clear on that point, that it was deemed inadvisable to issue ammunition for the Krag-Jorgenson rifle, it being unsafe, due to its great age.

News to Baker.

SECRETARY BAKER—I never heard that before.

SENATOR WADSWORTH—That was his testimony. It is a fact that the Krag-Jorgenson had no ammunition from the day it was issued to the troops and has not now, so it is not an adequate training rifle?

SECRETARY BAKER—It may not have been an adequate training rifle in the matter of marksmanship, but it is adequate for training in the matter of carrying the rifle and training in the manual of arms.

SENATOR WADSWORTH — The prime purpose of a rifle is to shoot, is it not?

SECRETARY BAKER—That is one of the purposes.

SENATOR WADSWORTH — Not even the primary purpose, necessarily. It has its bayonet purposes.

THE CHAIRMAN—I hope you are entirely correct about that, but I think if you will look into it a little you will find that it is absolutely true on the per capita basis, dividing the number of guns on hand into the number of men you have, but I think you will find there are still cantonments where young men have not guns.

Slow in Distribution.

SECRETARY BAKER—I think that is so. We are not at variance about that.

THE CHAIRMAN—Then there must be a lack in the distribution of them?

SECRETARY BAKER—Yes, they are slow in the distribution.

THE CHAIRMAN—I think you will find some of these cantonments are lacking at least 50 per cent of the guns necessary to train with.

SECRETARY BAKER—I cannot think that but it may be. I have not the means of saying it is not.

Discusses Machine Gun Delays.

THE CHAIRMAN—It seems this controversy that was waged over the character of machine guns that should be adopted was not adjusted until in May, 1917, or possibly later than that. Many of the witnesses who have testified here feel that there was delay in that, an unnecessary delay. Here was the Lewis gun that was being manufactured in very large quantities for the use of the British who had seventy odd thousand of them on the firing line; our troops were practically without machine guns, and it is felt by many, and so testified to, that the gun ought to have been manufactured, the one most readily capable of manufacture ought to have been put on the market for the training of the men at least.

SECRETARY BAKER—There was no delay after April.

THE CHAIRMAN—Yes, there was, Mr. Secretary. The board did not meet until May, some time.

SECRETARY BAKER—The board had nothing to do with it. After April and long before your committees had been able to deal with the estimates which the war department had made on the subject of machine guns, the full capacity of making machine guns of the Savage Arms company was ordered to go forward with the manufacture. The delay was this: When I became secretary of war I found several controversies, of which perhaps the longest continued and the most acrimonious and bitterly contested was the one affecting machine guns. When congress in August, 1916, made an appropriation of $12,000,000 for machine guns Gen. Crozier made a recommendation to use all that money, or the major part of it, to buy the heavy Maxim water cooled gun. I directed that one-half of that money be used for that purpose and that a board be assembled to pass upon the relative excellence, not only of the Bennet-Mercier, but of the Lewis machine gun, chambered for American ammunition. As a result of the British experience, which had led to a great development in their gun, and several other guns of which we had knowledge and that were in process of perfection, that (machine gun) board was appointed. As soon as it became apparent that we were in the war the board was asked to make a special report. They did make a special report, but at the time they made it the sum which had originally been appropriated was already under contract for every kind of machine gun we could get. The board went on with its question. With the solitary exception of the Marlin and the old fashioned Colt guns, we were using the full manufacturing capacity to make these guns while the board was experimenting and determining the excellence of newly devised weapons, and when the board made its report in July and brought in a report favoring the Browning gun, that simply added two new weapons; it was not a question of displacing any gun we could get, but adding two new weapons, one with a heavy and one of a light type. So the investigation and acquirement of guns were concurrent with the facilities in this country for all the machine guns we could get.

Admits Months of Inaction.

SENATOR McKELLAR—I will call your attention to the fact that Gen. Crozier's testimony, as I recall it, was that an allotment of the $12,000,000 was made by the ordnance department in December and that a contract was made thereafter sometime, I don't think it was stated when, for the Vickers gun, but that nothing was done except to wait on the board that had been appointed.

SECRETARY BAKER—That was true in December.

SENATOR McKELLAR—Well, that nothing was done between August and December?

SECRETARY BAKER—That is certainly true.

SENATOR McKELLAR — And it seemed to me, and I imagine to other members of the committee, that at such a time when we all knew that something was likely to occur to make guns necessary, that a delay like that was unreasonable.

Excluded the Lewis Gun.

SECRETARY BAKER—Well, it is a question of judgment. Gen. Crozier's recommendation was that that sum should be spent, as I recall it, the major part, for Vickers guns, and that of the residue a part should be spent in buying Colt guns, or at least that was his thought then about it. The board was called, its time of deliberation was extended in deference to the Lewis gun, which at that time had not been chambered for American ammunition so as to work successfully. In order to give its manufacturers plenty of time, I gave the board the power to extend the time of their tests, so that that gun might be produced before it, and also the Browning gun, which was in process of construction at the time. But the deliberations of that board never delayed for a second the buying of any machine guns after April or after the beginning of April. Never for a second. It did delay the buying of machine guns and the exclusion of the Lewis gun prior to April.

SENATOR McKELLAR—The fact remains that nine months after the war began in the greater portion of our cantonments those who had been designated to the machine gun service in the army have no machine guns with which to learn their business.

U. S. Needs 200,000 Guns.

SECRETARY BAKER—I would not say they have none. They have relatively few. I will ask you to remember in that connection two facts: the entire program for machine guns for the regular army and national guard in the United States, the largest program that has ever been submitted to congress by the general staff or approved by congress prior to this war emergency, was 12,000 machine guns. The demand of the country for machine guns, by reason of the development of the use of that weapon in this war, and hitherto unknown, is much more than 200,000 machine guns, and each one of them is a highly intricate piece of mechanism, which it requires a very long time to manufacture even in quantity manufacture, and a much longer time to prepare for quantity manufacture.

SENATOR McKELLAR — Do not those two facts which you mention make it all the more important, or did they not make it all the more important, that the department should have gotten machine guns from any source in order that our men in the camps would not remain in the camps without guns, to be trained.

Equipped with French Guns.

SECRETARY BAKER—All such questions are necessarily decided as a question of extreme speed and excellence. Those two things are at variance. Let us assume that we could have gotten larger supplies of Lewis guns. That does not at all necessitate a judgment of the wisdom of so doing. As a matter of fact, the machine rifle situation and the machine gun situation is an expert military question. There is active difference of opinion among military experts, first, as to the wisdom of water cooling as against air cooling, and, second, the weight of the gun which the individual soldier is to be equipped with. As a matter of fact, some members of the United States Marine corps, who had been sent to France fully armed with Lewis guns, have been disarmed of their Lewis guns by Gen. Pershing and rearmed with Chauchat automatic rifles, which are very much lighter, and Hotchkiss guns bought in France of the heavier type and corresponding to the Vickers-Maxim, so that the actual supply of Lewis guns sent to France in the hands of troops who were fully armed with them is now in reserve stock again and those troops have been rearmed with the Chauchat light and the Hotchkiss heavy rifle, because the theory of training and rifle practice which Gen. Pershing adopted uses a lighter gun than the Lewis and a heavier gun than the Lewis. And if the military experts adhere to that then the Lewis rifle will be used primarily for aircraft work and not at all for ground work with soldiers.

Nine New Guns Arrive.

SENATOR McKELLAR — Here is what seems to have been happening. This selection of a gun was delayed from Aug. 29, when $12,000,000 was appropriated by congress, until the following May before any gun was really adopted by our government, and now, since last May, when it was adopted, up until today we have none of the guns yet made. In other words, you adopted a gun that was, we hope, the most excellent gun in the world, but it has never been tried in the field; it is a new gun, and we hope it will mean all you say. I know I devoutly hope it, but you have not even got that gun; you have not any of those guns.

SECRETARY BAKER—A few. Nine this morning.

SENATOR McKELLAR — That is some improvement, but I am afraid we would not make much headway with the Germans with nine guns. It does seem to me we have not used all the expedition that we should have used in order to have guns manufactured.

SECRETARY BAKER—I want to repeat insistently but respectfully that the adoption of a machine gun by that board in July has nothing whatever to do with the supply of machine guns in the army. We adopted the Browning gun in July, 1917, and we may adopt another the day after tomorrow. If somebody would invent a better one we will adopt it as soon as its excellence is apparent.

No Recommendation by Pershing.

SENATOR FRELINGHUYSEN — I want to ask the secretary whether any recommendation has come from Gen. Pershing for the abandonment of the Lewis gun for ground work?

SECRETARY BAKER—None, at least not in that specific form.

SENATOR FRELINGHUYSEN — Has the war department inquired of Gen. Pershing as to the policy on the question of Lewis guns?

SECRETARY BAKER—The war department, of course, is daily in communication with Gen. Pershing on all these subjects, but just what is the state of his present opinion I do not know. But it would be immaterial, because Gen. Pershing's opinion may be changed from day to day. It may be one thing on Tuesday and may be another thing on Wednesday. The art of war is progressing. He may be for the Lewis gun today and may be against the Lewis gun tomorrow and for it the next day.

SENATOR WEEKS—Are you entirely satisfied with the progress that has been made by the department up to this time?

SECRETARY BAKER—Senator, I do not say the department might not have expedited some phases of its work.

Takes Up 9.5 Gun.

SENATOR WEEKS—I do not want to be petty about this in the slightest degree, but take the question of the 9.5 gun. We have adopted the 9.5 gun. Everybody has been using the other form of weapon. Is that good judgment, generally speaking?

SECRETARY BAKER—When this war emergency came we went forward with the manufacture of a gun which was already perfected as to its design and was in process of manufacture, one that was actually under construction, but we at the same time gave orders to all heavy ordnance makers in this country to make for us heavy guns of the British and French type, which they had in quantity manufacture at the time, so that we did not adhere to our standard weapon to the exclusion of getting all heavy ordnance we could of other types.

SENATOR WADSWORTH — Gen. Crozier has laid before the committee the artillery program and there is not contained in his statement of that program any mention of a heavy gun other than the American 9.5.

Oversight by Crozier?

SECRETARY BAKER—That must be an oversight, because I recall having talked with the general on the subject. He told me that 9.5 was then in manufacture, one I recall about to be delivered, but as the Bethlehem Steel company were actually manufacturing guns of about the same caliber for the British and French, he thought it wise for them to go forward with as much quantity manufacture as they could with duplicate French and British guns for us, which I approved.

SENATOR WADSWORTH — The point was brought out when Gen. Crozier was here that the French gun, of approximately 9.5 caliber, was so near the American 9.5 that it was decided and intended as to practically equal the 9.5 in efficiency, and that the ammunition, the shells, rather, for the French 240 mm. gun, which is

(Continued on following page.)

Charges "Steel Trust" Heads "Stung" U. S. for Ship Plates

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—Charges that "steel trust" officials blocked a plan by which the government was to get steel for ship plates at one-third less than it is paying were made before the senate committee investigating shipbuilding today by L. P. Featherstone, president of the Texas Steel company of Beaumont, Texas.

Featherstone proposed to sell to the government ore lands in Texas and coal properties in Alabama, and erect a steel plant at Beaumont to make steel ship plates at about $45 a ton as against $65 other steel companies are charging the government. His plan, he said, was referred by the shipping board to the Council of National Defense and thence to a sub-committee on which were Charles Schwab and other officials of large steel companies.

Tells of Turndown.

"They turned me down on the excuse that the government was not prepared to go into business for itself," Featherstone said. "I might not have expected anything definite from the crowd of dollar-a-year men who were beneficiaries of high prices."

"There has not been an independent concern in the United States large enough to permit the government to be free from the men who control the steel output," Featherstone continued, "since President Roosevelt surrendered to Frick and Gary and allowed them to take over the Tennessee Coal and Iron company."

He told the committee he believed it expedient for the government to take over the steel industry for the period of the war.

Speed Up Shipbuilding.

The drive for a general speeding up in the shipbuilding program is meeting with success, according to Chairman Hurley of the shipping board.

"The labor situation is showing a gratifying improvement," Mr. Hurley said today. "We have put 12,000 additional men to work in the wooden shipyards alone in the last ten days. We are urging every shipyard in the country to put on three eight hour shifts and we hope they will work Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays."

There has been a 62 per cent increase in the working force of 118 shipbuilding establishments, according to the latest report of the industrial service department to Chairman Hurley.

"There were 148 shipbuilding ways in this country in April when the Emergency Fleet corporation was organized," Mr. Hurley said. "Today there are 716 ways finished or under construction—95 per cent of this number are finished, and wherever completed keels have been laid."

Figures Living Costs.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 10.—In a statement supported by statistics, Edward L. Keenan, president of the Central Labor union, told the national shipbuilding labor adjustment board today that the head of a family of five must make more than $4.50 a day to support his family.

KILLED BY AIRPLANE

Pershing Reports Death of Soldier in Accident—Other Losses.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—Private T. H. Sharpe, United States signal corps, was killed in an airplane accident on Jan. 7, and another American was killed by asphyxiation, Gen. Pershing reported to the war department today.

Sharpe's father, L. K. Sharpe, lives at La Marque, La.

Deaths reported were:

Thomas Scott, asphyxiation, 167 Eleventh street, Portland, Ore.

Walter L. Fitzgerald, meningitis, 428 East Prospect street, York, Pa.

Jesse F. Bonham, pneumonia and measles, R. F. D. No. 5, Newark, O.

Harlan F. Parker, pneumonia, 704 North Ditision street, Creston, Ia.

BRIMSTONE

Billy Sunday, at Suffrage Session, Calls on Divine Aid to Overwhelm Germany.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—[Special.]—In opening the house session before the consideration of the suffrage amendment Billy Sunday called down punishment on the house of Hohenzollern and its subjects in the following prayer:

Thou knowest, O Lord, that we are in a life and death struggle with one of the most infamous, vile, crazy, avaricious, bloodthirsty, sensual, and vicious nations that has ever disgraced the pages of history.

Thou knowest that Germany has drawn from the eyes of mankind enough tears to make another sea; that she has drawn blood enough to redden every wave of that sea; that she has drawn enough groans and shrieks from the hearts of men, women, and children to make another mountain.

We pray thee thou wilt bare thy mighty arm and strike that great pack of wolfish Huns, whose fingers drip with blood and gore. We pray thee that the stars in their courses and the winds and the waves may fight against them.

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DECLARES ALL TROOPS SENT TO FRANCE ARE NOW FULLY EQUIPPED

SECRETARY SAYS U.S. BUYS ALLIED TYPES OF GUNS

Insists Men in Camps Are Adequately Armed for Training.

(Continued from preceding page.)

about the equivalent of a 9.5, will be made in this country in quantity production, and it ought to have been better to have taken the French gun, the 240 mm., confessedly as good or nearly as good as the 9.5, and made use of the capacity of our plants in this country already operating to make the guns, and we could get all the designs of the gun from the French. Instead of that, a 9.5 gun has been insisted upon by the ordnance department. It is like starting de novo, and we have to have a different shell for it; the ammunition is not interchangeable.

Disagrees with Crozier.

SECRETARY BAKER—I think you are misinformed about it. We are buying guns from the American manufacturers of the French design and caliber, and are getting, in addition to that production of our own, authorized and perfected type. The assistant secretary of war, who is here and who has had very special interest in this, assures me we are buying eight inch guns, which is not part of our standard, and also the 9.2 gun. What did Gen. Crozier say about that when you asked him that question?

SENATOR WADSWORTH—He intimated it might be wise to consider using the 240 mm gun, but said none was being made or purchased.

SECRETARY BAKER—He was not fair to himself because Gen. Crozier and I discussed the middle heavy type of ordnance, and it was perfectly understood that the full quantity productive capacity of the only two private ordnance plants in the country prepared to make that arm, should be used, and to use French and British designs rather than insist on our own type, but to go on with our own in addition.

SENATOR McKELLAR—As I understand, you are making all the American guns of that type that could be made, and in order to arm and equip our army at the earliest possible moment, you also ordered these other types?

SECRETARY BAKER—Exactly.

SENATOR McKELLAR—Which, I want to say, I approve of most heartily. I think you were doing exactly right about it, but why did that not apply to machine guns?

SECRETARY BAKER—It did apply. We did exactly the same, just exactly. It is a perfect parallel.

Depending on Allied Powder.

SENATOR WEEKS—Are all the facilities for the manufacture of ammunition available in this country being used?

SECRETARY BAKER—No, not all of them, senator.

SENATOR WEEKS—Are you getting all the ammunition you need?

SECRETARY BAKER—The deliveries of ammunition are beginning now in quantity production, very large orders have been placed, and adequate supplies of ammunition are easily in sight.

SENATOR WEEKS—What do you mean by "easily in sight"?

SECRETARY BAKER—I mean by the time we shall need them we shall have them; much before the time we shall need them.

SENATOR WEEKS—When do you think we shall need them?

SECRETARY BAKER—Under the arrangement which Gen. Crozier has described to you there is no immediate need of American made ammunition for heavy artillery in France.

SENATOR WEEKS—Do you think the arrangement we have made with France is a safe one for us to rely on indefinitely?

SECRETARY BAKER—The arrangement is not only made with France but with England, and it seems to me that it is eminently safe to the extent it goes. It is for the year 1918.

SENATOR WEEKS—Speaking of ordnance and guns, what can be done to improve the situation as it exists now, today?

"I'm Right on the Job."

SECRETARY BAKER—Well, senator, I cannot at this moment put my mind on a thing in the ordnance department which I can suggest would be helped or improved by your activity, and only for the reason that the minute I find out anything that can be helped or improved, I help or improve it, so I am up to date with my own suggestions.

SENATOR WEEKS—What is the powder supply situation?

SECRETARY BAKER—The powder supply, the situation is that we are using the full capacity of the Du Pont works; we are endeavoring to expand the other private works, in the country, and are proceeding with the building of a government establishment with a capacity of a million pounds a day.

THE CHAIRMAN—Mr. Secretary, what do you think about the policy from an economic standpoint, and from a military standpoint as well, of the government going into the establishment of a plant for the manufacture of ammunition in this emergency?

SECRETARY BAKER—Under the circumstances I think it very much better to establish this plant and operate it than any other arrangement which I have been able to suggest. The manufacture of powder is a simple chemical process. There is no mystery about it. It is perfectly simple.

Senator New asked a series of questions about the change in the United States program and the rushing of the Pershing expedition to Europe.

SECRETARY BAKER—I think there is no impropriety in that statement, and no impropriety in saying that the forces that were dispatched were sent to Europe earlier than they would have been, but for the representations of the British and French.

SENATOR NEW—But is it not true, Mr. Secretary, that those troops were not equipped when they did go.

SECRETARY BAKER—No, senator, that is not accurate. The first troops that went over were fully armed with rifles, with more than a necessary supply of wastage of rifles. They had the allowance of machine guns that was deemed proper for organizations of their style, they had the artillery, which, prior to that time, had been manufactured and deemed appropriate artillery for divisions of their size. This applies to all the forces that have gone, either at the first or later, with this modification, that as the later forces have gone, reliance has been put upon the automatic rifle, which we bought from the French, and upon artillery which we have purchased there, rather than made here.

SENATOR KIRBY—There has been no delay about shipping troops to France because of lack of transportation facilities and so forth?

SECRETARY BAKER—Absolutely none, present or prospective.

Artillery Program Must Grow.

SENATOR WADSWORTH — Are you satisfied with the extent of the artillery program, Mr. Secretary. Do you think we have mapped out a large enough program? These figures have been given to the committee in executive session.

SECRETARY BAKER—Of course, a perfectly good rule about all heavy artillery, as developed by this war, is to get the program and multiply it by something on the theory that you can never have too much, so to express satisfaction with any program is simply to neglect the rule of multiplication. I think the program as mapped out has fully engaged the resources of the country as to artillery when it is remembered other things must be done.

SENATOR WADSWORTH — We have had some very impressive testimony on that point emphasizing the tremendous need for artillery over and above what has been regarded, even up to three or four months ago, as the proper quota per thousand of troops. The opinion has been expressed that the program laid down by the war department was not sufficient.

Men and Guns Must Win.

SECRETARY BAKER—I can readily understand that, Senator. The artillery program of every nation engaged in this war has grown every day since the war was begun, and that program Gen. Crozier stated to you when he was here he would probably want to increase now, and probably next month would want to increase it again.

SENATOR WADSWORTH—As a matter of fact, it is true, is it not, that this war is a tremendous competition in industries?

SECRETARY BAKER—Yes.

SENATOR WADSWORTH — The side which will bring to bear the greatest numbers in guns and men, which are all dependent upon organized industries, will eventually wear out and subdue the other side?

SECRETARY BAKER—I think that is the present aspect of it.

THE QUARTERMASTER.

Secretary Baker was examined at length also with respect to the quartermaster's department and clothing supplies. In response to a general question regarding delays in clothing supplies, etc., he made a long explanation of the changed conditions which confronted the department; of the elimination of competition through the government's gigantic purchases, and blamed the unusual weather conditions for the suffering caused by lack of clothing for troops in the southern camps.

SENATOR McKELLAR—Soon after the war began, I believe it has been testified to here, you issued an order that the supplies committee of the Council of National Defense, headed by Mr. Rosenwald or Mr. Eisenman, directing that the committee on supplies find or designate the sellers and fix the prices, and Gen. Sharpe's department or the quartermaster general's department, to actually sign the contracts.

SECRETARY BAKER—In effect, that is so.

SENATOR McKELLAR—What authority of law did you have to take away from the quartermaster general his well known and well defined power of purchase for the army.

Explains Price Committee.

SECRETARY BAKER—In the first place, I was the head of the army; the quartermaster general was my subordinate. In the second place, the law in the case provided that in emergency situations of this kind the secretary of war should fix prices as he deemed best, and I was surrounding Gen. Sharpe with advice as to prices from expert sources and asked him to rely on their judgment.

SENATOR McKELLAR—Mr. Secretary, as a matter of principle or as a matter of governmental policy, do you believe that a committee of the Council of National Defense like the supplies committee, where sixteen out of nineteen members of the committee are themselves, selling to the government, should have the right to fix prices and designate the sellers that the government must purchase from and the prices which the government must pay.

SECRETARY BAKER—No, I think it would be obviously a bad principle to have a committee composed of persons selling to the government, even though the particular person selling to the government did not participate in the fixing of prices under any contract.

Handled $128,000,000 of Supplies.

SENATOR McKELLAR — It has been testified to here that that is precisely what has been done with the supplies committee of the Council of National Defense. Do you approve, as the secretary of war, of that condition of affairs by which these gentlemen—and I believe those interested in $128,000,000 of sales were on this particular committee and, of course, fixed the prices—do you approve of that method of purchasing?

SECRETARY BAKER—I do not think any such thing has ever been done.

Method Now Changed.

SENATOR McKELLAR—You say that the method that has been pursued was the method you had to pursue at the outset until you got things started, as I understand you. Is it the intention of the war department to buy things through the supplies committee at prices fixed in that way?

SECRETARY BAKER—No.

SENATOR McKELLAR—When are we going to stop that?

SECRETARY BAKER—It is substantially stopped now. It was never intended to continue it very long.

Cancelled Rag Contract.

The committee then went into a long discussion of the Base Sorting plant to distribute and collect cloth clippings, Secretary Baker stating that he cancelled the contract arranged by the supply committee for the reason that the war department had established its own conservation plant. He refused to admit that there was any dishonorable intention on the part of the supply committee in establishing the Base Sorting plant and declared the government lost nothing through it. He said the policy of the plant had turned out to be unwise because it gave rise to suspicion.

SENATOR McKELLAR—You issued another order, either through the quartermaster's department or through the Council of National Defense, that secrecy should be observed about the letting of these contracts.

SECRETARY BAKER—I issued an order instructing the withholding from publication of the names and locations of plants manufacturing army supplies.

Defends Secret Contracts.

SENATOR McKELLAR—Mr. Secretary, do you think that is a wise governmental policy—that policy of secrecy about contracts?

SECRETARY BAKER—Yes, sir, I thought it was necessary, under the circumstances, senator.

SENATOR McKELLAR—Do you still think it is necessary?

SECRETARY BAKER—I am inclined to think it may still be necessary.

SENATOR McKELLAR—Is there not something about the American people that abhors secrecy on the part of contracts with the government?

SECRETARY BAKER—Senator, the American people are very wise and very sensible people. They want to win the war and they want the army to be supplied as rapidly as possible. They want as little of this information to get to our enemies as we do.

Fears Attack in Plants.

SENATOR McKELLAR—Do you know whether it would be impossible for other contractors, or would be contractors, to get information about contracts already made from the committee on supplies?

SECRETARY BAKER—I would not desire to withhold it from an accredited person, but I should be very loath to give to anybody the location of all the places where the government is having supplies manufactured and thus concentrate any hostile demonstration which might be undertaken against government supplies.

SENATOR HITCHOCK—Don't you think there is danger of building up a system of favoritism and secrecy?

SECRETARY BAKER—Yes, sir; there is danger.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—Hasn't that been the result?

SECRETARY BAKER—I do not think so. It if has resulted, it has been a minimum.

Ignorant About "Shoddy."

Secretary Baker said he was not advised in advance about the changes in specifications of cloth for soldiers' uniforms, changing from all wool to wool and shoddy.

SENATOR HITCHOCK—Did you approve that change?

SECRETARY BAKER—I do not know enough to approve or disapprove.

SENATOR McKELLAR—Are you willing for the men who are in the army, either as volunteers, or national guardsmen, or drafted men, to go to the trenches in uniforms that are made partly of shoddy?

SECRETARY BAKER—Senator, the best information I have on the subject is that the experts agree that the cloth in these uniforms is considered adequate.

SENATOR McKELLAR—You think that conditions have been greatly improved as to overcoats and coats?

SECRETARY BAKER—Very much.

SECRETARY BAKER'S FORMAL STATEMENT ON WAR PREPARATIONS

"Initial Rush Needs Are Substantially Supplied; Technical Corps Expanded and Reorganized Upon Industrial and Efficient Lines" He Says.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—America now has in France an army of "substantial" size ready for active service, Secretary Baker said in his formal statement before the senate war investigating committee today.

Officers and men, he explained in a statement of the mobilization accomplishments, have been trained specially for modern warfare, independent lines of communication and supply are in process of construction, and great programs have been formulated for the production of new instruments of war.

Arms of the most modern and effective kind, the secretary declared, have been provided for every soldier in France and are available for every fighting man who can be sent to France in 1918.

"Clothing of 1,500,000 Men Now Complete."

An army of nearly a million and a half men, enlisted and selected without serious dislocation of the nation's industries, is now in the field or in training at home and abroad, he asserted. The subsistence of the army, he continued, has been above criticism, while its initial clothing supply, temporarily inadequate, is now substantially complete.

"I state the foregoing conditions of the war department's problem and some of the results attained, for two purposes," he said. "In the first place the American people are entitled to know of the splendid effectiveness with which they have been able to organize the man power and the material power of the nation in a great cause; and second, our army in France under Gen. Pershing and our allies are entitled to have the benefit resulting from the depression of the morale of their enemies which must come when the Germans realize that the American democracy has neither blundered nor hesitated, but actually brought the full power of its men and resources into completely organized strength against their military machine.

"No army of similar size in the history of the world has ever been raised, equipped, or trained so quickly. No such provision has ever been made for the comfort, health, and general well-being of an army.

More Done than Any Dared to Believe Possible.

"By the coöperation of all interests and all people in the country, the nation is now organized and set to its task with unanimity of spirit and confidence in its powers. More has been done than anybody dared to believe possible. That there have been here and there errors of judgment and delays goes without saying; but I should be wanting in frankness were I to omit my own estimate of the real unselfishness and intelligence with which my associates, military and civilian, have applied themselves to this undertaking, and the results demonstrate the success of their efforts."

The secretary gave the committee an outline of the work of the department and its various bureaus.

"On the first day of April, 1917, the regular army," he said, "comprised 5,791 officers and 121,797 enlisted men; the national guard in federal service, approximately 3,733 officers and 76,713 enlisted men, and the reserve 4,000 enlisted men. There were also at that time approximately 2,573 officers in the reserve, but as these were on inactive duty they cannot properly be considered in estimating the strength of the army of the United States at that time.

"On the 31st day of December, 1917, the regular army consisted of 10,250 officers and 475,000 enlisted men; the national guard of 16,031 officers and 400,900 enlisted men; the national army of 480,000 men; and the reserve of 84,575 officers and 72,750 enlisted men. In other words, in nine months the increase has been from 9,524 officers to 110,856 officers and from 202,510 to 1,428,650 men.

"During the war with Spain the army of the United States at its maximum strength aggregated 272,000 men and officers. The army now in the field and in training is, therefore, roughly six times as great as the maximum number under arms in the Spanish-American war.

"The total number already in the military service is one and a half times as large as any force ever mobilized by this nation.

Draft Law Proves Economical and Efficient.

"A substantial part of our military forces was selected by the operation of the draft law, the execution of which has demonstrated both the economical and the efficient way of selecting soldiers. The law itself was drawn, its execution carried to a successful conclusion, and the theory of the law, novel to our people, explained and made popular, because of its demonstrated fairness both in plan and execution.

"For the training of officers two series of training camps were held, from which about 45,000 officers were commissioned from civil life. This number is nearly eight times as great as the number of officers in the regular army on the first day of April.

"For the training of these soldiers sixteen cantonments have been built, costing $134,000,000, with an average profit to the contractors of 2.98 per cent.

Army Deaths Less than in Civil Life.

"The death rate in our forces in the United States, from mid September to the end of December averaged 7.5 per thousand and is slightly less than would have been the death rate of men of the same age at home. In 1898 the death rate per thousand was 20.14, or nearly three times as great. Our death rate in the army during the year 1916, just before the war, was five per thousand. Leaving out the deaths due to measles and its complications, our rate among all troops in the United States, since Sept. 1, has been about two per thousand.

"For the fiscal year 1915 congress appropriated for the war department $158,000,000; for the fiscal year 1916 203,000,000; for the fiscal year 1917 $403,000,000; for the fiscal year 1918 $7,527,338,716. In other words, taking 1915 as a normal year, the appropriations for 1918 are nearly fifty times as great.

"The regular appropriations made by congress for all governmental purposes for the fiscal year 1915 were $720,000,000, or nearly one-tenth the 1918 appropriation for the war department alone.

"Of the total war department appropriations for 1918, $3,200,000,000 was for the ordnance department, of which contracts amounting to $1,677,000,000 already have been placed.

"On the first day of April, 1917, the ordnance department consisted of ninety-seven commissioned officers, while now it consists of 3,004 officers, and, in addition, has 26,120 enlisted personnel.

"In addition to the selection and training of this new force, the making of these great contracts, and the follow-up necessary in the manufacturing processes, a continuous study of new weapons and instrumentalities has been kept up, a constant contact kept with trained men abroad studying the operation of ordnance material in battle, and accordingly modifying designs and plans here by reason of observation and experience.

"Many of the classes of ordnance material requiring to be designed, specifications drawn, and contracts let, were wholly unfamiliar to our normal military practices. The trench warfare material alone involves commitments of $282,000,000.

Many New Plants Had to Be Built.

"Many of the ordnance department's contracts involve increase of plant facilities, or the construction of new plants, and constant inspection by inspectors who have had to be trained in specially established schools.

"For the quartermaster general's department in 1918 $3,013,000,000 was appropriated, or a sum more than four times as great as the 1915 appropriations for all governmental purposes.

"On the first day of April there were 347 officers in the quartermaster corps. On the first day of January, 1918, there was a total of 6,431 officers.

"On the first day of January, 1918, nearly $2,000,000,000 of the appropriation had been obligated by contracts or disbursements.

"This business involved accounting, determinations of standards, prices, quantities, and the creation of new manufacturing facilities.

"In the woolen goods section alone, the coöperation of over 300 mills was involved, and the following items give some idea of the extensive character of the operations; there have been purchased over 19,000,000 blankets, 20,000,000 yards of overcoating, and over 30,000,000 yards each of shirting flannel and suiting, involving an expenditure of over $345,000,000. In cotton goods the department had contracted for 250,000,000 yards of various cotton cloths.

Aviation Corps Jumps to 86,000 Men.

"The aviation section of the signal corps on the first day of April, 1917, consisted of 65 officers and 1,120 men. On the first day of January, 1918, it consisted of 3,900 officers and 82,120 men.

"This division of the war department was charged by congress with the expenditure of an appropriation aggregating, for 1918, $744,000,000, or five times the 1915 appropriation for the entire war department.

"The engineer department, for which in 1917 $53,000,000 was appropriated, was charged by the 1918 appropriation, with the expenditure of $390,000,000, or about 700 per cent increase.

"There have been organized, trained, and equipped technical troops of foresters, stevedores, and railroad construction and operation men, aggregating about 120,000, many of whom have been operating in France for some months."

In summing up the war department's work the secretary gave the following as its chief accomplishments:

"1. A large army is in the field and in training, so large that further increments to it can be adequately equipped and trained as rapidly as those already in training can be transported.

"2. The army has been enlisted and selected without serious dislocation of the industries of the country.

"3. The training of the army is proceeding rapidly and its spirit is high. The subsistence of the army has been above criticism; its initial clothing supply, temporarily inadequate, is now substantially complete, and reserves will rapidly accumulate. Arms of the most modern and effective kind—including artillery, machine guns, automatic rifles, and small arms—have been provided by manufacture or purchase for every soldier in France, and are available for every soldier who can be gotten to France in the year 1918.

"4. A substantial army is already in France, where both men and officers have been additionally and specially trained and are ready for active service.

"5. Independent lines of communication and supply and vast storage and other facilities are in process of construction in France.

Has Tried to Correct Criticized Conditions.

"6. Great programs for the manufacture of additional equipment and for the production of new instruments of war have been formulated."

"I make this statement," continued the secretary, "fully aware that there have been produced before the members of this committee some expressions of doubt, difference of opinion and disapproval. The war department has spent eight months hearing similar expressions, analyzing them, correcting the conditions out of which they grew, perfecting its organization to prevent their recurrence; and all the while driving on to the accomplishment of the main task.

"My military associates and I appreciate the work which this committee has done and will value suggestions from the committee as a whole, from its individual members, and from every other patriotic citizen which will enable us to carry on this work more effectively and more rapidly.

"In the foregoing statement there are two exceedingly significant figures—namely: that on the first day of April the ordnance department consisted of 97 officers and the quartermaster general's department of 247 officers, while they now respectively comprise 3,004 and 6,431 officers. There was no ready trained body of men in the country who could have been selected suddenly to assume the highly technical and specialized work of these two divisions. Men of somewhat similar training had to be chosen. As the work proceeded, subdivision and resubdivision became possible.

Tells of Reorganization of War Department.

"On Dec. 15 I was, therefore, in a position to announce a general reorganization, accomplishing the following results:

"1—Created a war council upon which Gen. Crozier, Gen. Sharpe, Gen. Weaver, Gen. Crowder, and the chief of staff have been designated to sit with the secretary of war and the assistant secretary of war, and to which council men of capacity, either from the army or from civil life, will be added from time to time. The purpose of the council is that its members, being free from the burdens of detail administration, can take a large supervisory view of all questions of organization and supply, and give to the government the highest value of their talents and experience.

"2—Under Gen. Wheeler, with the advice of his military assistants and of industrial experts, the machinery of the ordnance department is being thoroughly reorganized in preparation for the new phase of its work upon which it is now entering. Its several operations will be conducted under the direction either of officers already in the service who are now in a position to give their entire energies to their administration, or by men specially chosen from civil life because of their experience and capacity.

"3—The quartermaster general's department is in process of similar reorganization and subdivisioning under Gen. Goethals, who enjoys the unique experience of having worked out at the Panama canal problems of transportation and supply of a magnitude never until now approached in the history of our government. Here also the efficiency of the department is being strengthened by the calling from civil life of men of the highest capacity to administrate certain of its great subdivisions.

Explains Work of Council of National Defense.

"A new view of the work of the Council of National Defense and of the war industries board is now possible.

"The Council of National Defense is, of course, an advisory body without executive power. Its members have severally the powers of their respective departments. The purpose of the council, however, was a reconciliation of conflicts and a survey of the national needs and resources. This purpose it has served and is serving. The general munitions board and its successor, the war industries board, with their committees, were organized by the council for the following purposes:

"1. Assign priorities as among the several departments of the government and the allied governments in their demands upon the industries of the country.

"2. Advise as to supplies of materials and labor.

"3. Advise on questions of price.

"4. Secure industrial and labor coöperation.

"5. Avoid enhancement of prices, confusion of industry, exhaustion of labor, and generally prevent all avoidable evils which might result from the speed and magnitude of the new operations.

Initial Rush Needs Now Substantially Supplied.

"To these objects it was admirably adapted, and it has accomplished a great work.

"We can now see the entire situation. The initial rush needs are substantially supplied. The technical corps have been expanded and reorganized upon industrial and efficient lines.

"The coördination of ally needs with our own purchases has been effected. An agency exists to prevent conflicts and to adjust those which cannot be prevented."

KENYON DEMANDS 3,000,000 ARMY; DECRIES PEACE

Senator, Back from Europe, Warns Against Pacifist Talk.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—Senator Kenyon, who recently returned from a visit to the French front and to England today warned the senate against Germany's peace offers and stories that the country was exhausted. "Nothing could assist Germany more," he declared.

"Those who are trying to help in bringing about a patched up peace and lend their influence in that direction are weakening the American forces, weakening American preparation," he said, "and they had best to remember that it will cost us more now to lose this war than to win it."

Wants Huge Army.

"We must send to the western front 2,000,000 men and have a million in reserve," Senator Kenyon declared. "We must do it as quickly as possible. We must cut red tape, stop quarreling about the guns and like things, and carry this thing through on business-like principles. Is it not possible for each individual in this country to quit thinking about what some one else should do and resolve to do everything he can do? It is not enough to do our bit. We must do our best. There is too much grandstanding and limelighting; too much patriotic posing and not enough sacrifice.

"Out of this war will come great things to our people. We will have no hyphenated Americanism in this country. It is not a time for partisanship nor politics, and I may say it is no time for inefficiency in any departments of our government."

Should Use Roosevelt.

Senator Kenyon said that in this "spirit of nonpartisanship" he would like to see a coalition cabinet including Elihu Root and Theodore Roosevelt and that the service of William H. Taft might be used in some of the commissions sent abroad.

Senator Kenyon denounced reports of drunkenness among American troops abroad. He branded the stories as unfounded and false.

Virginia Senate Adopts Dry Amendment, 28 to 10

Richmond, Va., Jan. 10.—The national prohibition amendment was ratified tonight by the Virginia senate by a vote of 30 to 8. A resolution to submit the amendment to a referendum was defeated, 28 to 10. It is expected that the house of delegates will vote tomorrow.

The Shayne January Sale of Furs

A Notable One

Reductions from 20 to 33⅓%

Prices in effect during this sale would not be possible if the same stock now offered were bought in open market at present prices.

This fact is appreciated by shrewd buyers, who are making this the greatest January Sale in the history of Shayne's.

Early buying is essential if you hope to find variety in style and price.

Buy now and buy Shayne furs, for they are all that good furs can be.

JOHN T. SHAYNE & Co.

PALMER HOUSE CORNER

It's really our big event; Manhattan, Star, M-L-R shirts at clearance prices

THE shirts are just as fine and beautiful as ever; most of you know what they are. The prices give you an opportunity to supply your shirt needs for a long time to come; better do your buying now.

GROUP 1: Plain and corded Madras; with stiff or soft cuffs; some separate collars to match. $1.75, $2.00 values; $1.35

GROUP 2: Printed or woven pattern Madras; stiff or soft cuffs; rich colorings. $2, $2.25, $2.50 values, $1.65

GROUP 3: Very fine Madras, the best grades; stiff or soft cuffs; choice qualities. Our $2.50 and $3 vals., $1.85

GROUP 4: Silk striped Madras and fiber weaves; some all silk. These are especially good. $3.50 and $4 values, $2.85

GROUP 5. Star fiber and M-L-R silks; plain, or fancy woven patterns. Some with separate collars; $5, $6 values, $3.85

GROUP 6: Manhattan silks and silk mixtures; Star and M-L-R silks; very rich fabrics; our $7.50 and $8.50 values, $4.85

Maurice L Rothschild

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The Chicago Tribune.

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FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 8, 1905, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

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FRIDAY, JANUARY 11, 1918.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."
—Stephen Decatur.

"OUR PRESENT AND IMMEDIATE TASK."

President Wilson has now set before the world in explicit terms the objects of the United States in waging war upon the central powers. This eloquent declaration has been received with acclaim in the American congress and by the press of our allies, and, without being accepted as an ultimatum in all its details, it constitutes the highest form of international pledge.

But just in proportion to the solemnity of this pledge are we in honor bound to back it with all our might. And this responsibility lies first upon the shoulders of the president, who is not only our mouthpiece but our chief *executive*. If our world resounding challenge is not to return upon us in hollow echoes of mockery, we must put every ounce of our weight behind it. Addressing the congress on Dec. 4 the president said: "Our present and immediate task is to win the war, and nothing shall turn us aside from it until it is accomplished. Every power and resource we possess, whether of men, of money, or of materials, is being devoted, and will continue to be devoted, to that purpose until it is achieved."

"Every power and resource"—think what that means. We are a hundred and ten millions, almost all literate, well nourished, famous the world over for energy and initiative. We occupy a continent, the material wealth of which, in food supply, in mines of coal and iron and precious metals, in water power and timber lands, in railroads and manufacture, is unequaled anywhere in the world. When the president declared that every power and resource we possess is being devoted to the purpose now before us, to win this war, he was making a tremendous pledge. But are we keeping that pledge? Are we keeping it even in honorable measure, in any measure creditable to our self-respect, in any measure approximate to our reputation for energy and resourcefulness?

THE TRIBUNE believes that the startling facts which have forced themselves from behind the barrier of official optimism by help of the senate investigation, and that have been brought forth in reports and in the press, answer that question in the negative.

What answer but No! is shouted by the unhappy history of our vast shipbuilding project? Ships were the sine qua non of victory, we told ourselves at the outset of war. "Ships, ships, and more ships," our allies cried to us across the sea. But in place of ships we have had months of wrangling, of frustration, of delay. The administration announces that we are going to build six million tons this year. The greatest optimism of the shipping board hardly dares to hope for four millions. Outside expert opinion names three millions as the maximum. Have we used "every power and resource" here?

Fuel is a vital factor in developing our force and sustaining that of our allies. The president placed a college president in control of this complicated situation in our war preparations. The output of mines is said, by experts, to be 50 per cent of their capacity. New England and the east, where 85 per cent of our war manufacture is going on, have been for weeks in the paralyzing grasp of a coal famine, with civilians suffering and war work running down. Have "every power and resource" been devoted to the production and distribution of fuel?

Labor is the vital force of our war work. Strike has followed after strike. Congestion in one region is matched with scarcity in another. Workmen are shirking. Where three shifts are imperative, one shift is barely employed. Yet this peril has been dabbled with for months, a commission here, a settlement there. American labor in the great war for democracy and peace is not exerting one-half its "power and resource."

The world war began in August, 1914. During the remainder of that year and throughout the next the submarine situation, diplomatically and militarily, moved inexorably toward war. The war department moved not one step. In the spring of 1916 the National Guard was mobilized against Mexico. In that mobilization the notorious defects of our militia arm were publicly demonstrated. The insufficiency of its personnel and of its equipment were exposed and discussed from one end of the land to the other.

What was the war department doing under pressure of the impending peril? The answer is incredible. As to machine guns, there were months of absolute inaction. The ordnance bureau was "not interested" in the offer of manufacture. It was deciding upon a new type. Then the war came—April 6, 1917—still the ordnance board marked time. Not until two months after our sword was supposed to be drawn did the manufacture of machine guns—the deadliest offensive and defensive weapon known to modern warfare—begin. Delays hardly less flagrant existed in the manufacture of rifles and of cannon. Great factories which had been turning out these essential engines of war for Great Britain and France were actually stopped while the war department debated its theories, planned and unplanned. Is this devoting "every power and resource"?

Congress had passed the selective draft act. The people rose to it with inspiring patriotism. In September the first increments were sent to cantonments. Many of these cantonments were unready. There were not enough clothing, guns, artillery, and other equipment for the men assembled. Cold weather came. Men in the unready southern camps began to die in the midst of a land of plenty. Gen. Gorgas' report, startling as it was, has not told the full story of the failure to use "every power and resource."

Meantime our allies were urging haste, appealing for men. The regular army and the small part of the guard, which was even approximately ready for final training, was moved to France. They went without machine guns and without artillery. With these they have been supplied by our allies, upon whose heavily burdened "power and resource" we have thus leaned.

The revelations of incompetency and inertia in the war department have been answered by the promotion of the incompetent and inert and the addition of a new mechanism to the monstrous confusion of our war organization. That confusion continues, and Mr. Baker, whose passion for peace has paralyzed the effective prosecution of our preparations for military operations, remains at the head of our department of war.

This is but an outline of an intolerable situation which cannot be cured by diplomatic drives upon Germany or by the most eloquent declarations of purpose. The power to enforce our purpose is all that can justify our declaration, and to enforce it before the issues are decided against us by the armed might of our foe.

The president has spoken and been heard around the world. He must now act to bring order and efficiency in his own house. The higher coördination of our war organization must come. It can be brought about only by a superior war council, free from entanglements or preoccupations and fully empowered. And at the head of our department of war must be placed a man incapable of the course adopted by Newton D. Baker. Only through such changes can we summon "every power and resource we possess, whether of men, of money, or of materials," and devote them to "our present and immediate task" of winning the war.

A SERIOUS LOCAL PROBLEM.

Government opposition to the means Chicago uses in sewage disposal does not abate but is manifest even in irrelevant issues. The war department is almost acrimonious in its attitude, and, indeed, the assumption seems to prevail in Washington that the city of Chicago is flagrant in fraud and deceit in the whole scheme it uses for the protection of its health.

Citizens here may be casual now in their consideration of the system which keeps the water supply pure and disposes of the sewage, but the question is one which must occupy attention. Decisions must be reached locally which will modify the government attitude towards the city and make conciliation possible.

It is indicated from Washington that the city is taking the necessary amount of water from the lake merely on sufferance and that the procedure is tolerated for the present, although it is hurtful to paramount interests, such as navigation, and although it is an imposition on general welfare. The city will need more water and must continue to develop subsidiary means of sewage disposal. It has a great investment in the drainage canal and it must contend against prejudice to preserve it.

A continuance of government objection might result in the serious impairment of the canal system of disposal before the city was ready to relieve the canal of part of its necessary function. The sanitary district, in hope of establishing the good faith of the city and of showing a reasonable spirit, has submitted the proposition of building compensating works in the St. Clair and Niagara rivers to maintain the lake levels.

This will require the expenditure of Chicago money in distant improvements, but it may be necessary to undertake the work. The government contention is that the city has no authority for what it is doing now in withdrawing water from the lake and that navigation interests must be protected.

The situation is recognizably serious, and it demands the formulating of a plan which will compromise difficulties and remove objections.

FIGHTING MEN AND CIVILIAN SERVICE.

It is inexplicable that any person not a fighting man should find it possible in the recognized military system to get the title or the rank or get into the uniform of a fighting man.

Many branches of civilian service or noncombatant service are necessary to the operations of the army. We do not have to say that they are honorable. They attract men who may be as self-sacrificing as any man who carries a rifle. But they are not fighting services. They do not take the same hazards or risk the same exposure.

Noncombatant service earns no right to a fighting man's peculiar distinctions. Intelligent, honorable men in the noncombatant service are conscious of the incongruity of their military rank and uniform. They have no desire to be mistaken for line officers. Their service is sufficient unto itself without being confused with the fighting service.

Its honor is better served and its self-respect better maintained in its own distinctions of title and service apparel than in imitation of the fighting service.

Congress is considering a bill to make the proper distinctions, and fairness and common sense urge that it be passed and that soldiers be known by their appearance for what they are.

DAYLIGHT SAVING.

The coal shortage, as a correspondent of THE TRIBUNE points out, gives special emphasis to the arguments heretofore made in favor of setting the clocks forward. One hour of daylight saving, beginning May 1, he says, would save 900,000 tons of coal. We are not informed as to the accuracy of his figures, but the saving would, undoubtedly, be great. The country is now observing lightless nights, but there is no reason, when the days grow longer, why we should not take advantage of an extra hour of daylight—which can be had without expense and without hardship. Congress should pass daylight saving legislation without delay.

Editorial of the Day

PRESSING THE CHAMBERLAIN BILL.

[From the Omaha Bee.]

Advocates of military preparedness are closing up ranks to support the Chamberlain bill for universal military training. The measure is not likely to pass congress in its present form, but it seems to have sufficient backing to insure its final passage in a shape that will be of some service, to the end that its purpose will be reached. Chief opposition to it arises from the men who are responsible for our present predicament. These have steadily obstructed every step taken to get the country ready for its sternest undertaking. The Chamberlain measure does not contemplate war as such, nor the continuation of strife. It merely looks ahead to the proper training of young men in the rudiments of military requirements. It invades no right of citizenship, subverts no principle of liberty. It will provide that freemen have knowledge essential to the defense of their freedom if ever it be jeopardized. How inexpressibly foolish it is to urge that we go on forever repeating costly blunders of all past time, and yet in and out of congress are men who insist that we continue in a course that leads only to disaster. Experience should teach us something, and one of our most expensive lessons has been that we ought to prepare ourselves for self-defense. The voice of the pacifist has been heeded in the past, and has brought only calamity. It is time that reason be given sway in America, and that no more unarmed, half clad armies be called into the field in this country.

A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO

How to the Line, let the quips fall where they may.

WINTER in these latitudes and longitudes is more or less irritating, because one never knows what sort of weather is coming. In a place like Grand Marais, Minn., one can hang a side of beef in a packing-case just outside the door, pile a few cords of wood within easy reach, and settle down to six or seven months of steady cold. The only worry is the possibility of dogs getting into the packing-case refrigerator, and even this anxiety may be reduced by shooting the dogs. In these circumstances one can get a lot of reading done.

WHAT we are pleased to call the complex mechanism of city life is largely much ado about next to nothing, and when it is wrecked by a foot or so of snow, no great harm is done. Everybody is shaken out of his rut (which is far from lamentable), and he makes a number of interesting discoveries, one of which is that the chief function of legs is to support the body and transport it from place to place. Art suffers, of course; pictures and music and teas must be passed up for the time being; but, as Mr. A. B. Walkley has profoundly observed, "after all, art is not a matter of special importance."

You Mean, We May Flurry Him?

Sir: Please stop heckling the weather man. You are confusing him. We fear you may bring about some more "flurries of snow." A. H.

WASHINGTON is a bone-dry state, and Scott Bone is editor of the Post-Intelligencer. Given these ingredients, one might, after an hour or two of close application, erect a wheeze.

THE GENTLEMAN SEEMS TO DESIRE A SETTLEMENT.

[From the Louisville, Ill., Republican.]

Notice.—I want you to pay me what you owe me. Yes, I mean you. You probably thought I had forgotten it, but I haven't. I have always helped you, and now I need your help, but all I ask is that you pay me what you owe me. Some of you owe me for borrowed money, some for money I had to dig up to pay your note off with, some for abstract work, some for the grub you ate several years ago; and for various things that cost me lots of work and money. Some of you live in Louisville, some in the country, some in other states, and some, in all probability, have already gone to hell. I want you to pay me before you go, for I need the money, and you can never tell how soon you'll go. You have ignored all the notices sent you, but I insist that you pay me.
C. S. Erwin.

YOU have seen those enormous spools from which the workers in the street department unroll wire cables. Well, the red tape used in Washington comes to the departments on just such spools.

Come On, Verdant,

Sir: Of course I steal all my stuff. I have been doing it for years. But this, I believe, is the first time I have been caught in the act. However, just to make the thing definite and binding, I should like to have "Verdant" point out the paragraph, or paragraphs, lifted from the Line. JAY E. HOUSE.

NO doubt there were other Heroes of the Blizzard, but the only one we happened to observe was the milkman.

THIS IS THE WAY THEY IMPROVE OUR STUFF WHEN THEY LIFT IT.

[From the Spartanburg, S. C., Journal.]

D. P. Kidder has written a book on "The Dead Female." After reading part of it we know that the second initial stands for "Poor," and the reader can guess what the "D" means.

NEW YEAR greeting of a merchant in Sanford, N. C.: "As the days and months of the New Year increase arithmetically, may the joy and the happiness of our patrons and friends multiply geometrically."

THE TEETOTUM OF TIME.

(Senator Pinckney of Maryland, in a speech on the Missouri question in 1820.)

Again: if we are to entertain these hopeful abstractions, and to resolve all establishments into their imaginary elements in order to recast them upon some Utopian plan, and if it be true that all the men in a republican government must help to wield its power and be equal in rights, I beg leave to ask the honorable gentleman from New Hampshire, And why not all the women? They, too, are God's creatures, and not only very fair but very rational creatures; and our great ancestor, if we are to give credit to Milton, accounted them the "wisest, virtuousest, discreetest, best"; although, to say the truth, he had but one specimen from which to draw his conclusion, and possibly, if he had had more, would not have drawn it at all. They have, moreover, acknowledged civil rights in abundance, and, upon abstract principles, more than their masculine rulers allow them in fact. Some monarchies, too, do not exclude them from the throne. We have all read of Elizabeth of England, of Catherine of Russia, of Semiramis and Zenobia, and a long list of royal and imperial dames, about as good as an equal list of royal and imperial lords. Why is it that their exclusion from the power of a popular government is not destructive of its republican character? I do not address this question to the honorable gentleman's gallantry, but to his abstraction, and his theories, and his notions of the infinite perfectibility of human institutions, borrowed from Godwin and the turbulent philosophers of France. For my own part, sir, if I may have leave to say so much in the presence of this mixed, uncommon audience, I confess I am no friend to female government, unless indeed it be that which reposes on gentleness, and modesty, and virtue, and feminine grace and delicacy; and how powerful a government that is we have all of us, as I suspect, at some time or other experienced! But if the ultra-republican doctrines which have now been broached should ever gain ground among us, I should not be surprised if some romantic reformer, treading in the footsteps of Mrs. Wollstonecraft, should propose to repeal our republican Salique Law and claim for our wives and daughters a full participation in political power, and to add to it that domestic power which in some families, as I have heard, is as absolute and unrepublican as any power can be.

"FOR sale cheap—Complete fishing outfit, including two good setter dogs."—Buffalo paper.

Of interest to anglers for dogfish.

THAT MUST EXHAUST THE POSSIBILITIES.

I know a man in Boston, Mass.,
A cobbler surnamed Knulb—
I send you this because, you see,
Knulb rhymes with Stulb and bulb.
O. B. W.

THE drys in the Academy of Immortals held a meeting yesterday and chose for spokesman Mr. Whybrew of Wisconsin.

The Following Remarks Are Sufficiently Scintillating, and Should Serve.

Sir: If by any chance it should be your pleasure, will you make some scintillating remarks concerning the minstrel show that is to be given Sunday afternoon at the Olympic theater for the benefit of various war activities in Chicago? This show will be put on by men from the Western Vaudeville Managers' association and the United Booking Offices of America, and promises to be a gay and giddy affair. There will be fifty men all in burnt cork and dress suits, with songs, jokes, and other features, and as it is for war, why, we all want to see it be the biggest affair ever pulled off on this mundane sphere. W. R. D.

"BOLSHEVIKI Prepare to Cancel Russian National Debts."

First simp spelling, then simp finance.

FORWARD WITH GOTT!

"Cardiff, Wales.—The torpedo which sank the Rewa (hospital boat) went directly through the Red Cross painted on her side." E. J. D.

"LONG neck finger banjo player; object, vaudeville."—Adv.

Add trade jargon.

AN UNUSUALLY GOOD IDEA.

Sir: A sign in Rothschild's over a display of dictionaries: "Buy Webster's Unabriged." Why not present the sign-writer with a copy? J. M. M.

"WELL, it's a matter of judgment."—Sec. Baker.

That seems to be the general idea.

LOOKS like as if there ain't goin' to be no January thaw. B. L. T.

How to Keep Well. By Dr. W. A. Evans.

Questions pertinent to hygiene, sanitation, and prevention of disease, & matters of general interest, will be answered in this column. Where space will not permit or the subject is not suitable, letters will be personally answered, subject to proper limitations and where a stamped, addressed envelope is inclosed. Dr. Evans will not make diagnoses or prescribe for individual diseases. Requests for such service cannot be answered.

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HOW FOOD IS DIGESTED.

NORMALLY, the food is moved from the mouth to the large intestine by waves of muscular contraction. The muscle action in the esophagus, or swallowing tube, differs somewhat from that found elsewhere in the tube. The food in the stomach is thrown against the closed pyloric end until digestion has proceeded far enough. At that period the pyloric ring relaxes and food is intermittingly passed through.

The muscles at the pyloric end or exit of the stomach are more vigorous than those at the cardiac or entrance end. In the intestines the rhythm and vigor of the muscular contractions leesen as the food passes from above downward. Very frequent, very vigorous, and very rapid in the muscle of the upper end of the small intestine, they become slow, infrequent, and weak in the large intestine. Highly irritable in the upper end of the small intestine, the muscle of the lower end of the large intestine is very tolerant. Food, therefore, travels rapidly down the esophagus. It remains in the stomach for some time, but it is being driven back and forth somewhat rapidly.

Examinations by physiologists show that during digestion the pyloric end of the stomach is being bombarded by food shot at it by muscular contraction of the stomach wall. When water, which requires no digestion, is put into the stomach the muscle wall shoots it through the open pylorus in short order.

The digesting food travels through the upper part of the small intestine at a rapid rate. As it approaches the lower part of this section of the tube the rate lessens. Many foods pass through the stomach and the more than twenty feet of small intestine in less than five hours. To pass through the five to eight feet of large intestine requires about forty hours.

The above description indicates what happens as a part of the regular machinery of digestion.

When the muscle of the intestinal tube is irritated not only is a wave of muscle contraction started in the downward or right direction but there is a similar wave in an upward direction. The first of these—the type of wave which moves the food down the digestive tract—is known as peristalsis. The second is known as reverse peristalsis.

Whenever the intestine is obstructed, as in strangulated hernia, the upward extending waves—reverse peristalsis—become very marked. First they cause colicky pains. If they keep up the contents of the small intestine are carried up to the stomach, from which organ they are vomited, causing fecal vomiting. This is a manifest symptom and one the cause of which is well known.

We have thought that reverse peristalsis never occurred except under some such extreme condition as strangulation. Now Dr. Alvarez of California tells us that reverse peristalsis is frequent and that it causes ordinary indigestion, heartburn, acid stomach, belching, regurgitation, biliousness, coated tongue, and a lot of other conditions, most of which we call indigestion.

There are two places in the digestive tube where reverse peristalsis normally occurs: In the stomach when the food is being volleyed around as a part of the breaking up process, and at the head of the large intestine, where it is being pitched back as a part of the absorption process. It is not difficult to understand how, knowing of these two areas where, when reverse peristalsis is normal, the process can extend to all parts of the tract. The evidence of mild reverse peristalsis and its relation to certain stomach troubles will be discussed tomorrow.

SMOKING AFFECTS EYESIGHT.

A. J. C. writes: "Would the treatment for the cure of the tobacco habit you gave recently apply to a man 55 years of age, who has smoked heavily for thirty years? Would you advise a man of such an age to stop the use of tobacco anyway, particularly when he does not feel any bad effects from the use of it, and formerly used liquor a good deal? Does heavy smoking ever affect the eyesight?"

REPLY.

Heavy smoking affects the eyesight. The fact that a man who has smoked heavily does not feel the effects of it or does not recognize such effects, and has not done so, does not mean that he should continue smoking, nor does it mean that he will not. Ordinarily one's tolerance for the poison of tobacco decreases when he passes 45 years of age.

JUDGE OPPOSES POLITICS IN LIBRARY

JUDGE JESSE HOLDOM of the Appellate court, for ten years chairman of the library committee of the Union League club, objects to the forcing of the appointment of Alexander Johnson as librarian of the public library, and thinks the post should go to that man in the entire country best qualified for it. He took occasion yesterday to express himself vigorously upon the subject.

"I think it is patent," said Judge Holdom, "that Johnson is not suited by environment, training, or experience for this position. Apparently, so far as I can see, his principal qualification seems to be his political affiliations. On his own admission he lacks the necessary experience.

"The librarian of a great public institution like the Chicago Public library, which is second only to the public schools as an educative factor in this community, should be the best man obtainable from the ranks of the trained librarians of the country.

It would seem that, if an experienced librarian from elsewhere cannot be obtained, the true principles of civil service advancement should dictate the selection of the man who has had the benefit of experience within the library itself and of training under the late Mr. Legler, I refer, of course, to Mr. Legler's assistant.

"Another thing: I think that something should be done and done at once to correct the impression which appears to have gone abroad that this examination is 'fixed.' If the civil service commission will delegate its powers to a body of duly qualified experts, for the framing of questions and marking of papers as has been suggested, it would go far toward correcting the impression that has found currency and toward bringing the very best librarian material in the country into competition.

The letter of Jeremiah O'Leary, president of the Association of Commerce, demanding that the best procurable material be obtained for the library, is in the hands of Mayor Thompson. Last night he stated that he would answer it himself before turning it over to the civil service commission. The commission decided yesterday not to act itself as the examining board for librarians.

The commission also decided that applicants for the position of librarian might file their applications up to 5 o'clock on the evening of Jan. 21, the day before the examination, which is scheduled for the 22d.

Methods to be pursued and who will sit as examiners in the examination for the position of city librarian have not yet been determined upon, Charles E. Frazier, chairman of the city civil service commission, said yesterday. He said that the communications on this to Mayor Thompson had not been brought to his attention and as yet there has been no decision.

MORE INCOME TAX PUZZLES

GREAT confusion has seized the public mind, say the men who are figuring income tax problems in room 551 federal building, as to the exemptions allowable on apartment and residential property. This is due, they think, because flat buildings and apartment houses, when the owner lives somewhere else, are classed as strictly business propositions.

In such a case the owner can figure janitor, coal, lights, water, fuel, repairs, etc., as legitimate business expenses, deductible in finding the net income. Likewise he may figure insurance and interest on mortgages and taxes.

Now, take the case of the home—these "upkeep" figures are classed as personal expenses. Therefore, they are not deductible. However, an exception is made to the mortgage. In case an owner lives in his own apartment building and rents a number of suites, he is supposed to pro rate the income under the above plan.

Yet under the rulings all taxes cannot be claimed as deductions. Taxes assessed against an individual on property owned by him to pay for paving of a street contiguous to his property, the construction of a sewer, sidewalk, etc., the sprinkling or oiling of a street in front of his home, the construction of levees to protect, or ditches to drain property owned by him cannot be reckoned as deductions.

Q.—I am a traveling salesman for a firm that pays me a salary and my expense account while on the road. Is my expense account considered income? A.—No.

Q.—A minor child, above the age of $200 exemption, obtaining room, board and clothes from his parents, is earning money on his own account, none of which is accounted for to the parents nor paid over to them. Is this money so earned a part of the parents' income and therefore taxable? A.—Yes.

Q.—Where money has been paid a housewife for board and room is there any deduction allowable for the cost of said board and room? A.—Yes.

Q.—An elderly lady, a widow, is in receipt of an annuity of $500 a year from a large estate. Assuming that this estate pays its income tax is the lady taxable, inasmuch as adding this $800 to other sources of income it would bring the total above the $1,000 exemption? A.—Yes.

Q.—The same widow received $360 a year under a civil war pension. Must she pay income tax on this also? A.—Yes.

Q.—Is interest paid on a mortgage on property occupied to be deducted? A.—Yes.

Q.—Are contributions to the Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. war funds, patriotic and defense league, and similar organizations to be deducted? A.—Yes.

Deputy collectors will be sent to Camp Grant from Jan. 15 to 31, to Great Lakes from Jan. 28 to Feb. 4, and to Fort Sheridan Jan. 25 and 26 to assist soldiers and sailors who may have income tax schedules to file.

TAX-I-KIDS

The children of the public schools were enrolled yesterday in another war movement. They were asked to take home to their parents, big brothers and sisters information regarding the income tax.

Supt. Shoop sent a notice to all principals, asking them to take up the matter with the children every two weeks until Feb. 25, so that persons whose duty it is to pay the tax will be frequently reminded before March 1, the last day for filing income statements.

Julius F. Smietanka, internal revenue collector, brought the matter before Mr. Shoop.

"As history is written after the war," he wrote, "no single feature will shine more brilliantly than the patriotic devotion of our children towards helping their country to attain victory. Until recently, the nation did not comprehend the potential force that could be exercised by the concerted action of our school children. It is to this force that the government now appeals for assistance."

Lucy S. Silke, supervisor of art, has made an appeal to art teachers to interest children in making posters to aid in patriotic work.

There is now an exhibition of posters made at the Pulaski school, and the library section of the food show at the Coliseum has a number made by children in the elementary schools.

LEAVE WANTED

[From London Opinion.]

Officer (wearily): "Now, Smith, you've already had leave because your wife was ill, because your little girl had measles, and because you had to attend the christening of your youngest son. What—er—what is it this time?"
Private Smith (briskly): "P-please, sir, I—I'm going to get married."

The Friend of the People.

Letters for this department must be signed with names and addresses of the writers.

CITIZENSHIP OF ALIEN SOLDIERS.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—[To the Friend of the People.]—Will a man who enlists or is drafted into the army on his first naturalization papers become a full citizen by the act of taking the oath of the army? Or will he eventually have to apply for his second papers, the same as if he had never served the country? A. S.

Under the present law service in the United States army does not of itself confer citizenship. Persons who have served in the United States army and have been honorably discharged therefrom may be naturalized in a court of competent jurisdiction by proving only one year's residence in the United States and using their honorable discharge in lieu of a declaration of intention to become a citizen.

EXEMPTING NEUTRAL ALIENS.

Evanston, Ill., Jan. 9.—[To the Friend of the People.]—Is a citizen of a neutral country (Luxemburg) who has not taken out citizenship papers subject to the draft? He is a registrant. Is he liable to be called for service? N. W.

A citizen of a neutral country who has not taken out papers in this country is not subject to the draft if he wishes to claim exemption. If he does not take advantage of his right to claim deferred classification, class V, division F, he is liable to be called for service.

PASSPORT TO RUSSIA.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—[To the Friend of the People.]—A native of Russia came to this country two years ago and has not applied for citizenship. He wishes to return to Russia to his wife and child. Will he have any difficulty in securing a passport at this time?

He should make application for passport through the Russian consul, 10 South La Salle street.

McKINLEY PARK FIELD HOUSE.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—[To the Friend of the People.]—When will the field house in McKinley park be finished and opened for the use of the public? ROLAND HILBERT.

The south park commissioners hope to have the building ready for use about the first of February.

ARE LIABLE ACCORDING TO AGREEMENT.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—[To the Legal Friend of the People.]—A Victrola was bought on installment plan, privilege thirty days' trial. Paid one month on same; owing to finances am unable to meet further payments. Asked firm to take Victrola. Can payment be collected if firm has Victrola in their possession? R. W. S.

If they take back the machine they could sell it out for your account and apply it on the amount you agreed to pay. In other words, you are liable for whatever damage they suffer by reason of your failure to keep your agreement. The above is a usual way that such a question may be arrived at.
TRIBUNE LAW DEPARTMENT.

EVADING DIVORCE LAWS.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—[To the Legal Friend of the People.]—Can a person divorced under the laws of the state of Illinois remarry in Texas inside of four months, or how long before he can legally remarry? S. L. A.

The marriage inside of a year would be void here if you intended to return here to live. Under a recent Wisconsin decision the marriage would be void if celebrated there.

It is contrary to the policy of this department to assist those who are seeking to evade the effect of Illinois law.
TRIBUNE LAW DEPARTMENT.

MEDICINE NOT ORDERED.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—[To the Legal Friend of the People.]—Some time ago a man appeared at the door of a woman's house, handed a package to her and requested that she sign for its receipt. Under the impression that it was an express package, she did so. On opening the package she found it contained two bottles of a patent medicine, which she had never ordered. Thinking a mistake in delivery had been made, she put the package aside until called for. She has now received a bill of ten dollars for the medicine. Is she obligated to pay for it? O. L.

We are of the opinion that the facts stated, if properly presented in court, would amount to a defense. You will have to decide for yourself whether to test the matter in that way. TRIBUNE LAW DEPARTMENT.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE

As but limited space can be given letters in this department, writers must confine themselves to 200 or 300 words. Unless they give us their full names and addresses their letters will not be considered. No manuscript will be returned unless the writer sends postage for that purpose.

BUSCH MONEY IN LIBERTY BONDS.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 9.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—The statement recently was made by a speaker before a Chicago audience, and quoted in THE TRIBUNE, that my sisters, Mrs. Scharrer and Mrs. Von Gontard, who reside in Germany, each receive from my father's estate $1,000 a day. As a matter of fact the total amount accruing to each of my sisters' credit out of the entire estate of my father, including the stock in the brewing association and all other interests owned by the estate, will amount this year to considerably less than one-third of the amount stated. And since our country has been at war with Germany not one cent of this has been permitted to leave this country, but on the contrary has been and remains invested by me and my co-trustees in Liberty loan bonds, and the entire interests of my sisters in my father's estate have been reported by the trustees to the government for such disposition as it may see fit to direct. AUG. A. BUSCH.

"THEORISTS, PACIFISTS, RHETORICIANS."

Chicago, Jan. 10.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—I desire to express my resentment at the studied attempt of certain administration supporters to make any criticism of the national administration appear seditious. It seems to me that at the present time, no more patriotic service can be rendered our country than to point out the disastrous shortcomings of the present administration. Leaders who have so seriously blundered for several years cannot be expected to become infallible over night. The people of the country should make their voices heard and insist that partisanship come to an end, that the theorists, and pacifists, and rhetoricians should be divorced from the management of the war and that men of practical judgment, proven experience, and capability for getting results, be installed in their places. The experienced ability of Taft, Roosevelt, Root and Wood should certainly be utilized. WM. M. WALKER.

NOW WILL THEODORE BE GOOD!

Chicago, Jan. 10.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Would it not be possible to shut Theodore Roosevelt's mouth? I am incensed, he is so meddlesome, so exasperating. We do not want him. MARY MCMURTRY.

TURN THE INCOMPETENTS OUT.

Sturgis, Mich., Jan. 10.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—In this great crisis, why is not the administration sufficiently honest and patriotic to throw petty politics and individual selfishness overboard and eliminate ruthlessly all the deadwood and inefficients that are costing us millions of dollars and may cost thousands of lives through the bullheaded, blundering ignorance and asinine stupidity such as have characterized the actions of some of our department and bureaucratic heads? Messrs. Baker and Daniels have shown themselves absolutely incompetent, and there is no reason why they should be left in power to do further damage. V. E. COLLINS.

A TIP FROM JOHNNY REB.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—In the present food crisis we could learn much from the experience of the confederate states during the civil war. For climatic reasons they could not raise wheat except to a very limited extent, and they could not import food of any kind because of the blockade.

Their sole dependence, therefore, was upon corn, and they had very few mills to grind it into meal, and no way to add to such facilities.

The south is not a hog country, and except in Texas there was a limited supply of beef cattle. To add to their difficulties, the railroads were equipped at the beginning of the war with soft iron rails, which soon wore out, and they had no rolling mill for replenishment; hence very defective means for the distribution of food. It would be difficult to imagine a more desperate situation, and yet their armies withstood for a long period the greatest efforts of an enemy vastly greater in numbers and in all resources.

The secret of it was that they subsisted largely upon parched corn. Upon this simple diet the veterans of Lee and Jackson gained their victories, and the few ragged soldiers facing Grant held him off for a year. Corn contains in combination more nearly the desirable elements of meat and grain than any other form of cheaply procured food, and when parched and salted is quite palatable. It would be the ideal trench food, because when thus prepared it retains its good qualities for some time, and with a pocket full each soldier has an independent supply for any temporary emergency.

There is one thing sure that a population, whether in the army or out of it, would never suffer from starvation if provided with corn. Fortunately a good providence sent us ample supplies, and it is cheap in comparison with wheat. JOHNNY REB.

TINY TRIBUTE TO THE TINY TRIBUNE.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Your Mr. Orr has the right man for secretary of war—Theodore Roosevelt. C. E. MADISON.

UTILIZE TAFT AND T. R.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—It is a matter of interest to a great many of the American people why the president has not availed himself of the services of our two ex-presidents, Messrs. Taft and Roosevelt, in helping to further the activities of the government in war.

Of course, the president is supreme, and rightly so, in his appointing power, and yet the voice of public opinion should be heeded as much, if not more, in times of war, than in times of peace, and I do not believe I am in error in stating that the m...jority of true Americans now desire that these men, two from among our greatest living Americans, Taft and Roosevelt, be intrusted at once with some prominent positions with the government where they can be of practical service in helping us to win the war. FRANK T. WINSLOW.

Original Defective

NEW SNOWSTORM IS DIVERTED, BUT COLD IS COMING

City Clears 80 Per Cent of Streets to Traffic of Teams.

Old King Winter's latest offensive was temporarily checked yesterday. Chicago put all its resources at work to prepare for the new attack promised by the weather department, and snow shovels never were wielded so rapidly before.

It was estimated that by midnight practically 80 per cent of the city's streets contained communicating trenches wide enough for two teams to pass.

The figures are based on the morning survey of the street department, the number of men and teams working for the city, and the estimated number of volunteer workers.

Snow Diverted; Zero Coming.

In spite of the weather bureau's strenuous warning yesterday morning, some kind providence sent the second snowstorm, whose head was pointed at Chicago, glancing off Cairo and along the Ohio valley. When the weather bureau stopped calculating there was still a possibility of more snow, but it is believed the center of the storm will not reach this far north.

But the cold is coming. Cities to the west telegraphed of temperatures not conducive to January thaws. "Intensely cold weather" was the description from Omaha, with indications of from 10 to 20 below before morning. Williston, N. D., experienced 28 degrees below. Montana temperatures ranged from 2 to 28 below zero.

Tonight to Be Frigid.

It is coming this way. Today will be colder. Tonight will be frigid—" below zero."

The poet is not alone in his regard for the driven snow. Somebody has figured out that in reality it is a boon, that it will mean millions of loaves of bread to the soldiers in France. So shoveling now becomes a pleasant patriotic duty. The weather man thinks the snow has saved the winter wheat of Kansas and Nebraska and the other big winter wheat fields. It is protecting the wheat against the severe cold and it will give the fields some much needed moisture when that thaw comes.

The suffering in Chicago is far from over, however. An anonymous letter came to THE TRIBUNE from the neighborhood of Maplewood and Sunnyside avenues.

"Send us aid at once, or we shall perish at once," it concluded, in red ink.

"We are again out of coal," the letter read. "The owner says it is because the janitor wastes coal. He has given the janitor fifteen days' notice to get out and in the meantime they refuse to put in a single lump. The windows are frozen over worse than in the slums."

Day Costs City $13,720.

The street department believes the last street will be opened up by tomorrow night. More than 2,000 men worked yesterday and 843 teams. The day's cost to the city was $13,720.

IF BROTHER JACK COULD SEE HIM NOW

Pershing's Brother Leads Home Forces Against Snow Blockade in Hyde Park.

LEFT TO RIGHT—JAMES F. PERSHING, CAPT. FRANCIS A. LANE, ALD. WILLIS O. NANCE.

As an indication that the business of attacking the foe so far as the Pershing family is concerned is not confined to Gen. Pershing in France, his brother, James F. Pershing, took up a snow shovel last night and led the forces of the citizens in the vicinity of Fifty-fifth street and Cornell avenue.

A large gathering of residents, men and women, joined in the street clearing job. Ald. W. O. Nance and Capt. Francis A. Lane, the latter in uniform, showed zeal with a shovel and thus gave impetus to a determined onslaught.

Not only were the streets cleared of snow sufficiently to permit the passage of wagons, but the space about the fire plugs was cleared. After the labor was done the women of the district joined in providing a "shovel breakfast" to those who had earned the right to eat.

LOWDEN IS STILL UNCONVINCED ON EXTRA SESSION

City Officials Have Failed to Meet Conditions He Imposes.

Chicago—through the finance committee of the city council and the city officials, who are battling for an extra session of the legislature—will have to show Gov. Lowden considerably more affirmative evidence of dire necessity and of the possibility of getting any specific legislation, before he will issue the requisite call.

The governor hasn't been shown anything yet. He didn't see any of the city's representatives yesterday, during a busy day he spent in Chicago, and went back to Springfield last night, willing, he said, to listen to any argument that anybody had to offer.

Lowden States Position.

The joint legislative-council committee, of which Ald. Lipps is the chairman, may go to Springfield on Monday or Tuesday. Gov. Lowden intimated last night that he will be glad to see the committee and will give its members plenty of opportunity to produce facts and figures.

"All that Chicago has to do," Gov. Lowden said at the Blackstone, "is to convince me that the necessity exists and that proper bills are drawn that can command the solid support of the Cook county delegation in senate and house.

"Anybody who knows anything about the legislative situation knows that it will be utterly impossible for Chicago to get relief of any kind unless the Chicago members are pledged and committed to a definite plan of action. An extra session, without this preliminary, would produce nothing. It would be useless to ask the members to convene in Springfield.

Chicago Must Unite.

"Do you understand that progress is being made along the line you indicate?" Gov. Lowden was asked.

"I do not understand anything," he replied. "I have had no official reports of any kind. All that is needed with me is to show me a draft of the proposed legislation with the agreement of the Cook county members to support it, which, of course, carries with it the approval of the civic organizations that are directly interested in such matters, and I will act. The next step would be to interest the Republican and Democratic leaders in the proposition, for it is a nonpartisan matter, of course, and that I shall be very glad to attempt. But, Chicago must get together with itself, absolutely, before anything can be started."

Gov. Lowden came up from Springfield accompanied by Mrs. Lowden and Miss Florence Lowden, for the express purpose of attending the food show at the Coliseum. He had no time to see any of his political friends and he talked politics only briefly. He was asked about the senatorship.

Hands Off Senatorship.

"The situation has not changed in the slightest," he said, "from that of a year ago, when I said that the state administration will keep hands off in the Republican senatorial contest. I am neither coercing nor restraining any member of my administration from exercising his privilege to do as he pleases on the senatorship. Personally, I believe that the state's employés have plenty to do each day in attending to the state's business. I know that that is my situation."

Gov. Lowden returned last night to Springfield.

GALLI-CURCI OUT OF NEXT WEEK'S LIST OF OPERAS

If anything of importance took place yesterday at the operatic Brest-Litovsk, it was not echoed in the replies made last night by anybody concerned to the query, "What's the news?"

"Nothing new," said Galli-Curci's attorney, Stephen Malato.

"No news," said Max Pam, who looks after the law for the Chicago Opera.

"Not a whisper," said Julius Daiber, who stands between Campanini and the world.

But a new schedule for the final week of the season was given out, with Galli-Curci not included in any cast after Sunday, when she will, according to the arrangement, sing for the final time, and for the first time vis-à-vis with John McCormack. This revised schedule was given to the press without further comment by the management than a facetious "The plot thickens! Ah!"

One of the literary deputies of the Auditorium, hitherto not a contributor to lobby and foyer discussions about Galli-Curci and Campanini, tried to throw light on the subject by saying, darkly:

"If you ask me, it looks very much like Metropolitan propaganda! Very much like it, if you ask me!"

DEATH OF WOMAN LEADS TO THREE BEING ARRESTED

Three men were arrested on orders of Capt. John J. Ryan of the Woodlawn station, following an inquest yesterday into the death last Tuesday of Mrs. Marie Balch of 1518 East Sixty-fifth place. The police official booked the prisoners on a serious charge. They are:

Dr. Thomas Balhatchet, 1157 East Sixty-third street.

Dr. Charles W. Clark, 236 East Sixty-first street.

W. D. Balch, the dead woman's husband.

His Name Sleepy; He Gets Chance to Sleep in Jail

When a Chinese dope seller was arraigned before Judge Landis yesterday the court asked him his name.

"Sleepy John," said the celestial.

"No Chinaman ever had a name like that," said Judge Landis. "Try again."

"John Sleepy," the man replied.

"All right, Sleepy," said the court, "we'll let you have a nice long sleep—three months in the house of correction."

PLOT AGAINST PULLMAN SHOPS IS SUSPECTED

Roy T. Harris, who says he recently came from Globe, Ariz., was held for investigation last night by the federal bureau. Harris, who has been employed in the Pullman shops, had three picture post cards with many notations on them, identifying shop buildings, the "watch tower," and marks showing ways "to Chicago."

An arrow pointing to one building is labeled: "We will get this." Harris was turned over to federal operatives by A. W. Ellis, an attorney, who saw him handling the cards and recognized them as pictures of the shops. In Harris' pockets were slips of paper with words on them which might be in code.

He failed to explain the cards and pieces of paper under suspicion. On one piece was marked "Calumet shops—B. A. C. A." The three cards were marked B, C, and D, respectively. He was locked up for further questioning.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."
To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 30c.—Advertisement.

Flyers in Motion Pictures Depleted Payne's Millions

New York, Jan. 10.—[Special.]—The secret of the involuntary bankruptcy proceedings which have been instituted against Clarence Payne, once reputed to have $25,000,000, was revealed today. His losses were in motion pictures.

IN holding this clearance sale we are faithfully adhering to the principles of a merchandising ideal. The fine clothes involved could be carried over to advantage. But our business motto is, "new and complete lines at the outset of each new style period, and more perfect service to our patrons."

One-Fourth Off

Copper & Tapper

Business Sack Suits, Overcoats & Raincoats

$22.50 All $30 Business Sack Suits, Overcoats and Raincoats reduced to $22.50

$26.25 All $35 Business Sack Suits, Overcoats and Raincoats reduced to $26.25

$30.00 All $40 Business Sack Suits, Overcoats and Raincoats reduced to $30.00

$33.75 All $45 Business Sack Suits, Overcoats and Raincoats reduced to $33.75

Also important reductions on Dressing Gowns, Neckwear, Shirts, Hosiery, Underwear and Umbrella Sets.

Copper & Tapper
MICHIGAN AVE. at MONROE ST.
and SHERMAN HOTEL
LONDON
CHICAGO
DETROIT
MILWAUKEE
MINNEAPOLIS

Suits & Overcoats

Which Will Cost Upwards of $30 Next Winter, on sale at

$18.75

Suits and overcoats, no better than those in this sale, cannot be purchased wholesale now at $18.75. The increases now prevalent in the wholesale markets will have their effect in the retail markets next fall.

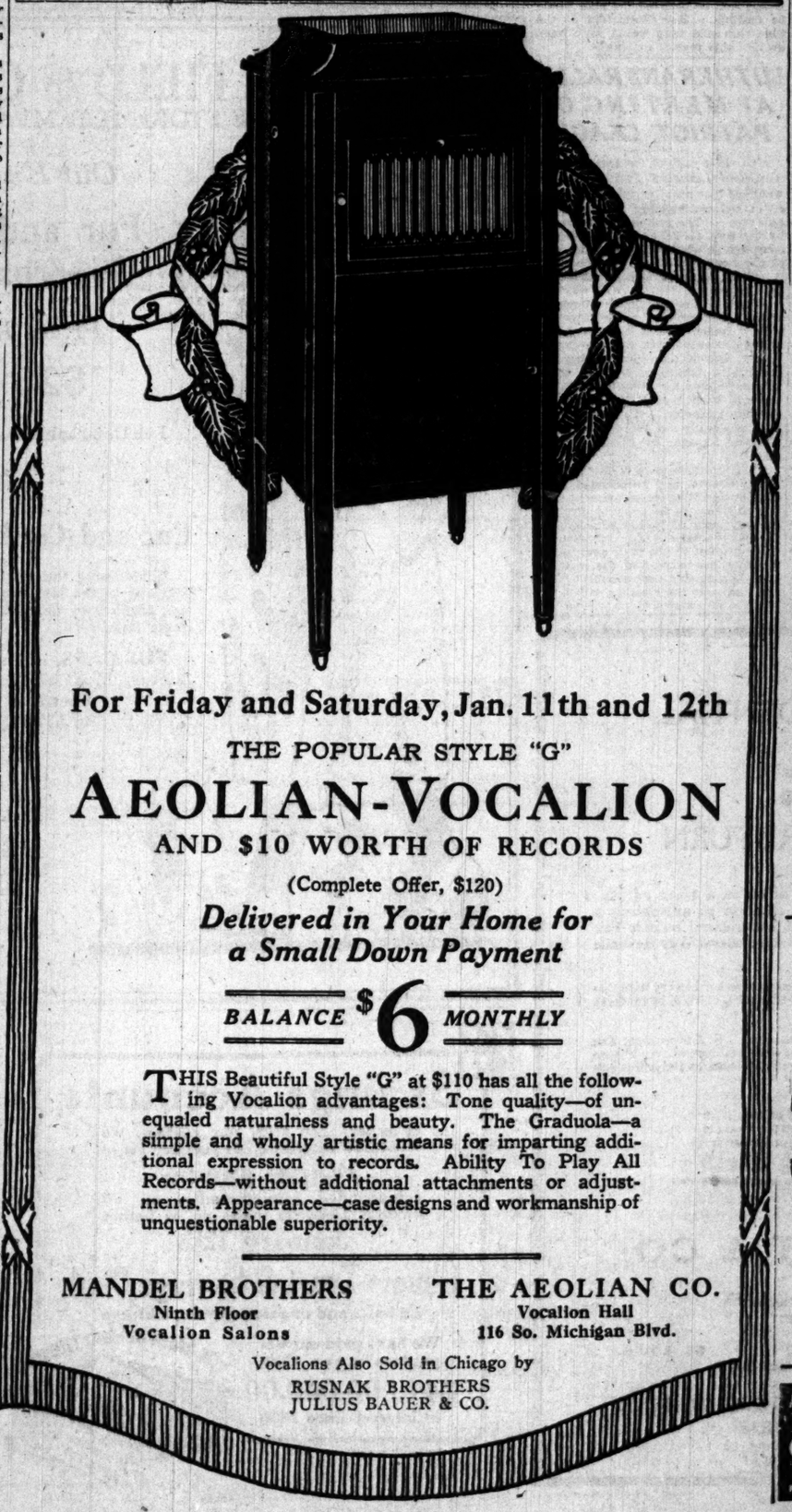
But our clearance policy does not bow to conditions. We are determined to clear our stocks of all incomplete lines and have effected our usual reductions to this end. Suits and overcoats for men and young men, an immense assortment of styles, all sizes represented, reduced to **$18.75.**

At $23.75 and at $28.75 we offer the in complete lines of our finer suits and over coats for men and young men. You can surely find a style and a fabric to suit you among the many models shown in both groups, now reduced to

$23.75 and $28.75

Second, Third and Fourth Floors

THE HUB
Henry C. Lytton & Sons
N. E. Corner State and Jackson



For Friday and Saturday, Jan. 11th and 12th

THE POPULAR STYLE "G"

AEOLIAN-VOCALION

AND $10 WORTH OF RECORDS

(Complete Offer, $120)

Delivered in Your Home for a Small Down Payment

BALANCE **$6** *MONTHLY*

THIS Beautiful Style "G" at $110 has all the following Vocalion advantages: Tone quality—of unequaled naturalness and beauty. The Graduola—a simple and wholly artistic means for imparting additional expression to records. Ability To Play All Records—without additional attachments or adjustments. Appearance—case designs and workmanship of unquestionable superiority.

MANDEL BROTHERS
Ninth Floor
Vocalion Salons

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Vocalion Hall
116 So. Michigan Blvd.

Vocalions Also Sold in Chicago by
RUSNAK BROTHERS
JULIUS BAUER & CO.

AT 23 MADISON, EAST
THE COSTUME BOOTERY OF
O'Connor & Goldberg

O-G Economy Sale

ONE OF THE SPECIALS WHICH WILL INTEREST THE STYLISH WOMAN

FORMERLY $14.00
SALE PRICE

$9.95

A BEAUTIFUL HAND-MADE BOOT, OF A BLACK RUSSIA CALF, WITH UPPERS OF GENUINE BUCK-SKIN, IN GRAY. WOOD-HEELS.

HUNDREDS OF OTHER BARGAINS EQUALLY REMARKABLE. ASK US.

11 Inches High From Ground

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January 1st to January 18th

YOUR MONEY WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JANUARY 1ST IF DEPOSITED IN OUR SAVINGS DEPARTMENT ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 18TH

The National City Bank
OF CHICAGO

SOUTHEAST CORNER DEARBORN AND MONROE STS.

DAVID R. FORGAN PRESIDENT

This Bank Is Under the Direct Supervision of the United States Government

A Superior Butter Equivalent
FRIEDMAN'S
OAK GROVE
OLEOMARGARINE
Friedman Manufacturing Co., Chicago

Absolutely Nothing Better than Cuticura for Baby's Tender Skin
Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

Original Defective

COAL SAVING BY USE OF WATER POWER IS URGED

Durham Reports the City Has Large Supply of Fuel.

Water power in Illinois is to be utilized at every possible point in the development of electricity, as a feature of fuel conservation. To cope with the problems that have arisen because of transportation difficulties, a department of fuel conservation has been created, with Prof. H. H. Stoek of the engineering department of the University of Illinois as chairman. B. S. Allison is secretary.

"Tag Shovel" Day Near.

Jan. 30 has been set aside by the conservation department as "tag your shovel day," when school children are to tie tags to coal shovels. The tags will carry advice regarding careful firing.

Schedules of electric railroads are to be revised as one feature of saving electricity, and thus economizing on fuel. Committees have begun work to find ways in which water power can be utilized to better advantage. The order for lightless Sundays and Thursdays is another feature of the work that will soon come under direction of the new department.

City Coal Supply Large.

Chicago has a big supply of coal with which to face the coming cold snap, according to Raymond E. Durham, chairman of the Cook county committee of the fuel administration.

"Today 1,336 car loads of coal reached Chicago," said Mr. Durham.

Coal Shortage in Hammond.

Hammond, Ind., Jan. 10.—[Special.]—A hundred families tonight found themselves without coal and no prospect of getting it. Mayor Brown issued a proclamation calling upon every citizen to shovel the snow from the streets and teams are being commandeered to facilitate deliveries. Other cities of the region are experiencing trouble.

PROTEST BY NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 10.—While New York is facing a fuel famine which threatens to close not only theaters, cabarets, and restaurants, but munitions factories as well, shipments of anthracite coal to Canada are being made in amounts equivalent to last year's tonnage with a percentage for increased production, according to a telegram sent tonight to Federal Fuel Administrator Garfield by A. H. Wiggin, administrator of New York state.

"We are not informed that the situation in Canada is as desperate as it is here," Mr. Wiggin's message said. "While we have great sympathy with our Canadian neighbors, we do not think New York should be discriminated against."

Reports which reached Mr. Wiggin respecting the amount of coal "dumped" yesterday at tidewater terminals show a wide divergence from those given out by A. H. Smith, assistant director general of railroads. Mr. Smith's total for Wednesday was 53,450 tons higher than that reported to Mr. Wiggin and by him to Dr. Garfield in his message.

Only six ocean going vessels were supplied with bunker coal Wednesday as compared with twenty-four Tuesday and thirty Monday.

Cut Cardboard Plants.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—The first order for curtailment for the consumption of fuel in industry was given tonight by Fuel Administrator Garfield, directing all manufacturers of paperboard to suspend absolutely the use of fuel of any description in their plants between 7 o'clock Saturday morning and the same hour Monday morning.

Compliance with tonight's order is made obligatory under a penalty. It is estimated that the actual saving of coal to be effected will amount to 780,000 tons annually.

GERMANS SHIFTING FORCES

The closing of the German frontiers between Holland and Switzerland (1 and 2) for thirty days is taken to mean that the big shift of Teutonic forces to the west front is now under way. According to the best information of the allies the bulk of these reserves are to come from the Italian front, where the winter conditions in the mountains make further operations too difficult.

This reported massing of forces in France and Belgium is believed to be the prelude to the great offensive by the kaiser in the west, which has been expected by the allies ever since the collapse of the Russian armies.

It is believed that Von Hindenburg is determined to strike before spring, on the theory that low temperatures are more favorable for an advance than spring weather and its attendant obstacle, mud.

That London believes a winter campaign is to be undertaken was shown in the recent warning issued by Gen. Maurice that the entente nations should be prepared to hear of some temporary reverses.

URGES KILLING ALL TUBERCULAR COWS TO CUT COST

Dr. Robertson Offers Plan to Reduce the Price of Milk.

Slaughter of all tubercular cattle in Illinois, the farmers to be reimbursed by the state and national governments, was suggested yesterday to the state food administration's milk commission as a means to lower cost of production, not immediately, but within a year.

The plan was proposed by Dr. John Dill Robertson, city health commissioner, while questioning Dr. W. A. Evans, health editor of THE TRIBUNE, who had spent practically the entire day answering questions on a multiplicity of subjects.

Dr. Evans stated his belief that it lies within the scope of the milk commission to incorporate such a recommendation in its final report. He said the effect of removing all tubercular cattle from Illinois herds would be felt within a year in a lower cost of production.

Precedent Suggested.

Dr. Robertson called the attention of the commission to the fact that a precedent for such action could be found in the reimbursement of farmers for cattle slaughtered during the "foot and mouth" epidemic.

Dr. Evans refused to yield on his stand taken yesterday that further increases in the price of milk will mean more infant mortality in Chicago and be a menace to the future of the dairy business. He said the commission should "try to determine that price which will represent the greatest amount of consumption and also give proper remuneration to the producer and distributor."

"Supposing, in giving proper remuneration to the farmer and the distributor, that we are forced to increase the price of milk?" questioned Chairman J. S. Miller.

"Then it is incumbent on the commission to put forth a finding that will force changes in methods of production and distribution which will lower the cost," replied Dr. Evans.

Substitutes for Adults.

Dr. Evans urged the substitution of condensed and evaporated milks for fresh milk by adults. Children, he said, must have fresh milk.

"We must do everything we can to limit the use of fresh milk to infants and young children," he declared. "We should encourage use of evaporated and condensed milks by adults."

For children, Dr. Evans said, there can be no substitute for milk; for adults there are many cheaper foods, richer in both calories and proteids. He was questioned at length on this subject.

The plan of establishing milk stations in school houses was taken up by Commissioner Lucius P. Teter. Dr. Evans said he believed the plan would be feasible. Representatives of the City club said they would next week go into this matter at length.

LUTHERANS RALLY AT MEETING OF PATRIOT LEAGUE

A patriotic rally of the newly formed American Lutheran Patriotic league was held last night at the State Council of Defense building, 120 West Adams street. The principal address was by the Rev. G. Schuessler of the Missouri synod, who lauded the patriotism of the Lutheran church and defended it against the aspersion of friendship for Germany.

"None of the Mayflower pilgrims," said Mr. Schuessler, "greeted this land with a holier feeling, and no Anglo-Saxon descended from them holds it in higher esteem than the Saxons who sought the breath of freedom of religious worship here which was denied them in their native Germany. The German Lutheran Evangelical church is emphatically not the church of the German emperor or of the German state."

Other speakers were E. R. Litzinger, Henry Utpatel, and Theodore H. Wunderlich. Mr. Wunderlich asserted there is still much to be done to diffuse a general spirit of loyalty among some German churches, and called upon those present to use their every effort to effect the purpose of the organization. About fifty new members joined the league at the meeting, which was the first of a series which will be held.

CAPITALS GIVE THEIR VERSIONS OF WAR MOVES

Official Reports Tell of Fighting Carried On by Hostile Armies.

FRENCH FRONT

FRENCH.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—The French easily repulsed a German raid against small posts on the western edge of the upper Coucy forest. The artillery fighting was active in the region of Vauxaillon. Everywhere else the night was calm.

BRITISH.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Early this morning we successfully raided at three different points the enemy's trenches southeast of Ypres, inflicting many casualties and capturing a few prisoners and two machine guns.

The hostile artillery was active during the day south of Bullecourt, west of Lens, and east of Ypres.

DAY STATEMENT.

The hostile artillery has shown slight activity in the neighborhood of Gonnelieu (southwest of Cambrai). Otherwise there is nothing to report.

GERMAN.

BERLIN, Jan. 10.—Western theater—Southwest of Ypres there was a lively artillery duel in the afternoon. West of Zandvoorde a strong British reconnoitering attack launched during the night broke down. There was little fighting on the remainder of the front.

In December the enemy losses in aircraft on the German front amounted to nine captive balloons and 119 airplanes, of which forty-seven dropped behind our lines. The rest were observed to fall behind the enemy's positions. We have lost in battle eighty-two airplanes and two captive balloons.

ITALIAN FRONT

ITALIAN.

ROME, Jan. 10.—The artillery struggle generally is not intense, but became more violent at intervals east of the Brenta. Our reconnaissance parties captured prisoners west of Cao di Sotto, and provoked a long reactionary fire by the enemy. At Grave di Papadopoli hostile working and armed parties were dispersed.

Hostile trench mortars in the neighborhood of Saint Dona were silenced by our batteries.

GERMAN.

BERLIN, Jan. 10.—An Austrian official statement says that in the Italian theater, west of Asiago, an enemy attack was repulsed.

WILL ASK RECEIVER FOR VACUUM CO.

A receivership for the United Vacuum Sweeping company, with offices and factories at 2415 West Nineteenth street, will be asked for by Attorney Charles Kramer, representing three creditors, before Federal Judge Carpenter this morning.

SHRAPNEL

Wilbur E. McCauley, 1219 Elwood avenue, Evanston, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McCauley, a jackie at the Great Lakes Naval Training station, was selected yesterday by Capt. Moffett of the naval station as one of forty Great Lakes radio students to be sent to New York to finish their course of training before being placed on active duty. McCauley entered the naval training station three months ago. Two brothers, Leo and Bruce McCauley, are already in the navy, and a third, Lincoln, has tried to get in, but was rejected.

Under the auspices of the Kinzie Men's club of St. James' Episcopal church, Cass and Huron streets, Miss Ada Ward delivered her war message, "With My Blackboard at the Front," last evening in the parish auditorium. The proceeds of the lecture went to swell the fund for concert parties to the front.

A service flag with fifteen stars was unfurled yesterday by the Englewood Dental society at its monthly meeting at the Strand hotel, 6333 Cottage Grove avenue. Dr. J. P. Smith made the presentation speech.

A call for mechanical draftsmen for the United States ordnance department has been issued by the Illinois Council of Defense civilian personnel committee, of which Milward Adams is chairman.

"The School and the War" will be discussed on Monday in a conference of superintendents and principals and the State Council of Defense.

Northwestern university will open a shooting gallery at 1630 Orrington avenue this morning for the students who are taking military training. There will be no charges for use of the gallery and a gold medal will be given each month to the one making the highest score. It will be in charge of Theodore Burkhardt, one of the heads of the military training staff.

ENEMY CHECKED ON ITALY FRONT BY HEAVY SNOW

Campaign May Be Halted Definitely by Big Fall Recently.

[BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Jan. 10.—The enemy's winter campaign appears to have been interrupted seriously, if not halted definitely, by heavy snowfalls during the last twenty-four hours. The snow covers the mountain front to a depth of from three to five feet.

Monte Grappa, which is the central point of the operations between the Piave and the Brenta rivers, has three feet of snow, while further north the positions occupied by the enemy are buried to a much greater depth. The snow barrier is operating strongly against the enemy, as they are on the higher summits, while the Italians are on the lower ground sloping toward the plain.

Little Activity Now.

On Monte Grappa, which is the dominating summit held by the Italians, and on Monte Pertica and Monte Caprile, near-by, held by the enemy, the cannonade fell off today and there was little activity beyond patrol movements. Most of the soldiers are busy clearing the mountain paths so as to permit the steady movement of supplies.

In addition to the interruption at the immediate front, the heavy snowfall may close the enemy's line of communication from Austria southward into Italy.

Avalanches to Follow.

While the lower section is not blocked, indications are that Stelvio pass, which is the vital link in the route, is blocked by from ten to fifteen feet of snow. The Stelvio is the highest pass in Europe, exceeding 9,000 feet, and connects the Adige valley of Austria with the Adda valley in Italy. Snows in that section invariably are followed by avalanches which further block the valleys and available outlets.

The indications are that the enemy will be unable to carry on any large operations, particularly on the mountain front, during the period that his communications are snowbound.

Guard Your Home From Disease

The invisible menace that threatens every home all the time, is the disease germ.

Millions of deadly germs will, in a fews hours, breed in a garbage can, an unwashed milk bottle, a clogged kitchen sink, or anywhere small food particles or any other matter subject to decomposition can collect.

Yet you can make a better fight against disease than it can make against you, if you will fight with Lysol; it will make your home germ-proof.

Lysol is the ideal home disinfectant because it unfailingly and immediately kills germs, no matter what their nature. Its frequent use is simple, easy, economical—and wise.

Get some Lysol today. Don't use it full strength, for that is wasteful. Mix it with water in a jug or large bottle (25 cent bottle makes a two-gallon solution, a 50 cent bottle makes five gallons).

Use a little of this solution every day in the garbage pail, the toilets, the kitchen sink, the stable, the cesspool, the outbuildings, etc. Always put some in scrubbing water, for soap alone will not kill malignant germs.

Lysol Disinfectant

Lysol is also invaluable for personal hygiene for the sick-room. There is but one true Lysol and that is the product made, bottled, signed and sealed by Lehn & Fink. Accept only when in the original yellow package.

Three sizes: 25c, 50c, and $1.00. Sold everywhere.

Lysol Toilet Soap
Contains Lysol, and therefore protects the skin from germ infection. It is refreshingly soothing and healing and helpful for improving the skin. Ask your dealer. If he has none, ask him to order it for you.

Lysol Shaving Cream
Contains Lysol, and kills germs on razor and shaving-brush (where germs abound), guards the tiny cuts from infection, and gives the antiseptic shave. If your dealer has none, ask him to order a supply for you.

OUR SIGN IS OUR BOND
Lehn & Fink New York Inc.
17145

MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY
THE STORE FOR MEN

Our Entire Stock of

Fur and Fur-Lined Overcoats Reduced

Prices Ranging From

$25 to $450

Fur Detachable Collars from $15 to $60.

Fourth Floor.

Fur and Cloth Cap Clearance

Considering the advance in prices on Furs and Woolens in the last two years and the almost certain advance by next Fall, it will profit you to purchase now.

FUR CAPS, in Hudson Seal, Alaska Seal, Beaver, Muskrat, Raccoon and Nutria, reduced to prices ranging from $4 to $27.50.

CLOTH CAPS, in woolens, domestic or imported, with fur, plush, or chamois inbands, $1.35.

SKATING TOQUES, trimmed in marmot, seal or nutria, $3.

First Floor.

Unmatchable Shoe Values at $4.85

If you let this opportunity slip by you'll pay just double for a shoe of equal quality next season. Every style, size and sort is represented in the many reduced lots of shoes we are offering during this clearance sale at

$4.85

Other clearance reductions on shoes at $3.85, $5.85, $6.85 and $7.85.

Main Floor.

THE HUB
Henry C. Lytton & Sons
N. E. Corner State and Jackson

OFFICIAL AND CONFIDENTIAL ASSISTANCE

in Preparing and Filing

YOUR INCOME TAX RETURN

THE United States Government has designated our office as a place of payment of Income and Excess Profits Taxes and, in addition to appointing a Deputy Collector in charge, has delegated one of its experienced Income Tax Inspectors to assist those aff cted in the interpretation of the Federal War Revenue Laws and in preparing Tax Returns.

To insure prompt attention to all, this service will be supplemented where necessary with that of our own tax experts. The service will be entirely official and confidential, and will be rendered without charge or obligation to those availing themselves of it.

If you cannot avail yourself of this service in person, address our U. S. Government Tax Department, either by letter or telephone (Wabash 6900), and we shall send you our booklet on Federal War Tax Laws, which has been characterized by many lawyers, accountants and individuals as the best booklet which has been published on the subject.

We have also obtained n advance supply of official blank forms for the use of those having incomes of $3,000 per year or less, which are ready for immediate use in our office, or distribution by mail to those who are unable to call for them personally. The forms for incomes in excess of $3,000 and for Corporations and Partnerships, we are unofficially advised, will not be ready before January 21, 1918.

HALSEY, STUART & CO.

INCORPORATED—SUCCESSORS T—

N. W. HALSEY & CO., CHICAGO
209 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET

NEW YORK PHILADELPHIA BOSTON ST. LOUIS
DETROIT MILWAUKEE

ONLY SEVEN WEEKS REMAIN IN WHICH TO FILE YOUR INCOME TAX RETURN

Savings Accounts

In accordance with our custom, we will allow interest from January 1st at

3% per annum

compounded semi-annually, on all Savings Deposits made on or before

January 12th

Illinois Trust & Savings Bank

La Salle and Jackson Streets, Chicago

We have paid our depositors more than

$41,000,000.00

in interest since 1890

CERVA

The Worlds Best Beverage

Curried Lobster

Cream two tablespoons butter, one of flour, add cup scalded milk, two teaspoons lemon juice, one-half teaspoon curry powder, salt and pepper. Cut lobster meat in half-inch cubes. Fill in shells, cover with crumbs, bake brown. Serve with CERVA.

A pure soft drink with taste of hops.

Nutritious. Good for digestion.

At druggists', at grocers', in fact at all places where good drinks are sold.

LEMP Manufacturers
ST. LOUIS

SYME, EAGLE & COMPANY
Distributors
Chicago, Illinois

Assure Your Heirs of Competent Trust Service

You do not have to trust the management of your estate to inexperienced hands—

This Bank acts as Executor and Trustee under wills and manages estates efficiently and economically.

Come in and talk it over.

A State Bank

Member
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FOREMAN BROS. BANKING CO.
S.W. Cor. La Salle and Washington Sts.
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SHOCK ABSORBER IN WAR ON MAYOR IN HEALEY PLEA

Graft Trio Victims of Hoyne Fight, Erbstein Declares.

The three defendants in the Healey-Barry-Skidmore graft trial were pleading as the innocent victims of the political fight between State's Attorney Hoyne and Mayor Thompson in Judge Joseph Sabath's court yesterday. This explanation was made by Charles E. Erbstein, attorney for Detective Sergt. Stephen J. Barry and W. R. Skidmore, in his argument to the jury. Mr. Erbstein characterized the graft charges as a part of the general campaign of the prosecutor has made against the city hall forces. He depicted the prosecutor's office as willing to squander the public funds, willing to send innocent men to the penitentiary, and willing to disgrace citizens and their families in order to crush the political power of the mayor's forces.

He declared the defendants were deliberately "framed on" by the prosecutor's assistants, detectives of his office and outside enemies of the three men on trial.

Case to Jury Tomorrow.

Mr. Erbstein talked for three hours Saturday afternoon and ended his plea with another two hour address at an evening session of court. He will be followed this morning by Attorney John J. Healy in behalf of the former state. Attorney Clarence S. Darrow will conclude the argument for the defense, and Judge Elect Frank Johnston Jr. in charge of the prosecution, will have the final word to the jury. Night sessions will be held so that the case may be sent to the jury tomorrow.

"Mr. Johnston has told you that he has always heard the cry of 'frame up' from guilty defendants," Mr. Erbstein said. "I can tell him of one case when he heard the cry from some other than the defendants. It was in the trial of O'Donnell, in the trial of Heitler, when it was a jury of those men who made the cry from the jury box and the cry was hurled at the prosecution and not at the defendants.

Traces State's Affiliations.

"This case here is a monstrous 'frame-up' against my two clients and the evidence proves it. First we find Heitler, 'Mike de Pike,' and we ask the state where, O where, is Heitler? We find Heitler tipping off to his old pal 'Nick' Hunt this awful conspiracy. We find Hunt taking it to Ed Fleming in the state's attorney's office. He goes to Fleming, who has known Hunt since boyhood. Then we find Costello, a friend of Hunt's for many years. Then we find White, Capt. Augustus Martin White, who lived at Desplaines street when Hunt was police inspector there.

"We find every witness for the state against Skidmore all closely associated with Heitler, Hunt, Costello, or White. Why should they be against Skidmore? Why should they 'frame' against him? Because he fought against Hoyne tooth and nail to prevent Mr. Hoyne's election as state's attorney."

Attacks the Prosecutor.

The attorney was bitter in his criticism of the prosecutor's office for allowing resort keepers at hotels at his expense. He characterized the tapped wire telephone conversations as manufactured evidence and declared that the raid on Thomas Costello's office was also a piece with prearranged stage settings, with only Skidmore of the present unacquainted with the actors' lines which had been written in Hoyne's office.

Mr. Erbstein sketched briefly Barry's unsullied police record and his heroism at the time of the Eastland disaster. Mr. Johnston concluded his initial argument to the jury with an attack against Skidmore. He read one of the counts of the indictment which charges Skidmore, Costello, and others with conspiring to operate gambling houses.

"This defendant Skidmore has pleaded guilty to this count from the witness chair in his own sworn testimony," the prosecutor said. "He admitted that he had gone in with these other men to operate two gambling houses. You can do nothing except find him guilty."

FIRED FIRST SHOT

American Gunner from South Bend, Ind., Who Began Hostilities of American Forces Against the Kaiser in France.

ALEX ARCH.

South Bend, Ind., Jan. 10.—Alexander L. Arch, from South Bend, Ind., sergeant in Battery C, Sixth field artillery, is the man who pulled the lanyard on the French seventy-five millimeter gun that sent the first American shell into the trenches of the Germans, according to a letter written by Arch to his fiancée, Miss Volma Szabo.

His description fitted that of the man given the credit by the war correspondents, except in one instance. The gunner was reported to be Irish. Arch is of Hungarian descent.

Through an address delivered in New York by Brig. Gen. Eli D. Hoyle, commander in chief of the department of the east, it was learned that the shot was fired by Battery C, Sixth field artillery. An investigation revealed that the only South Bend man connected with the battery was Arch.

HOUSTON TO SEND 600 ABROAD FOR SPECIAL DRILL

Camp Logan, Houston, Tex., Jan. 10.—Six hundred officers and men to attend schools of special instruction in France are being chosen from the Prairie division. They will precede the division on its trip to the firing line.

The list will be compiled in full on Jan. 15. A number of field officers, majors and lieutenant colonels are said to be among the men named.

About 53 officers and 317 enlisted men from the artillery brigade are slated to go. About 46 officers and 98 men from the two infantry brigades will be on the list. About 42 officers and men from the trains and about 44 officers and men from the machine gun battalion complete the list.

The first of the women nurses for the base hospital arrived today. She is Miss Maud Parsons, who will serve as head nurse of the institution. There will be sixty-five nurses assigned to this post.

Paul Le Bon of Battery F, One Hundred and Twenty-third field artillery, has drawn an assignment to go ahead of the division to the other side. His six brothers, his mother, and three sisters all have been killed by the Germans in the last three years.

The case involving the murder of J. C. Snead came to an end today as far as evidence and testimony is concerned. The arguments will be presented tomorrow. A week may pass before the findings are published.

Former City Employe Adds $2 to Conscience Fund

City Treasurer Smith yesterday received this: "Sir: Inclosed find $2 to be added to the conscience fund. The sender once worked for the city and took property to that value and hereby makes restitution. Tender Conscience."

SPARTAN STUNTS TEST SOLDIERS AT CAMP GRANT

Boxing Bouts in Open Air and Hikes Harden the Men.

Camp Grant, Ill., Jan. 10.—[Special.]—The Spartan training adopted to make the rigors of winter an advantage rather than a detriment to hardy selective soldiers, reached its climax today when a series of boxing bouts were staged in a massive snow amphitheater built on a wind swept parade ground. Both officers and enlisted men battled over the frozen ground while hundreds of khaki clad soldiers roared encouragement from ringside seats made of snowbanks piled fifteen and twenty feet high about the arena by men of the Three Hundred and Thirty-second machine gun battalion.

Blows Draw Blood.

Lieut. Louis F. Swift Jr. opened the unique carnival by defeating Lieut. Loveless of Company C in three rounds. Capt. Edward Cudahy of C company and Capt. J. C. Stevenson of B company fought to a draw that spattered the arena with blood and brought small snowslides from the audience. Capt. O. S. Romine of A company held his own for three rounds with Sergt. "Danny" Goodman, division boxing instructor. After three more bouts between enlisted men Maj. Charles R. Mayo, who acted as referee, cleared the arena and ordered the ground marked for a basketball game between two companies of the battalion.

Seven Win Promotion.

Seven additional artillery officers have received advancement in rank in the day's promotion list. First Lieutenants Stewart J. Templeton, Henry Hooper, and Joseph Neumann are promoted to captaincies. First lieutenancies are conferred upon Gordon McCormick, Henry F. Tenny, Prescott Dudley, and Wilfrid McKay. All of the officers are assigned in the Three Hundred and Thirty-second field artillery.

A healthy soldier in the national army must have $7.50 to spend each month in the belief of military authorities. Pay rolls and allotment lists of the division are being reviewed in consequence and the amount of second Liberty loan bonds contracted for enlisted men will be reduced.

MILLIONS FOR SOLDIERS

Pay Roll for American Army Now at the Rate of Billion a Year.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—The total pay of the United States army in December was approximately $78,580,800, the committee on public information announced today in the second of its series of statements on the pay of the army and navy and the operation of the war risk insurance bureau. This is at the rate of nearly $1,000,000,000 a year.

The total does not include family allowances or compensation for disability of soldiers provided for in the insurance act and paid through the war risk bureau.

The base pay of enlisted men ranges from the $30 a month received by a private on entering the service to the $81 per month received by senior grade quartermaster sergeants of the quartermaster corps, band leaders, master electricians, master engineers of the senior grade, and master hospital sergeants.

Enlisted men, if serving in a foreign country, receive 20 per cent increase in pay, computed on the base pay and service pay prevailing prior to June 1, 1917, when an act of congress increased, for the period of the war, the pay of all enlisted men in amounts ranging from 8 per cent to 50 per cent. Enlisted men on detached duty where no army quarters are available are allowed $15 per month to cover housing expenses and also suitable allowance for subsistence and for heat and light.

DRAFT BOARD MEMBERS QUIT; ROMAYNE SILENT

Refuses to Comment on Report Inquiry Is to Be Made.

Two officials of Chicago draft boards were removed yesterday. They are Jacob Gartenstein, chairman, and Thomas Krall, member, of local division board No. 23. Their successors are Maurice J. Golan and Henry Sloan.

Mr. Gartenstein, an optician at 1606 West Twelfth street, where the board has had its headquarters, said:

"I have tried to resign several times. I gave my service gladly during the handling of Chicago's first quota. For seven months I have worked from sixteen to twenty hours a day. I have spent between $600 and $700 of my own money for supplies and help. I think it only fair that the work be divided. My business is suffering. I notified Washington some time ago to appoint a successor. Yesterday I received a letter that the president had relieved me."

Thomas Krall, the other member of the board to be relieved, could not be reached last night.

Silent on Inquiry.

Col. James Ronayne, Chicago draft director representing Provost Marshal Gen. Crowder, declined to comment on a report that a general inquiry had been launched here into the handling of the draft.

Some attorneys and notaries have been charging excessive prices for legal advice and for aid in filling out the questionnaires, and these are to receive attention at the hands of the department of justice, he said.

"They are just as guilty of an offense as the man who evades the call to service," he declared.

Questionnaires All Mailed.

All except fourteen of the eighty-six boards of Chicago completed the mailing of questionnaires yesterday. Some were delayed because of lack of government supplies. The majority of the boards have already organized their medical examining boards and are awaiting orders to proceed with the work.

JENKIN LLOYD JONES LECTURES.

Jenkin Lloyd Jones, pastor of All Souls' church, will deliver a series of four lectures on "Man's March Through the Centuries" at 8 p. m. Friday evenings, beginning today, at Abraham Lincoln center, 700 Oakwood boulevard.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO

New—Shetland Sweater Coats

A First Showing at a Special Price, $8.95

New colorings—the most radiant tones of rose, brilliant blues, golden yellow, set off by the creamy white of the brushed wool collars and cuffs—so one may choose the sweater coat pictured—

Of Pure Shetland Wool in the Hand-Knit Stitch, $8.95

For the southern tourist who knows how necessary as well as delightful such a coat is, for the woman who wants the new and smart for her indoor skating, this is an offering especially opportune.

A New Way of Wearing the Slip-Over Blouse Sweater

Young girls are turning the deep band at the waist upward, making this sweater coat more youthful and becoming.

In a special group, these in Shetland wool, many beautiful colors, at $6.75.

Third Floor, North.

Corduroy Room Robes, $2.95

Because of a Special Purchase

These smart-looking, comfortable robes, so unusually priced, are offered in just one color—and that is the one so universally favored in robes—

A Most Becoming Shade of Copenhagen Blue

The corduroy is that soft, supple quality, which would be notable even in robes of a higher price, and which lends itself so well to graceful lines.

Note the deep shawl collars, the set-in sleeve defined by a fold, the oddly shaped pockets—all details that emphasize the

—Unusual Value in These Robes at $2.95

Third Floor, North.

Buy Skates Today!

At Spalding's New Store 211-217 South State St.

There never will be a better time to skate than for the next few weeks—and there never will be a better time to buy skates than now. Every playground, every lagoon and a dozen little parks, in addition to the ice palaces, are peopled with thousands of skaters every day. Get into the game! It means health to you.

Come in and see the wonderful assortment of men's sport goods we have on display. It is the most comprehensive stock in Chicago.

Saddlery—Polo Goods

A. G. Spalding & Bros.

211-217 South State Street

Mandel Brothers

Knit underwear, third floor

Special group of 2,000 pairs

tricot silk bloomers

a third below regular price

The manufacturer (we agreed not to use his name because the same bloomer is sold elsewhere at a much higher price) had a quantity of specially woven tricot silk made up into knee bloomers, and sold us the bloomers at a substantial concession.

Emerald, copenhagen and gold. **1.95** Navy blue, lilac, purple and black.

The bloomers are cut full, and all are reinforced where wear requires it. Sizes 4, 5 and 6. *Third floor.*

Are You Looking for an

Extra Good Bargain

in a Slightly Used or Rebuilt

Upright, Grand or Player Piano?

If So, Your Opportunity Is at Hand, as Our

SPECIAL CLEARANCE SALE

offers many attractive values. Every used Piano in our stock is included. Numerous makes are represented and woods such as Oak, Walnut and Mahogany are shown.

A Positive Money-Saving Opportunity

LOT NO. 1 Uprights	LOT NO. 2 Uprights	LOT NO. 3 Uprights
Makes such as Capen, Kimball, Vose, Kingsbury, Lindell, etc.	Makes such as Pease, Vose, Branch, Ludwig, Whitney, Desaix, Milton, etc.	Makes such as Mendenhall, Vose, Milton, Ludwig, Laffargue, etc.
$65 to $125 $5 Monthly	$130 to $175 $5 Monthly	$180 to $225 $6 Monthly
LOT NO. 4 Player Pianos	**Trustworthy Bargains**	**LOT NO. 5 Grands**
Makes such as Whitney, Chilton, Gerhard, Milton, Virtuola, Weber, Northrop, Nevin.	**Excellent Condition**	One Vose Home Grand, one Vose Large Grand, one Vose Parlor Grand. Practically new.
$190 to $375 $8 Monthly	**Fully Guaranteed**	$535 to $625 $12 Monthly

Owing to Sharp Price Reductions, These Pianos Are Bound to Sell Quickly

We Advise an Immediate Inspection

Vose & Sons Piano Co.

Established 1851

309 So. Wabash Ave.

DODGE BROTHERS CLOSED CAR

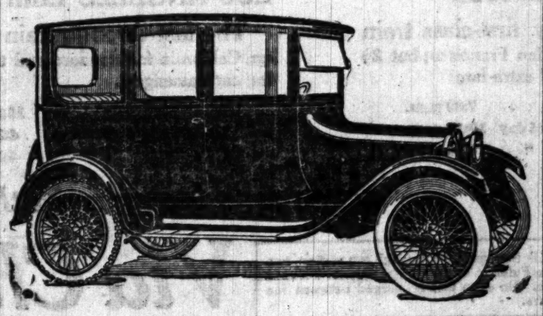
Women drive the convertible sedan as easily as men do, and invariably choose it when choice is left to them.

The convertible features—practical yet unobtrusive—afford the maximum of comfort the year 'round.

It will pay you to visit us and examine this car.

The gasoline consumption is unusually low. The tire mileage is unusually high.

Sedan or Coupe, $1350; Winter Touring Car or Roadster, $1050; Touring Car, Roadster or Commercial Car, $885 (All prices f. o. b. Detroit)



DASHIELL MOTOR CO.

2412 Michigan Avenue **Calumet 7300**

Take Elevator—Save $10

Don't Make Your Dollars Blush

Your dollars are the "forces" under your command. Many of them should be held in a saving "cantonment"—(a bank)—as reinforcements. But you must keep a "detachment" in active service all the time—and if that is well trained it will go out and capture the clothes you want. Don't employ a dollar to pay for a store's big rent or delivery service. Don't detail one of them to pay for a store's loss due to the failure of "charge" customers to pay for the clothes they "purchased."

Take the elevator—to this 3rd floor shop—look over the field of fine, snappy styles in

OVERCOATS & SUITS

At Our Third Floor Prices

17 & 20

Do that! And you'll see the wisdom of ordering your "clothing dollars" to procure for you—the utmost clothes value.

It's enough to make a loyal dollar blush with shame—if it is compelled by its owner to waste its worth in paying for a store's unnecessary selling expenses—which add no value to the clothes it is supposed to obtain.

If you can duplicate these garments in any ground floor store for less than $10 more than our prices—COME BACK AND GET YOUR MONEY.

Monroe Clothes Shop

ELMER E. MARDEN, President

3rd Floor *North American Bldg.* N. W. Cor. State & Monroe Sts.

Write to Dept. 1 and Get Our New Illustrated Fall Style Folder

Open Saturday Night Until Nine.

THE interior decoration of the home is expected to be artistic, sanitary and durable with economy, and there is nothing that will so completely meet these expectations as

Devoe Velour Finish

the oil paint with a soft water color effect, for use on ceilings and walls. Can be washed when necessary, same as any oil paint, and so easy to put on that any one can do it.

Any Devoe dealer will supply color card, or write

Devoe

14-16 W. Lake St., near State

EDUCATIONAL

RAGTIME IN 20 LESSONS. BOOKLET MAILED FREE. CHRISTENSEN SCHOOLS OF POPULAR MUSIC, 20 E. Jackson-blvd. [Harrison 5809]; 1010 Belmont-av. [Lake View 604]; 2117 Logan-blvd. [Albany 2167]; 520 S. Western-av. [West 1311].

MONTICELLO SEMINARY for Young Women and Girls. Buildings worth more than $100,000. Campus 60 acres. Outdoor athletics. Catalog. Address Principal, Monticello Seminary, Box 298, Godfrey, Ill.

Advertise in The Tribune.

Revell & Co. Wool Wilton Rugs

Unusual designs in all the different tone effects.

Size 9x6,	27.50
Size 10.6x8.3,	44.75
Size 12x9,	46.50

Alexander H. Revell & Co.

Wabash Ave. and Adams St.

1918 "Swear-Offs" For Drinking Men

WILL BE BROKEN—because of the demand of the alcoholized system for its accustomed stimulation. The "Neal Way" taken AT HOME in ordinary cases—or in any case at Head NEAL INSTITUTE, 811-15 East 49th St., Chicago, Oakland 439, IS FREE to all who are not able to eat, sleep and work naturally—without stimulation at end of

Three to Seven Days' Treatment

Merchants, Manufacturers, Capitalists and the Great Consuming Public Are All Influenced by Tribune Advertising

Original Defective

PETRIE CAN'T WED GIRL; HIS WIFE WON'T LET HIM

Mrs. Julia C. Petrie Will File Suit Only for Separation.

Henry W. Petrie, composer of "Asleep in the Deep," who is charged with luring 17 year old Laura Hansen from her home in Elmhurst last July, is not to marry the girl to escape criminal prosecution.

Mrs. Julia C. Petrie, estranged wife of the composer, decided this yesterday. Through her attorney, George F. Anderson, she made formal charges against her husband.

These charges are incorporated in a bill for separate maintenance which will be filed this morning in the Circuit court of Du Page county in behalf of Mrs. Petrie.

Comment Is Brief.

Petrie when informed of his wife's action tersed his reply in the quotation: "Hell has no fury like a woman scorned." He was held a week ago in bonds of $4,500 to await the action of the Du Page county grand jury.

Mrs. Petrie in her bill sets forth that she was married on April 2, 1901, at Chicago, and lived with her husband until July 20. Apropos of the "elopement" the declaration recites:

"On that day Henry W. Petrie left and abandoned your oratrix. He abducted a young girl named Laura Hansen. He traveled about the country with said girl as husband and wife and was guilty of statutory offenses."

Cites Large Income.

The bill further declares that Petrie is the beneficiary in a large estate from his deceased mother; that he is an "eminent musical composer" and capable of earning a large income; and that she is destitute and living on the charity of relatives and friends.

Mrs. Petrie in her application for allmony leaves the amount to the discretion of the court.

STATE WORKS ON SUITCASE CLEW IN BANK HOLDUP

First Assistant State's Attorney Sullivan yesterday questioned Mrs. Nell Kelly, 2332 West Monroe street, in regard to the attempted robbery of the Southwest Trust and Savings bank, West Thirty-fifth street and Archer avenue. Mr. Sullivan would make no statement.

Mrs. Kelly was arrested after a bag upon which was attached a tag showing it had been sent to Mrs. Kelly at the Monroe street address from Danville by an express company on Dec. 18, 1916, had been found in an automobile which the bandits used in their raid. In this grip were four revolvers, a checked cap, and a few empty cartridge shells.

At the detective bureau, where she was detained, Mrs. Kelly denied the grip was hers and said she had never seen it before.

RESORTS AND HOTELS. RESORTS AND HOTELS. RESORTS AND HOTELS. RESORTS AND HOTELS. RESORTS AND HOTELS. RESORTS AND HOTELS.

California

CHICAGO AND NORTH WESTERN LINE

THE TRAINS TO CALIFORNIA WILL BE RUN SAME AS USUAL.

Director-General McAdoo Makes it Clear that Passenger Service to the Pacific Coast will not in Any Way Be Affected by the Eastern Changes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 5.—"A wholly erroneous impression seems to have been created in some parts of the United States, especially in California, as to the policy of the director-general concerning passenger train service to the Pacific Coast. Comparatively few reductions have been made or are in contemplation in passenger train service in California or in the West. No changes have been made nor will any be made unless they are necessary to enable the government to deal more effectively with war needs and war problems, which are, of course, of paramount importance.

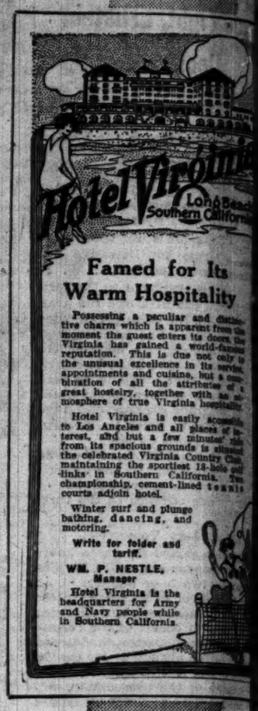
"Such inconveniences as may result from changes imperatively needed for the prosecution of the war to a swift and victorious conclusion must be and will be, I am sure, cheerfully endured by the patriotic people of America. Local interests and individual interests must not be permitted to stand in the way of the supreme need of the nation, and the supreme need of the nation is to use all the facilities and resources of the country to win the war.

(Signed) "W. G. M'ADOO,
"Director-General Railroads."

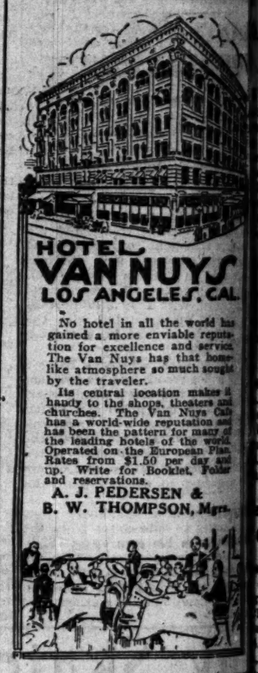
HOTEL CLARK, LOS ANGELES
"Right in the Center of Things," Almost Directly Opposite Central Park

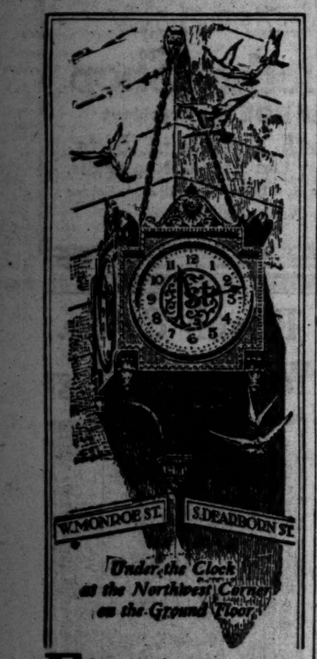
HOTEL CLARK, LOS ANGELES
Its Beautiful Ladies' Parlor

HOTEL CLARK, LOS ANGELES
View of Its Spacious Lobby



CHICAGO AND NORTH WESTERN LINE





First Trust and Savings Bank

Capital and Surplus
$10,500,000.00

James B. Forgan
Chairman of the Board
Emile K. Boisot
President

Interest allowed from January 1 on Savings deposited on or before **January 12**

Hotel Del Coronado

CORONADO BEACH
California

Motoring, Tennis, Bay and Surf Bathing, Fishing, Boating.

Splendid 18-Hole Golf Course.

Hotel completely equipped with automatic sprinkler system.

Located Near San Diego and Camp Kearny.

Conducted on American Plan

John J. Hernan, Manager

DESKS
Tables, Chairs, Filing Cabinets, Office Supplies
LARGEST STOCKS
LOWEST PRICES
The Globe-Wernicke Co., 11 North Wabash and 42 South Wells St.

Through Trains to California

OVERLAND LIMITED

The exclusively first-class train between Chicago and San Francisco; but 2½ days en route. $10.00 extra fare.

Lv. Chicago daily		7:00 p. m.
Ar. San Francisco	3rd day	10:10 a. m.
Ar. Santa Barbara	"	6:25 a. m.

LOS ANGELES LIMITED

The fast through train to Southern California for standard and tourist sleeping car passengers.

Lv. Chicago daily		10:00 p. m.
Ar. Los Angeles	3rd day	4:30 p. m.
Ar. Pasadena	"	5:10 p. m.

SAN FRANCISCO LIMITED

A first-class steel, electric-lighted train for all classes of travel between Chicago and San Francisco.

Lv. Chicago daily		9:40 p. m.
Ar. Oakland	3rd day	7:15 p. m.
Ar. San Francisco	"	7:50 p. m.

Phone Randolph 7800
for information you wish, reservations, tickets, etc.
CITY TICKET OFFICE
148 South Clark Street

All leaving from the Madison Street Passenger Terminal

The OVERLAND LIMITED now carries a through ten section, two compartment drawing room Pullman standard sleeping car between Chicago and Santa Barbara. No extra fare is charged between San Francisco and Santa Barbara.

Via Chicago & North Western Ry.

ULTON STOP EXAS TATE ECOND ROU

ser Hits the F Twice in First Session.

"Tribune" Decisio

ions of "The Tribune" re are:
polis, Mo.—Fred Fulton knock y Tate [2].
lestown, Pa.—Jack McCarron Billy Kramer [6].

olin, Mo., Jan. 10.—[Spe Fulton, claimant of the yweight championship, k Harry (Texas) Tate tonight d round of a scheduled d fight. Fulton scored a in the first round, w hed Tate squarely on top with a right swing. Th Tate.

e started the second round h, but Fulton stopped him of the ring and, leading with his left, literally cut to ribbons, scoring two in the first two minutes o As soon as Tate struggled the second time Fulton lan b to Tate's body that se exan completely off his fee to rise again, but could no McCarney, his manager, th into the ring just as R y Sullivan counted ten.

Fulton Looks Like Champ

lton looked like a real cha t Tate. The big plasterer an ounce of strength, fu ully at all times. After th down he merely played hitting him at will and n g a blow in return. In th Tate scored often, but his d no sting and there was on Fulton to show that h in a fight when he left the r owing the fight McCarney, d Luther McCarty, said: beat Fulton in Little Ro g all the time, but he's jus anybody but a champion to get within reach of. d him. With proper han will whip any man in ."

Storm Keeps Down Crowd.

evere storm struck south uri early this morning and y reduced the receipts. persons saw the fight. e weighed 208 pounds and F One of the most interested was George Fulton, a broth oxer, who has not seen Fre ears and never saw him in a George Fulton came from Neb., to see the bout.

GAN TO FIGHT DOWNEY AGA

Egan and Bryan Downey, that hot ten round battl ukee on Wednesday night to it again. They were ma day for another engagemen ame arena within three w ones, manager of Downey, nnouncement last night. that Downey wasn't "ri e contest and will win the Downey was around town and didn't appear badly but Jones wasn't particu for he dropped something wagers on the Ohio kid. Russell, the south side w who hasn't been doing ugilistically for a long tim to show 'em that he's the g ing to his manager, George Russell has been taking bo during the layoff and is bigger game, as he doesn't gle in the small change en He's willing to tackle

Signs to Fight Champ Herman Fe

aukee, Wis., Jan. 10.—Jo contender for the bantamwe championship, today signe hampion Pete Herman for championship at New Orl The length of the bout, or twenty rounds, will be ed later. Ertle has cancele ment to box at Philadelphia t will take on Kid Wolfe nd the latter part of this m ad to the championship eng

er Smith to Battle Jack Dillon on Jan.

Wayne, Ind., Jan. 10.—Ho Michigan's giant heavywei cked out another tough o or battle. He is matched t unds here with Jack Dillon apolis on Jan. 31. If Sm e will challenge Jack Dem en Fred Fulton.

lock Must Wrestle i s Moines, Army Or

Moines, Ia., Jan. 10.—If k wrestles Wladek Zbyszk his world's championship, im in Des Moines. Follow 's statement yesterday tha Pole would meet in New Y It was announced at Ca where Caddock is an orde Getty, that he would not ed to go to New York fo

en Wrestlers Out r Northwestern Tea

men reported for westl at Northwestern univer ay after Coach Elmer E. Jo nounced that a team would ed. The weights of the n ported range from 135 pou ounds. It was announced t tournaments will be held e classes are organized.

Original Defective

THE GUMPS—THEY KNEW UNCLE BIM WOULD LOOSEN UP SOME DAY.

RED SOX GET M'INNIS AND PHILLY MOURNS LAST OF OLD CHAMPS

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 10.—[Special.]—Having sold the lock and stock, Connie Mack today disposed of the Athletics' barrel. Stuffy McInnis, the last remaining star of the past grand exalted rulers of baseball, will wear a Red Sox uniform next season. (The transaction really was made in Chicago at the time Bush, Schang, and Strunk were sent to Harry Frazee for $60,000 and Players Gregg, Thomas, and Kopp, but for some reason it was not decided to announce it at that time.

Pinching for Connie Mack, who is aboard a train for Florida, Joe Ohl tonight said that McInnis had been traded to Boston. He said that Mr. Mack on his return from Florida would pick players from the Boston team to atone for the loss of McInnis.

Coin Did It, Philly Means.

There is not the slightest ground for believing that Mr. Mack will have the privilege of relieving the Red Sox of any of their stars, such as Bush, Schang, Strunk, Duffy Lewis, Harry Hooper, Hubert Leonard, Clarence Walker, or Larry Gardner.

He may be allowed to kidnap a couple of benchmen, but that will about let him out, and with no definite data at hand excepting the skeletonized announcement, sharps think that money caused the transfer of McInnis to Boston rather than the bait of players.

"Stuffy" McInnis has been a star on the Athletics team almost from the day he arrived in 1909. He was 27 years old last September. Prior to coming to the Philadelphia Americans he played with the New Bedford and Haverhill teams. McInnis succeeded Capt. Harry Davis as first baseman and at once fitted in with Mack's star infield, the others being Eddie Collins, Jack Barry, and Frank Baker.

Big Batting Averages.

In his first year with the team "Stuffy" batted .239, and in every succeeding season with the exception of 1916, when his average was .295, he hit for more than .300.

With the exception of the famous pitching trio—Bender, Coombs, and Plank—the stars of the former world's champions Athletics were disposed of at fancy prices. The total realized on the sale of eleven players was $178,500.

Mack Confirms Deal.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 10.—Connie Mack, who arrived tonight to complete arrangements for the training of the Philadelphia Athletics here this spring, confirmed the report "Stuffy" McInnis would go to the Boston Americans in exchange for players to be picked later. Mack said the Athletics and the Pittsburgh National league club will train here in the spring and play a series of games.

Lavan's Enlistment Does Not Stop Senator Trade

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 10.—Business Manager Quinn of the St. Louis Browns telegraphed today that the deal by which Players Lavan and Shotton were traded to the Washington Americans for Pitcher Gallia would not be affected by the enlistment of Lavan in the naval service. Lavan yesterday announced that he had been commissioned first lieutenant in the medical reserve corps.

Eppa Rixey Given Straps in Gas Defense Troops

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—Eppa Rixey, left handed pitcher of the Philadelphia Nationals, who lives at Charlottesville, Va., has been commissioned a first lieutenant in the sanitary corps of the national army. He probably will be assigned to the gas defense section.

Eddie Cicotte Signs Up as Sox Hurler for 1918

Eddie Cicotte, premier pitcher of the American league, and the real reason for our White Sox winning the world's championship, dropped into Chicago, said hello to President Comiskey, and signed a contract for 1918. Eddie let loose the news from Detroit, last night, but Secretary Harry Grabiner gave it out before Eddie was heard from.

Backers of Sunday Ball Sure N. Y. Bill Will Pass

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 10.—Backers of a Sunday baseball bill, already introduced in the state legislature, are convinced it will pass. The bill would allow professional, as well as amateur games on Sunday after 2:30 p. m.

Cards and Browns Book Series Early in April

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 10.—The spring series between the St. Louis Nationals and the St. Louis Americans will open April 6. Games also will be played April 7, 9, 10, 11 and 13.

In the Wake of the News
By RING W. LARDNER

THE ORIGINAL MR. GIMME.

[Received by the Joyce Lumber Company of Clinton, Ia.]

Oasis, Ia., Jan. 8.

DEAR SIR: Please send me your free lumber price list at once by mail today. Thank you. Send me catalogue prices on all your goods at once. I remain,

Yours, FRED LUMPA.

P.S.—Can you people give me a list of all good wholesalers, manufacturers, and mail order department stores in Clinton, who sell these goods, at once, by mail? Dry goods by yard, silk, satin, percale and calico, and clothing

—men's, women's and Children's dresses, skirts, waists, shoes, jewelry, gloves, and give me all men's tailoring houses—shoes, shirts, caps, overcoats and underwear. Give me all wholesale drug houses selling coffee, candy and drugs, and also furniture, rugs, carpets and household goods. Give me all good mail order wholesale fuel, feed, flour and oil, meal, tankage, and give me all good wholesale produce buyers of junk, eggs, poultry, veal, hides, furs, wool and give me all farm machinery, plows, discs, harrows and gasoline engines and wagons, buggies, harnesses, and give me all good wholesale produce buyers of eggs, poultry, veal and give me all good fruit, bananas, oranges, lemons, celery and fruit houses. Give me all good houses in your city at once please by mail. Give me all shoes houses, men's tailoring and all such at once, please. Give me list of all good houses in Clinton, Iowa, or any city in Iowa who sell direct by mail. Please at once today, tell me who can get me city address book or list of all firms in Clinton who sell direct by mail. Please at once. Thank you for reply at once by mail. Tell me who can give me list in the whole U. S. at once. Please by mail today. Thank you for reply. Send lumber price list at once.

Give me all the information you can.

They're Only Volunteers.

Sparta, Wis., Jan. 9.—[Editor of the Wake.]—The 5 undersigned went through grammar school and high school and a big eastern university and was therefore so ignorant that we enlisted as volunteers in the army instead of waiting to be caught in the draft. So they don't send us no baseballs or bats or footballs or skates, and they don't ask us to spend no holidays in Chicago as guests of the city.

Of course we can't expect the same attention that's showered on the boys at Camp Grant, but sometimes we do get a little hard up for amusement and we were wondering if you could urge some of your subscribers to chip in and buy us a second hand parchesi set or game of fishpond.

H. L. W. J. D. J. F. G. P. H. G.

SOCIETY AND ENTERTAINMENTS.

Mr. E. H. Curran, the younger of the two gentlemen who sit out there at the information desk in the day time and tell you, without cracking a smile, that the city editor is busy, is the author of a song which will be heard for the first time at the First Grand Reception and Ball given by the Beaumont Benevolent association, in Schlitz Hall at the exclusive corner of Nineteenth Street and Blue Island avenue. The song, which will be sung by the author to the tune of "All the World Will be Jealous of Me," follows:

The Germans all envy the boys in the blue,
They are fearing the boys in khaki,
Who are willing to fight
For whatever is right
And take from the kaiser his crown.
And Berlin will envy our Stars and our Stripes,
Just wait till our boys get through;
And when peace is declared
They will shout in the air
Three cheers for the Red, White, and Blue.

The card says the entrée will be at 8 o'clock and the music by Svoboda.

The inmates of the upper stories of the Majestic building, consisting mainly of members of the Western Vaudeville association and the United Booking company, will participate in what their press agent uniquely calls

a monster mastodonic minstrel melange at the Olympic next Sunday afternoon. It's a war benefit and this notice is free.

PERSONAL.

Mr. A. H. R., Lincoln Fairway—Thanks.

DE PAUL NINE TAKES ONE-HIT GAME, 4 TO 0

McElheny of De Paul held the St. Rita nine to one hit in a seven inning Catholic league game at De Paul yesterday and registered a 4 to 0 shutout. The winners found Kamelleck for only six blows, but managed to bunch them in the right spots. Six errors by St. Rita players also helped the home club to its victory. McElheny fanned fourteen batters. Score:

De Paul.	R	H	P	A	St. Rita's.	R	H	P	A
Clark, rs	1	1	0	3	Conick, rs	0	0	1	1
Bamber, ls	0	2	0	1	S.Henny, 2b	0	0	3	0
Minogue, c	0	0	14	0	Kamell'k, p	0	0	0	0
Huber, 2b	1	0	0	2	Calloway, rf	0	0	0	0
McElheny, p	0	0	0	1	Nicht, 3b	0	0	2	1
Scanlon, 1b	1	2	7	0	Mathison, c	0	1	4	1
Sweener, 3b	0	0	0	0	F.Henny, 1b	0	0	7	1
Doherty, lf	1	1	0	0	Lee, lf	0	0	0	0
Montag'e, rf	0	0	0	0	Srady, ss	0	0	1	1
Totals	4	6	21	7	Totals	0	1	18	5

St. Ritas ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
De Paul ..... 0 0 1 0 2 1 *—4

Errors—De Paul, 1; St. Ritas, 6. Two base hit—Doherty. Three base hits—Clark, Bamber. Struck out—McElheny, 14; Kamelleck, 6. Bases on balls—McElheny, 1; Kamelleck, 1.

St. Patrick's academy and De La Salle institute will clash tonight at 7:30 o'clock at Central hall, Twenty-second and Wabash, for first place in the league.

Shaw Taxis Withdraw from Indoor League

Shaw Taxis, leaders of the City Indoor league, last night announced their withdrawal from that circuit, following the action of the officials in throwing out their victory over Hennepin Giants because Umpires Bobby Roth and Matty Fitzpatrick were not league arbiters. Manager Harry Cohen claims the world's championship for his chauffeurs on the strength of their two victories over Marquettes, claimants of the world's title, and their record of having defeated all opponents this season. The Shaws are seeking games. Phone Randolph 2335 and ask for Cohen.

Yanks Book Both Braves and Dodgers at Camps

New York, Jan. 10.—The New York American league team will play in ten southern cities with the Boston Nationals and three games with Brooklyn Nationals in Brooklyn during its training season, it was announced today. The games will start April 1, with Boston at Macon, Ga., and subsequent games at Dublin, Ga.; Augusta, Ga.; Orangeburg, S. C.; Columbia, Greenville, Spartanburg, Charlotte, N. C.; Greenboro and Petersburg, Va. Army cantonments are situated at seven of the southern cities named.

ATTICA QUINTET WINS.

Attica A. C. defeated the Rogers Park Congregational church, 35 to 13, at the latter's gymnasium. A goal by Martinson in the last minute proved the deciding score.

HOT STOVE LEAGUE

BUSINESS of arranging the payment of war tax on baseball tickets will be taken up today by the committee appointed to look after the matter. Garry Herrmann, John Heydler, and President Ben Minor of the Washington club will get together in Washington and try to fix some system that will eliminate pennies from the price of a ticket.

The majors want to charge a flat 10 cents on 75 cent tickets, but the government would not accept more than the legal 10 per cent, which would mean 8 cents on each ducat. It is up to the committee to find some way out of the penny proposition. This will not affect bleacher seats, however, as it is settled the open faced fan will be asked to pay only the regular 10 per cent on his two-bit ticket.

CAMPS SEEK O. K. OF KANSAS CITY MAYOR BEFORE WAGING BOUTS

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 10.—Mayor George H. Edwards today received a telegram from the chief of staff at Camp Funston asking him whether or not he desired that the boxing and wrestling tournament arranged for Jan. 25 and 26 between Camp Funston and Camp Dodge be held here. The ministerial alliance has protested against the tournament, saying that local promoters were to get one-third of the proceeds and that a boxing exhibition with an admission charge would be a violation of the law.

"If the law permits a boxing exhibition I am heartily in favor of it," Mayor Edwards said. "However, it must be a boxing exhibition and not a prize fight. I believe public opinion favors such an exhibition as has been planned."

Mayor Edwards tonight sent a letter to the Camp Funston authorities calling their attention to the Missouri statute which forbids prize fights. While the mayor expressed his personal approval of boxing and wrestling contests, kept well within the bounds of true sport and eliminating all prize fight features, he pointed out his obligation and intention of enforcing the law, leaving it to the promoters of the contest either to cancel the proposed carnival or make the events conform to the law.

The Rev. George P. Baity, chairman of the committee appointed by the alliance to investigate the tournament, said that a public boxing match where an admission charge is made is a violation of the law, and that the Jackson county prosecuting attorney had been asked to prevent any violation of the law.

DUAL WIN FOR DAVIS SQUARE

Davis square's basketball teams took two rousing games at Hamilton park, the lightweights winning from the home team by 25 to 13 and the 105 pounders beating Hamilton's midgets, 16 to 8. Davis square captured the big game by its swift attack in the second half, after being tied at the interval, 5 to 5. All the players vied in scoring.

In the midget encounter the visitors led by the shutout score of 8 to 0 in the opening half, but in the second period the home boys recovered their form and the teams battled point for point. Lineups:

Davis 135s [25].

	B	F	P	T
W.Male'y, rf	3	0	0	0
Agnew, lf	2	0	0	2
F.Male'ay, c	3	0	1	1
Motis, rs	1	0	2	2
Magoski, lg	2	0	2	1

Hamilton [13].

	B	F	P	T
Wright, rf	0	0	0	2
Murphy, lf	0	0	1	2
Crook, c	0	0	1	0
Pickrun, rg	0	0	2	0
Meyers, lg	2	9	1	0

Free throws missed—F. Maleway [3], Magoski, Agnew, Meyers [2].

105 POUNDERS.

Davis Square [16].

	B	F	P	T
Cunning, rf	3	0	0	0
Florence, lf	0	2	0	0
Filipcsak, c	2	0	1	0
Bourd'ski, rg	1	0	0	0
Agnew, lg	1	2	1	1

Hamilton Park [8].

	B	F	P	T
Sully, rf	1	0	0	0
Brown, lf	1	0	1	0
Howard, c	2	2	0	0
Kley, rg	0	0	1	1
Cambell, lg	0	0	2	3

Free throws missed—Filipcsak [2], Agnew [2], Florence, Howard.

MARSHALL FEATHERS, 10; HARRISON, 7.

Marshall High bantams won a practice game from Harrison, 10 to 7, after a hard tussle in the 'tecks' floor, Bass' guarding was an important factor. Lineup:

Marshall [10].	B	F	P	T
Glait, rf	2	0	0	1
Branson, lf	2	2	0	1
Roseman, c	2	0	1	2
Novak, rg	0	0	1	0
Bass, lg	0	0	1	0

Harrison [7].	B	F	P	T
Halek, rf	2	0	1	0
Kre'cnsky, lf	0	0	1	0
Ocasek, c	0	3	1	0
Ostrupol, rg	0	0	0	0
Petrick, lg	0	0	0	0
Itsent, lg	0	0	0	0
Pusch, rg	0	0	0	0

Free throws missed—Bronson, Petrick [2], Ocasek [3].

GOT ANY SKIS?

Camp Grant Boys Are Real Outdoor Sportsmen, and They Also Want Toboggans While the Snow Is Here.

THE soldiers of Camp Grant want toboggans, but don't seem able to get them, so Lewis Omer, sports director at the cantonment, has appealed to THE TRIBUNE. The Sammies also would like to obtain some skis, for there is plenty of opportunity for the winter sports at Rockford. The following telegram was received last night:

Camp Grant, Ill., Jan. 10.—(Sporting Editor Chicago Tribune.)—We have plenty of slides and snow for toboggans, but can buy only 20 toboggans. We need 100 more. Will you, through the columns of "The Tribune," induce your readers to send at once by express any skis or toboggans available? LEWIS OMER, Civilian Sports Director, Camp Grant, Ill.

BACHMAN JOINS NAVY'S ALL-STAR LIST OF ATHLETES

Great Lakes, Ill., Jan. 10.—[Special.] A husky, well proportioned youngster took his place in the detention camp here today with 1,000 other jackies from Chicago. He gave the name of Charles Bachman of Chicago. A brief quiz on the part of Ensign Jack Kennedy disclosed that Bachman is the crack athlete of Notre Dame university who was selected as All-America guard for two seasons. He also was a star track man.

Bachman played prep football at Englewood high school in 1909, 1910, and 1911. He enlisted in Indianapolis as an apprentice seaman in the regular navy. He is directly in line for active service. Bachman has been coaching at De Pauw college at Greencastle, Ind.

Crane Lights Add Austin to List of Victims, 28-7

Crane tech lightweights kept their unbeaten record by handing Austin a decisive defeat, 28 to 7, in the losers' gym. Crane displayed all around work that baffled Austin's efforts, and none of the winners was held to less than two field goals.

PHILADELPHIA GIRL DISPLAYS CUE SKILL; 200 TO 63 TRIUMPH

BY JOE DAVIS.

Miss Katherine Haywood, the young Philadelphia cueist, who is here to play a number of exhibitions for the American billiard players' ambulance fund, made her first local appearance, which was of an informal character, at the Illinois Athletic club last night. In a 200 point game at straight rail she defeated Melville Flinn, one of the best players of the club, 200 to 63, getting high runs of 71 and 48.

In the big run Miss Haywood made over 60 points by the rail nurse. Through the game she showed a mastery over the dead ball draw and executed several good masse shots.

She is the best woman player this country has developed, and with a little more experience will be on a par with the leading amateurs. Attorney Charles Farson, who rendered the decisions, after consulting Blackstone and several other authorities, declared the result a "knockout."

CUBA PRESIDENT SEES DE ORO WIN

HAVANA, Jan. 10.—Alfred De Oro, world's champion three cushion billiardist, tonight won the first block in the championship match with Charles Otis of Brooklyn. The game was won by the narrow margin of one point. Otis was leading by a score of 49 to 46 when De Oro made four points and ran out the block. De Oro was nervous in the first part of the match and failed to make a point until the fifteenth inning, at which time Otis had a lead of 14.

President Menocal, his son and aids, were spectators and the Spanish minister to Cuba referee. The score:

De Oro, 98 innings, score 50; high run, 4.
Otis, 97 innings, score 49; high run, 4.

AT THE BILLIARD ROOMS.

Elwood Cox of Burdick's and Dr. J. F. Barrett are carded to meet at Leffingwell's tonight in the Chicago league.

Charley Morin and Augie Kieckhefer will appear in a three cushion match at the Elks' club, Blue Island, tonight for the benefit of the ambulance fund. Percy Collins and R. I. McGinnis will play at balk line.

THREE CUSHION LEAGUE.

Cleveland, O., Jan. 10.—[Special.]—Charles Ryder of Akron was defeated by Charles McCourt in an Interstate Billiard league game at the Helm academy, 50 to 35. The game went seventy-two innings. Ryder made the highest run of the evening, totaling 5. McCourt's best was 4.

'TRIB' SKATERS HELP DIG CITY OUT OF THE SNOW

Lay Aside Blades on Plea of Playground Officer, All Ready to Race.

BY WALTER ECKERSALL.

Working like demons and forgetting about skating for one day, the kids of the playgrounds who will take part in the finals of the third annual skating tournament of THE TRIBUNE at Garfield park tomorrow, yesterday answered Superintendent Gross' appeal to help clean the streets and sidewalks of their neighborhoods of the snow.

The day's layoff from their favorite sport will not affect the form of the qualifiers for THE TRIBUNE event, which promises to be a greater success this year than ever before, for the kids are fit and ready. They will be sent through final practice today, the instructors having ordered moderate speed trials.

Sharpen Blades for Races.

With the final workouts over, the boys will be instructed to have their skates sharpened, as the ice at Garfield park will be so hard that only razor like blades will enable the contestants to hold their feet on the turns.

In order that the spectators will not have to stand in the snow or walk through it, Foreman Armstrong said the entire pond would be cleared today. The snow has been removed from the pavilion and other places of cantage.

The track over which the kids will race has been laid out and is clear of snow. Today scrapers will be used to make a smooth surface. Unless there is another heavy fall of snow everything will be in perfect shape for contestants.

Names Must Be In Today.

As the instructors must have the names of their qualifiers in the playground headquarters at the city hall before noon today the committee will be ready to announce the names in tomorrow's issue of THE TRIBUNE. The order of events and other details also will be published.

Skating enthusiasts are advised to use the Madison street car line or the Oak Park elevated or Lake street as means of transportation to Garfield park. A wide path has been cleared from the pavilion to Madison street, a distance of one block, and a similar path from the Hamlin street station of the Lake street elevated to the lagoon.

A number of inquiries have been received asking if there is skating at the public parks. There is no skating at Jackson or Washington parks or on the Midway. A small area has been cleared at Lincoln park and after today there will be skating at Garfield and Humboldt parks.

Morin Beats Kieckhefer in Rockford Game, 100-93

Rockford, Ill., Jan. 10.—[Special.]—Charley Morin of Chicago defeated Augie Kieckhefer, 100 to 93, in 126 innings in their three cushion match at the Lewis room today. Morin had runs of 7 and 5, Kieckhefer getting a brace of eights. The match was for the benefit of the American Billiard Players' Ambulance fund, and the collection netted $253. Capt. Clark Snyder of Camp Grant refereed.

FOX A. C. VS. SPORTSMEN'S.

Elgin, Ill., Jan. 10.—The Fox Athletic club basketball team, made up of former college stars, will meet the Illinois Sportsmen club of Chicago tomorrow night at the Howland school, Chicago. The A. C. is champion of the Fox River valley and expects to give the Sportsmen five its first defeat of the season.

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BLACK JACK

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Spend this evening with them and enjoy novels, stories, articles and pictures as you have never enjoyed them before

Once there was a Single-Harness Performer who, at the age of 22, had put a curse on women because a Hat-Trimmer threw him, but who now, later on, and in the light of Events which did not seem to be progressing toward anything in Particular, showed signs of Slipping, Skidding, Back-Pedaling, and Retreating to a new Line of Defence.—from a New Fable in Slang in February Cosmopolitan by

George Ade

The difference between one man's dread of writing and another man's dread of writing is merely a difference of degree, not of kind. And if any among you asserts that he has no fear of the written word merely because it is written, let him try the following experiment.—To find out, you'll have to read "The Diary Habit" in February Cosmopolitan by

Arnold Bennett

"But I'm too young to marry now. You know that Shirley, don't you? I haven't placed myself in any way yet, and I'm so restless that I don't know that I ever will, really."—He went away and sent Shirley this letter. Did she turn to "The Second Choice." Answered in February Cosmopolitan by

Theodore Dreiser

All mankind is a chain—
Each life a link or great or small;
United portions of the All;
And he who harms a living thing
Harm to the whole vast world must bring.
—from "Good Mothers" in February Cosmopolitan by

Ella Wheeler Wilcox

"We're an ugly lot," said old Jolyon suddenly. "Amazes me to see how love triumphs over that."
"Love triumphs over everything."
"The young think so," he muttered.
"Love has no age, no limit, and no death."—from "The Indian Summer of a Forsyte" in February Cosmopolitan by

John Galsworthy

She picked up the letter and examined the way her husband signed himself, "Affectionately," which had been abbreviated to a rapid "Aff." She found it depressingly mechanical, matter of fact, business-like, and lacking the true savor of romance.—A light on Amy Forrester's character in "Virtuous Wives" in February Cosmopolitan by

Gertrude Atherton

"Guess he don't know I'll be twenty-one in November. Have a little money then. He can't put it over me. I'll buy his old paper. Or start another one. I'll make the town too hot for him. Thinks he owns all Sunbury. But he DON'T."—Was Henry the Ninth able to put this over? Read "Tiger, Tiger" in February Cosmopolitan by

Sam Merwin

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If you are not among this million—if to you Cosmopolitan is only "another magazine"—glance at the great names on this page and see what you have been missing.

Who writes more entertaining novels than Robert W. Chambers, Owen Johnson, Booth Tarkington, or Elizabeth Robins?

Who tells a better story than John Galsworthy, Sam Merwin, Theodore Dreiser, George Randolph Chester or Arthur B. Reeve?

Is there a more interesting tale of adventure than Rex Beach's story of his and Fred Stone's pursuit of the cowardly cougar?

Who writes more patriotic, inspirational messages than Herbert Kaufman; what poetess commands a larger following than Ella Wheeler Wilcox?

What essayist writes more cleverly than Arnold Bennett?

Whose memoirs are more interestingly told than those of Lillie Langtry?

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Spend twenty cents for a copy of February Cosmopolitan today before the edition is exhausted.

Then, this evening, enjoy the favorite magazine of more than a million good Americans.

"You boys move too fast for good pictures," he complained. "Why I didn't get fifteen feet of Fred in that tree. You must take your time. Stick! When I get you right, STICK! Gee, I'll be a joke at the Screen Club if this keeps up! You guys will ruin my reputation."—from the cougar hunting adventures of Rex Beach and Fred Stone. Told in February Cosmopolitan by

Rex Beach

It was not the habit of George B. Jashber to take sarcasm into account, except when uttered in either a savage or a mocking tone of voice; and he forthwith came to the simple conclusion that both his parents believed Mr. Herbert Hamilton Dade's profession to be that of stealing horses.—Jashber is our old boy friend Penrod in his new role as a detective. Read the novel, "Penrod Jashber" in February Cosmopolitan by

Booth Tarkington

Cook the Kaiser's goose on your own stoves!—from February Cosmopolitan by

Herbert Kaufman

She rejected the worn out conventions with which he attempted to chain her—this apostle of personal freedom. She cared for her profession—he married her when she was on the stage—and she absolutely insisted on her right to continue it.—from "The Restless Sex" in February Cosmopolitan by

Robert W. Chambers

Without a word J. Rufus picked a package from his seat. "Here's where I get rid of you," he chuckled, as he tore off the paper wrapper and handed a small wooden cage to Blackie. It contained a ———.—Read "Jolly Bachelors" to find out what the genial scoundrels slipped over. In February Cosmopolitan, and by

George Randolph Chester

"Did you want to be married in church?" She stared through the dusk of her veil. "Where else—" There was a difficulty, she heard, about being married in church. The Church of England took the old fashioned view—from "Camilla," a Novel of Divorce in February Cosmopolitan by

Elizabeth Robins

I had just returned to London after two or three enjoyable days spent at the Duke of Fife's house at Sheen—and was once more settling down to the mutton chop of adversity when the card of Mrs. Henry Labouchere was handed to me"—this was the beginning of Lillie Langtry's stage career as told in February Cosmopolitan by

Lillie de Bath

(Lillie Langtry.)

The managing editor of the STAR shoved over at Kennedy and myself whom he had called urgently by telephone one evening, a confidential tip that had been sent in by messenger from the reporter assigned to the army cantonment out at Camp Mahan on Long Island.—What the reporter found and how Craig Kennedy solved the mystery is told in "The Black Cross" in February Cosmopolitan by

Arthur B. Reeve

SECTION TWO.
GENERAL NEWS,
SOCIETY, MARKETS,
WANT ADS.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

Don't put this paper down until you have read The Editorial Page

FRIDAY, JANUARY 11, 1918.

* * 13

MORRIS BARES CHECK KITING IN MUNDAY DEAL

Tells an Amazing Story of How Rosehill Cemetery Was Controlled.

The amazing "inside" story of how the C. B. Munday crowd obtained control of Rosehill cemetery and caused its perpetual care fund to pay for the stock that went to Munday, H. W. Huttig, and others, aided by the late La Salle Street National bank and the Munday string of downstate banks, was told in explici deail yeserday by Joseph O. Morris.

Morris is he man who handled the original business of securing options on the "Lansing stock," which formed the controlling interest in the Rosehill company. He was general counsel for the Rosehill company as reorganized after it had passed into control of the Munday-Huttig combination. He testified before Master in Chancery Louis J. Behan in the Central Trust suit that is being prosecuted by Receiver W. C. Niblack of the La Salle Street Trust and Savings bank.

Morris Gives Details.

Morris bared everything. He told how the deal was started and how it was financed. His story in substance was this:

In April, 1912, Huttig, Munday, and others entered into an agreement to purchase 2,678 1-3 shares of the Rosehill Cemetery company from the Lansing interests, and an arrangement was reached whereby certain securities could be put into the perpetual care fund in order to raise the necessary cash to swing the deal.

On May 20, 1912, the deal was closed by the payment of the initial cash installment to the Lansing interests of $117,083.21. On that date the note of H. W. Huttig for $67,083.21 was discounted by the La Salle bank.

On the same day, May 20, the new proprietors took possession, held a meeting, elected officers, and directed the treasurer, on motion of the witness Morris, to purchase $100,000 worth of bonds of the Litchfield Mill and Elevator company.

On May 25 $50,000 was paid on the Huttig note by a charge to the Rosehill perpetual care fund and a new note was taken for $17,083.21.

Raising of $50,000.

The story of how the rest of $50,000 was raised through the Munday string of downstate banks, that closed simultaneously with the La Salle Street bank, is told in the following taken from yesterday's record:

On May 20, 1912, Huttig deposited to his own credit in the La Salle bank three checks from Muscatine, Ia., as follows:

1. A check on the Muscatine State bank for $16,500.
2. A check on the First National Bank of Muscatine for $16,500.
3. A check on the Hersey State Bank of Muscatine for $17,000.

"Amounting in the aggregate to $50,000. Huttig, at the time, had no funds in these Muscatine banks and the credit was established to make the checks good by elaborate exchange of checks between C. B. Munday, the Bank of Marine, C. B. Munday & Co., Litchfield, Ill., the La Salle Street National bank, the Litchfield National bank, and the Litchfield Mill and Elevator company, the Farmers' bank of Betholto, Ill., the Bank of Smithboro, and the Rosehill Cemetery company.

All Checks Kited.

Attorney Gilbert here said: "Of course, our claim is that these checks of Huttig on the Muscatine banks were not any good. He hadn't any funds, and in order to show that they were paid on the books of the back these other checks were put through, and they were all kites and worthless."

Attorney Fink said: "Well, I will stipulate that they were kites."

ALL EMPLOYES OF DRAINAGE BOARD GET PAY BOOSTS

The high cost of living battled for a few minutes yesterday with economy advocates, cost of materials, and President Charles H. Sergel of the drainage board. After the smoke had cleared away almost every employé of the sanitary district had received an increase in salary. In some cases increases were imperative because of labor union demands.

In the law department attorneys received increases amounting from $300 to $1,200 a year. Chief Attorney E. D. Adcock's salary was increased from $10,800 to $11,000 a year.

In the engineering department George M. Wisner's salary was raised from $9,000 to $11,000. E. J. Kelley of the engineering department now will receive $9,000 instead of $7,500.

"I cannot feel that it is justifiable to grant additions to salaries," said President Sergel. "Salaries are already high, and our watchword should be economy during these critical times."

The total revenue for this year will be $8,625,466. According to these figures the tax levy for 1918 will have to be $6,651,527. The budget for the various departments will total $14,676,994.

Trench Pigeons Are to Be Shown at Poultry Exhibit

Army carrier pigeons, such as are being used in the allied trenches, will be shown today and tomorrow at the poultry show at the International amphitheater, Forty-second and Halsted streets. Several of them will be released Sunday afternoon for flights to St. Louis.

OLD DOC HODGENS SEEKS BUSINESS EVEN IN COURT

Alleged Quack Gets a Delay in Hearing of Charge.

Portly "Old Doc" Hodgens, called the chief of quacks in Chicago, came into the South Clark street court yesterday, accompanied by Joseph Weil, an employé in Attorney Clarence Darrow's office, to answer a charge of swindling Joseph Jacob, 1706 West Chicago avenue, out of $150, with fake treatment tricks. The attorney requested and was given by the court a continuance until Jan. 31.

Hodgens, who was dragged out of his office vault and thrust into a cell at the detective bureau Wednesday night, refused to talk to reporters. With a weather eye for business always open, however, he did manage to strike up a conversation with an attaches of the court whom he cordially invited to visit him for treatments. The "Doc" is at liberty under $1,000 bonds.

Imposter Is Sentenced.

Judge William N. Gemmill in the Municipal court yesterday sentenced W. Thomas to serve six months in the bridewell for practicing medicine without a license. Thomas was arrested in his fake medical office at 1300 West Madison street last Monday night on the complaint of John J. Conroy, inspector for the department of registration and education. He had been conducting a medical practice for several years under the name of Dr. A. E. Thomas, a retired physician, whose name and license he "borrowed" to carry on his fake practices. Last July Thomas, under the real doctor's name, was indicted on a murder charge in connection with an illegal operation.

Uses Another Doctor's Name.

The real Dr. Thomas had not been practicing medicine for almost ten years, but had been residing in Michigan engaged in other work. The fake "doctor" learned of this and after appropriating his name made affidavits to the state board of health that "his wife" had destroyed "his" license in a fit of anger.

State authorities accepted the affidavits as proof of Thomas' authenticity and sent him a duplicate of the original license issued to Dr. A. E. Thomas.

CUPID'S PICTURE MAY HIDE PLOT OF TEUTON SPY

Mystery so thick you can see it clings to a little batch of oil paintings in the office of Rivers McNeill, collector of customs. His job at present is largely to decode spy messages and stop the slipping by of messages to the enemy.

One day not long ago Miss E. Campen of 456 Belden avenue should have received these oil paintings, but she did not. Mr. McNeill learned that they came from K. Leuthold, a German prisoner of war at Amherst, N. S. So he sent an operative out to talk with Miss Campen.

It was suspected that possibly some code might be "painted into the pictures."

Miss Campen only added to the mystery by refusing to talk.

The next time operatives called to see her she was gone, they say.

One of the paintings showed a submarine plowing through the waves. Another was a scene from the palace grounds of the "Mad King of Bavaria" with swans swimming in the stream before a pergola. A third shows two lovers standing under a statue of Cupid.

The pictures look innocent enough, but—

These are times to be careful, says Rivers McNeill.

START SEARCH FOR BROTHER OF MRS. TROUT

As the result of his alleged failure to pay alimony, first of $75 a month and later of $100 a month, search has been instituted for Stuart B. Wilbur, brother of Mrs. Grace Wilbur Trout. Mrs. Clara Wilbur says she has not seen her husband since he filed suit for divorce last April. In his suit Wilbur alleged Mrs. Wilbur had "an ungovernable temper" and he also made mention of an alarm clock whose matutinal tinklings were said to have disturbed his normal peace and calm. The Wilburs have three daughters.

24 FAMILIES ARE DRIVEN OUT BY NORTH SIDE FIRE

Children, One a Cripple, Saved After They Start Blaze.

Twenty-four families lost their homes yesterday in a fire that partly destroyed the four story brick apartment building at 533-35 West Oak street. Four children, one a cripple, were rescued. The fire was near "Death Corner," in Little Italy.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Farina, parents of the four children, were not home. In their apartment on the third floor they had placed $5 in war savings stamps and $100 in cash in a bureau drawer. This, as well as new furniture which had been delivered yesterday morning, was destroyed.

Snow Hampers Firemen.

A box of matches found by 7 year old Joseph Farina is said to have caused the fire. Frank Russo, the janitor, heard screams and smelled smoke. He ran to the Farina apartment and carried 12 year old Mary, a paralytic, and a 6 months old baby to safety. His brother rescued Joseph and Rose, 5 years old.

Drifts hampered the work of the firemen, and it was over an hour before they had the flames under control. The loss is placed at $40,000. The building was owned by the Rev. John Angelucci, pastor of the Church of the Assumption, 313 West Illinois street.

Movie Audience Driven Out.

A loop fire stopped rush hour traffic last night, apparatus and lines of hose blocking Madison, Clark, and Dearborn streets. It was in the basement of a motion picture theater at 58 West Madison street, adjoining a restaurant, which uses the basement as a commissary.

Few persons were in the theater at the time and there was no excitement, even the piano player being unaware of the blaze. Detective Sergt. Gustav Thomas happened to be near the theater and he took command of the audience. It was composed chiefly of men, it being a "vampire" picture, and the theater was soon emptied. The fire did little damage.

Fire Witnesses Questioned.

Investigation of the Chicago Avenue theater fire, 2122 West Chicago avenue, in which four firemen lost their lives, was begun yesterday by Fire Attorney John R. McCabe. Durke Kemp, proprietor; Mrs. A. Dawson, manager; Mrs. Elizabeth Rademacher, cashier; Mrs. Clyde B. Callicotte, pianist, and William Johnson, janitor of the theater, were closely questioned, as was Albert Mee, 3324 West Park avenue, formerly employed as a drummer in the orchestra, at whom suspicion was directed for a time because of certain of his statements, which were of a conflicting nature and in contradiction of the testimony of other witnesses. Mr. McCabe finally determined that there were not sufficient grounds upon which to hold Mee.

Arthur R. Larson and James Brichta of the fire prevention bureau gave their opinion that the fire originated in the basement of the theater, under the stage, and the authorities went on the theory that it was of incendiary origin.

Prisoner Charged with Plan to Smuggle Letters

Louis Parente, in the Cook county jail, wrote to Michael Centrone, in San Francisco, giving him full instructions how to smuggle correspondence into the jail here, according to a telegram from San Francisco last night. Parente was recognized as the head of the Italian I. W. W. in San Fransisco up to the time of his arrest. Centrone is being held in connection with the dynamiting of Gov. Stephens' mansion at Sacramento, Cal.

Nifty Aviator Accused of Impersonating Officer

A young man in the niftiest of leather aviation uniforms was arrested last night at Clark street and Grand avenue, charged with impersonating an army officer. A registration card indicated he was Irving McGinnity of Providence, R. I., and he said he had been a student at the University of Pennsylvania. He had been a guest at the Alexandria and Bradley hotels, the police say. He will be turned over to the federal authorities this morning.

AIN'T IT A GRAND AND GLORIOUS FEELIN'?

BOULEVARD LINK "EXPERTS" FEES TOTAL $579,366

Money Drawn Without Men Who Got It Qualifying.

Politicians have reaped a rich harvest in doing legal, engineering, and "expert" work for the city in connection with the "boulevard link" project. Since 1914 the city has paid $579,366 for these services. Except for approximately $25,000 spent during the administration of former Mayor Harrison, the balance has been spent by the Thompson régime.

It was asserted yesterday that if politicians have been paid most of this money, part of the blame rests with the city council committee on finance, because it did not carry out its own rule of looking into the qualifications of attorneys and real estate and building experts before they were hired.

No Meeting Held.

To absolve itself the committee has appointed a subcommittee to go into the question of payments to real estate experts. Ald. Oliver L. Watson is chairman of this, but so far it has not held a meeting.

The figures showed that the link project money was spent as follows:

1914, $11,050.
1915, $31,050.
1916, $211,136.
1917, $336,130.

Many Known Politically.

A survey of the list shows many men who are known politically. John F. Miller is manager of Mayor Thompson's real estate business. Frank H. Mesce is a close associate of Ald. M. A. Michaelson, the mayor's council floor leader. Louis J. Behan is a partner of Homer K. Galpin, chairman of the Republican county central committee. William A. Bither is considered the mayor's Third ward leader. Roger Faherty is a son of the president of the improvement board. Richard S. Folsom was the mayor's first corporation counsel. Harry Goldstine was a political lieutenant of Carter H. Harrison, as were Thomas J. Powers and John M. Kantor, now president of a company operating the Moulin Rogue gardens.

Many charges have been made before the finance committee that some of the men engaged on the link work were hired more for their political ability than anything else.

On the other hand it is admitted that some of the experts are well qualified.

HOW MONEY ROLLS OUT

Those Who Have Drawn Fees for Services as Boulevard Link Experts.

Those who have drawn the city's money on the boulevard "link" project since 1914:

REAL ESTATE EXPERTS.	
William H. Babcock	$14,500.00
William D. Cousin	16,387.50
Harry Goldstine	26,725.00
Ernest H. Lyon	20,200.00
Walter H. McDonald	11,525.00
A. M. McKay	1,954.16
J. C. McCord	7,987.50
John F. Miller	4,162.50
Walter Mills	12,400.00
Fred S. Oliver	16,200.00
Frederick K. Root	21,150.00
F. D. P. Snelling	20,875.00
Ed C. Waller Jr.	19,287.50
Robert White	9,625.00
Thomas C. Fair	50.00
John Larson	250.00
Charles M. Nichols	6,700.00
H. A. Clare	25.00
G. T. Dockerty	35.00
C. E. Carson	8,900.00
Austin J. Lynch	33,706.28
Frank H. Mesce	31,632.47
C. W. Davidson	12,875.00
LAWYERS.	
Louis J. Behan	5,275.00
William A. Bither	27,575.00
Matthias Concannon	4,062.50
William H. Dillon	2,800.00
William J. Donlin	27,000.00
Eugene H. Dupee	4,583.28
Roger Faherty	15,150.00
Albert Martin	14,050.00
Richard S. Folsom	9,225.00
TRAFFIC EXPERTS.	
Harry A. Goetz	5,600.00
William P. J. Halley	6,400.00
SPECIAL INVESTIGATORS.	
Charles J. McDonald	1,392.00
John M. Kantor	3,050.00
ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT.	
Richard G. Schmid	44,887.40
EXPERT SERVICES.	
G. L. Claussen	50.00
Claude E. Fitch	1,000.00
Thomas J. Powers	10,000.00
Callistus S. Ennis	4,000.00
Samuel H. Hodge	4,000.00
Frederick J. Tucker	1,050.00
Total of amounts	$488,303.09
Unpaid bills approved	91,063.00
Total	$579,366.09

Buckminster, Associate of 'Yellow Kid,' Gets Bail

Frederick Buckminster, recently indicted with Joseph Weil, known as the "Yellow Kid," and several other alleged confidence men, was released last night on bonds of $100,000, signed by Rudolph Schwalb, 4423 Calumet avenue; Hattie Stricker, 69 East Fifty-third street, and David and Lena Marer, 6238 Indiana avenue.

CUPID AND MARS GO OVER TOP ARM IN ARM

Marital Drive Brings Estrangement and Wedding.

The entente between the war god Mars and Cupid continues to be productive of curious fantasies.

For instance in the family of S. Percy Buchanan of 4937 Washington Park court Cupid frowned on a romance of his making and drove one man into war. Mars beckoned to another young man and drove him into matrimony.

Here is the way it all happened:

Last Saturday Drayton B. Buchanan, 24 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. S. Percy Buchanan, and Mrs. Marie F. Smith, a pretty widow of 22 years, were married by the Rev. James Frothingham of 4740 Dorchester avenue.

Not an Elopement, Says Mother.

"Drayton is going to enlist in the marines," his mother explained last night, "so he and Marie decided to marry at once. She is a sweet little country girl who has been a guest in our home and I thoroughly approved of the match. No, it was not an elopement. I was there."

At the same time that Mrs. Buchanan confirmed her son's marriage, which was a secret up to yesterday, she admitted the separation of her daughter, Babette Buchanan Caswell, who was married a year ago by the same clergyman to Gerald Caswell, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Caswell of 5000 Drexel boulevard.

Following the Caswell marriage, which was the culmination of an exciting courtship in which the engagement was broken at least once, the young couple went to Akron, O., where the young bridegroom engaged in the rubber business. Domestic discord arose after a few months and last July Mrs. Caswell returned to her parents' home in Chicago.

Agreed to Disagree.

"They just agreed to disagree," Mrs. Buchanan explained. "No, there won't be a divorce. Gerald wrote us recently from Washington, where he is arranging to go into the aviation section. He said that so long as he is married in name only he might as well go into the army."

Mrs. Drayton B. Buchanan, the newest bride, said that she was widowed when 17 years old. She declined to further reveal her identity, but declared that she had known her husband a long time.

PLAYED HOOKEY

Principal Frederick J. Lane of the Edward Jenner School Was Accused by Mrs. Lane.

BLANCH G. LANE won separate maintenance yesterday from Frederick J. Lane, principal of the Edward Jenner school. She charged cruelty and intimated that her husband "had been out with one of the teachers."

Mrs. Annie L. Bates of 1325 Ardmore avenue rose, took the oath, and ascended the testimonial booth.

"* * * and he moved this woman from the south side to Wilson avenue," she testified. "He wanted to get her nearer. Finally he left me 'cause he couldn't afford to keep up two establishments."

And Judge David M. Brothers granted her a divorce from Lewis Bates.

Maude W. Fischer, 1739 North Sawyer avenue, asserted that Walter had "kept company with another girl," and that he stayed out late at night. She was freed.

FIND DESERTERS; JACKIE'S DEATH MAY BE CLEARED

Chief Master at Arms R. C. Brown, in charge of the naval patrol in the loop, said last night that the murder of John Henry Becker would, in his opinion, be cleared up by the arrest in St. Louis of two deserters from the naval station. Brown said the arrest was made on information given the naval authorities by a woman.

The men arrested are John Dell Claude, a former gunner's mate on the U. S. S. Texas and Roy Dunn, an apprentice seaman.

The police think the arrest of Dunn and Claude will clear up the hitherto unexplained attacks on sailors, the most baffling of which was the murder of young Becker in the Sharpless building in Washington boulevard.

U. S. Cavalrymen Capture Ten Yaquis in Battle

Douglas, Ariz., Jan. 10.—A detachment of American cavalry sent into Bear Valley, twenty-five miles west of Nogales, yesterday, to observe trails, clashed with a band of Yaqui Indians, capturing ten, one of whom died in a hospital at Nogales of wounds, according to a telegram today from the commandant at Nogales.

EGG PRICES SOAR AND U. S. AGENT WARNS DEALERS

Told They Must Not Take Advantage of the Weather.

Egg prices at Chicago yesterday reached a new high level for the season, selling up to 65 cents a dozen in wholesale lots to the retailer. This was an advance of 4 cents a dozen. The food administration's "fair prices to the consumer" were not advanced proportionately, but consumers who insisted on fresh eggs at the government figures most generally found the retailer "just out of supplies."

Government in Warning.

Cold storage eggs were advanced 2 cents a dozen to 43 cents, and Food Commissioner Priebe, local representative of the butter and egg division under Commissioner Hoover, took advantage of the rise to notify dealers that any further advance would be considered as taking advantage of unusual weather to secure unjust profits.

Quick work by the food administration saved three carloads of tomatoes from being ruined yesterday. The vegetables had been shipped from Cuba and the shipper refused to deal with a commission firm on the terms offered. A cablegram was sent to Havana by R. L. Evans of Harry A. Wheeler's office, asking the shipper if he would permit the carload to be handled by the food administration on the best basis possible, and a favorable reply was received.

To Avoid Waste.

"More than $300,000,000 worth of perishable products are handled in Chicago every year," said Mr. Evans yesterday, "and we have committees at work to devise plans for preventing the great waste that has been going on. As Chicago is the biggest market for produce in the country, it is hoped that the regulations adopted here will be made uniform in all parts of the United States, with special modifications for certain points.

"The committees are working to formulate regulations which will become part of every purchase, shipment, and sale of perishable products. We aim to fix the responsibility for any losses due to delay in unloading or handling such shipments and to safeguard interests of shippers and consumers at every point possible."

County administrators for Illinois of the food administration are to meet tomorrow and Sunday. They are to attend a luncheon tomorrow at the Hotel Morrison and will also go to the food show at the Coliseum.

LETTER, LIKE THE FAMOUS BROOK, RUNS FOREVER

The moral of this story is, don't start something you can't stop. That's what the former French consul, M. Heritte of Seattle, Wash., appears to have done when in perfect good faith he started a chain letter called "An Honorable Appeal to American Business Men" and asked for funds for a hospital in France, promising that the American Red Cross would give $2,000 for every $1,000 raised by the national American committee represented by those subscribing through the letter.

The hospital has been built, the American Red Cross has turned thumbs down on all chain letters using its name, M. Heritte has been transferred, but still this particular chain letter goes on forever.

The present French consul in Seattle has made every effort to stop it, the money sent in the letters has been returned wherever it has been possible, and still the letters come in till the Seattle postoffice is likely to be swamped with them, and the Seattle newspapers have been forced to get out a form letter to answer inquiries regarding the "Appeal to American Business Men." The Chicago chapter of the Red Cross has also had a great many inquiries about the letter.

EMMA MAY HAVE TO USE I.W.W. CASH FOR INCOME TAX

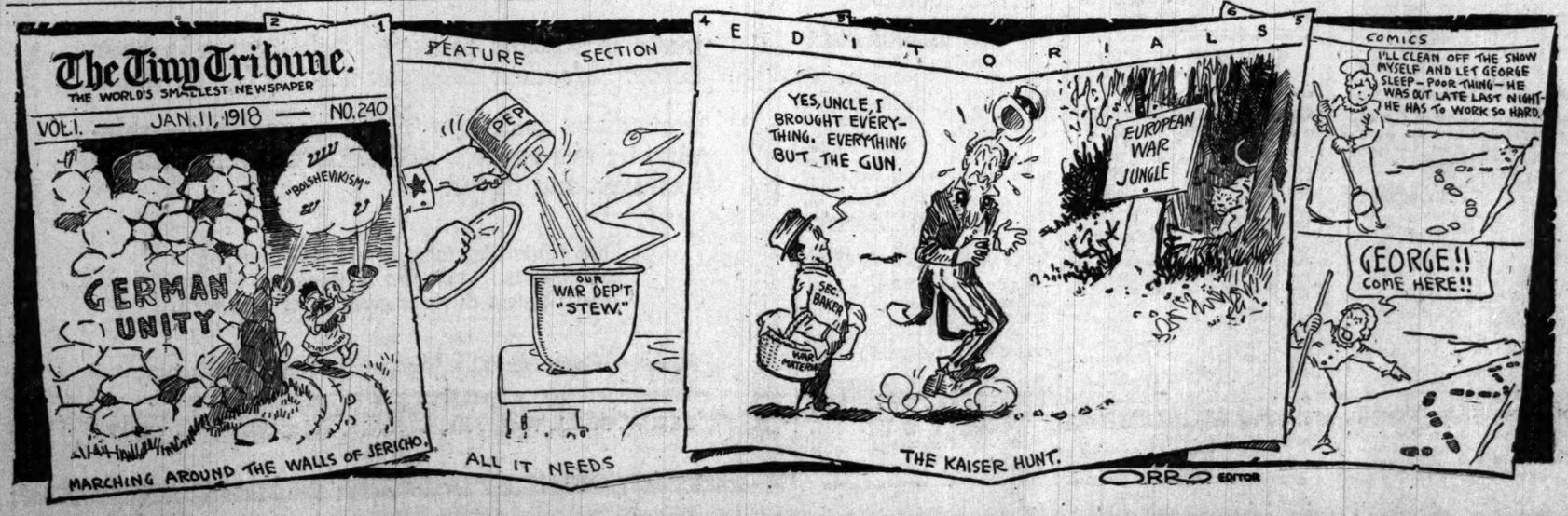
Emma Goldman, anarchist, under sentence to a federal penitentiary for conspiracy to defeat the draft, is in Chicago again and is lecturing to the American "Bolsheviki" at 25 cents a ticket. The government is checking up her talks and her receipts—against a possible claim for income tax.

The high priestess of anarchy declares that her receipts are exempt as they are for "charitable purposes"—namely, the defense of the I. W. W. and herself. Detective Sergeants Make Mills and L. L. McDonough of the Chicago anarchist and bomb squad have been attending her lectures.

Charles S. Peterson to Head City's Swedish Club

The Swedish club of Chicago in a hotly contested annual election held last night in their clubrooms named a split ticket divided between forces termed "belligerents" and "members."

Officers and directors elected to serve during the ensuing year are: Charles S. Peterson, president, member of the board of education; Charles Bostrom, vice president, city building commissioner; Gustav Hallbom, treasurer; Attorney George F. Anderson, librarian; C. G. Axell, secretary; John Ericson, city engineer, Ivar Holmstrom, Max Hedman, board of directors.



FASHION'S BLUE BOOK

BY CORINNE LOWE.

NEW YORK.—[Special Correspondence.]—Along with meatless Tuesdays and wheatless Wednesdays and coalless everydays, why not sleeveless fashions? We seem to be approaching fast that virtuous and ascetic standard, for among the fripperies for southern wear we note any number of sleeveless coats. Some of them are of duvetyn and jersey for sports wear. Others are delectable, dessert-y things of silk and Georgette crepe made in the most delicate colors, reaching to the hem of the frock and frequently sleeveless.

It is wonderful, too, what one of these lovely coats can do in finishing off a lingerie frock! Another wise device for the woman who wants to be well dressed as the sunset is the long scarf of Georgette in shaded color. Imagine one of these in deep purple trickling down to softest mauve worn with a mull frock of light yellow and you get a framed picture of the way you have always wanted to look!

The above shows a simple and effective frock of blue serge with surplice waist emroidered in tan colored fleur de lys and with a checkerboard border of blue and tan plaid.

Tribune Cook Book

All recipes have been scientifically tested by Miss Eddington with current market materials and are indorsed by her.

BY JANE EDDINGTON.

Smoked Fish.

If you miss collecting fish bulletins at the food show you can send to the bureau of fisheries, department of commerce, for them. That with the title "The Eulachon: a Rich and Delicious Little Fish," is Economic Circular No. 33. It was issued Dec. 5, 1917. Another bulletin which fits the times and which the food show prepares us for is Economic Circular No. 29, with the title, "Why and How to Use Salt and Smoked Fish, Sixty-one Ways of Cooking Them." This was issued Aug. 8, 1917, so is strictly up to date.

The number of smoked fish on display at the food show is large. Besides those we are accustomed to, like the "haddie," smoked salmon, herring, etc., they have there the smoked burbot, grayfish, ciscoes (they must be the Lake Erie), chubs, and perhaps some others. The smoked whitefish we have learned the value of, and the tullibee is simply a Canadian whitefish. We sometimes find it in our market.

As to the eulachon, they have it fresh, frozen, salted, smoked, and canned. The whiting is given prominence in the various ways it may be preserved. People who have not thought much about winter caught fish should quiz those who can tell you all about fish until they find out all they can about its advantages. The sablefish, or black cod, is the new fish that is being presented to us advantageously in that form.

We can hardly get true dry salt cod in this section of the country, and a little of it did go a long way when you wanted to eat a lot of potato. Green vegetables are needed, but the potato we must have with cured fish. Any attention or interest we may display in this may bring it back into service. Perhaps if we consider all the pros and cons the type of cured codfish we get today is better, but the older sort had its advantages.

As to smoked fish, I am more skeptical, but circular No. 29 is preparing us to welcome smoked carp, catfish, finnan haddie, hake, pollack, lake trout, salmon, grayfish, shark, halibut, sablefish, sturgeon, eel, bowfin, moon-eye, shad, lake herring (cisco), whitefish, alewives (river herring), mullet, and whiting.

There is only one recipe here for boiled smoked fish and that for the large haddock, but I am inclined to think that we must learn to boil the smoked whitefish and smoked fish of similar size. I mean that these fish may be deliciously prepared by boiling them, or bringing them to a boil and letting them simmer until rightly tender.

Any one who has prepared haddie knows the effect of plunging it in boiling water and letting it stand for five or ten minutes. We cook it in sauce then or in some other way, but this type of preparation seems to me to be the best sort.

One of the newly prepared commercial booklets on fish cookery says: "Smoked fish can be freshened in skim milk with good results. Any smoked fish can be used plain for lunch or supper meat—it makes good sandwiches and salad, combines well with cooked potato or rice as a hot dish, and is excellent baked in cream or a thin sauce."

Not as a steady diet, but for occasional use, smoked fish has its place, but scalding as an initial preparation is to my mind best.

Are You "It" in This Screenic Game of Tag!

"THE SCREEN FAN."

Produced by Edison.

THE CAST.

James Montgomery Flagg and Eleanor Masters.

Note: Edison will produce a series of one reel comedies inspired by Mr. James Montgomery Flagg. The series will be called "Girls You Know." Mr. Flagg's inspiration has proved to be also ours. Follows the result: Nothing like it will happen again for a long, long time. It is a promise.

By Mae Tinée.

Wouldst like to play a game of tag
With Mr. James Montgomery Flagg?
If so all you need do is sit
And watch the screen—for you'll be "It"
Sooner or later. That's the brag
Of Mr. James Montgomery Flagg.
Once to a movie show he went—purely on recreation bent.
Saw there a girl with lips apart
Watching the drips of "The Dripping Heart"
Dripping away the n'th installment.
She shrieks as to their doom they all went
—Only not quite, for, read the text—
"Come see what happens in the next INSTALLMENT." [I put that in caps for I have nothing to rhyme with it.]
Well, Mr. Flagg had an idee
Called up a girl he knew. Said he
"Come, pose for me soon as you can,
"I want to label you 'The Screen Fan'
"As I do draw, a tale I'll tell you
"Then to a film concern I'll sell you.
"Hurry up—there's a good girl, Mag!"
Implored Mr. James Montgomery Flagg.
The result of the artist's occupation
Is a screen fan of his imagination.
A maiden for whom the screen's attraction
Had druv her family to distraction.
At last they said, "Go, be a fillum star
For pity's sake! and see if we kar!"
And so she went to a stu-dee-o
They said she could a martyress bee-o.
Take down her hair and gird on white.
For a lion's lunch she'd do all right.
"Step right in his cage!" the d'rector cried.
"Don't be afraid! I'll be outside!
"With murry words, old dear, to cheer you!
"Fear not—you see, I'll be right near you!"
The maiden rolled a leery eye.
The lion honked—with mane awry.
"A nice fresh kid!" he seemed to say.
"Wrooff! Don't let that lunch get away!"
The maid in panic, lest he nab her—
—Reach out a paw and go and grab her.
Went and forgot her dreams of fame.
What good to her would be a name
If carved upon a granite bar.
Ye gods! That would be goin' too far!
And so this sad end—to defeat it.
The maiden she just up and beat it.
Ah, but the washtub then looked good!
She simply craved to saw the wood.
She passionately scrubbed the floor.
Ah, yes, and would have done e'en more.
For never, ne'er would she forget
How for fame she might have been et.
O, grave, where is thy victor-ee
When death is foiled by sech as she?

Remarks: It's a nice clean little comedy. No need for any comments. We know all that thou wouldst say.

MARY MAC LANE

Agonizing Over Something. What?

Ask Me! Ask Me!

W. I. N.: I forwarded your letter to Mae Marsh. No trouble.

P. F. M.: I don't know where you are going, but I see you are on your way. Best wishes.

The Half Has Never Yet Been Told About Such Folk as These

BY ANTOINETTE DONNELLY.

WAS IT YOU?

A couple of weeks ago a young woman wrote to me like this: "Dear Miss Donnelly, I'm writing to you as a last resort. It's about my hair. I've tried everything on it and I've just about ruined it. I used peroxide on it a year ago and kept it that way for a while. Then I put henna on it and now it looks terrible, because it is streaked yellow and red and its natural shade, too. Can you send me some instructions to do something, so it will look all right for a wedding where I'm to be bridesmaid next month."

Now, it's neither flattering nor the last word in tact to come to me as a last resort. But, then, I suppose that's more flattering than not being resorted to at all. So I sent the young woman instructions to leave her hair alone and let it work back to its own color gradually, aiding and abetting the good work with frequent shampoos, for which I inclosed a formula, and I told her some other good straight facts about hair and dyes that she needed to be told.

And what do you suppose now? She writes to me abusing me like a Simon Legree for not working the transformation in shorter time. And after she's been working years toward the ruination of her crowning glory, writes to me as a last resort and expects—

Strange are the ways of we wimmin and a bit unreasonable I'd say as the beauty editor! Now, wouldn't you?

IDOL: IF YOU WILL GO TO A movie every afternoon, and are in school all morning, I do not see how your health can help but suffer and your complexion but get sallow. Do leave out a few of the pictures. Take two afternoons off anyway and walk. Begin the deep breathing exercises. Jump rope twenty minutes, night and morning. Get yourself waked up inside or you will be ill.

FLORENCE B.: THE INSTRUCTIONS you wish for the cure of oily hair infected with dandruff are too long to print. If you will send me a stamped, addressed envelope I shall be glad to mail them to you.

Buy Works of Chicago Artists

BY LOUISE JAMES BARGELT.

The commission for the encouragement of local art have just made four new purchases of paintings, making sixty-three pictures in all which they own.

These four pictures are "La Cocina," by Ethel L. Coe, who has two paintings in the present alumni exhibit at the institute; "Gloucester Harbor," by Paul Bartlett; "Sunny Afternoon," by Vaclav Vytlacil, and "Morning Visitor," by Gordon St. Clair.

Five other paintings were purchased in 1917 by the commission. These were "The Foothills," by Jeanette Buckley; "Sheltering Elms," by Wilson Irvine; "The Pool," by E. Martin Hennings; "The Road to Tonyons," by O. E. Hocke, and "The Burr Reed," by C. Raymond Johnson.

The Municipal Art league meeting will be held tomorrow morning at 10:30 in the club room of the Art institute. It will offer its endowed prize for the best piece of portrait work at the exhibition of Chicago artists in February, and, funds permitting, will buy a painting for the Municipal art gallery.

* *

Church Meeting Ends.

Goshen, Ind., Jan. 10.—[Special.]—Three hundred and fifty delegates who were here attending the special war conference of the Church of the Brethren of the World left for their homes today. Communications have been sent to President Wilson and Secretary of War Baker asking that church members, when drafted, be exempt from bearing arms.

Real Love Stories

The Letter Did It.

I have often wanted to send in this love story of a friend of mine, because it actually happened about twelve years ago. At that time a certain newspaper was publishing a supplement which was very popular, wherein many true stories of business experience as well as trials of the human heart were given.

My friend Annis at that time was having what she felt was a real heartache because of the faithlessness of a lover. Although she had a good position, health, and many friends, like the girl in a song of old, "she wept against fate and gave herself up to despair." While in this mood she wrote a letter to the paper in which she bewailed the faithlessness of men in general and her own heartache. She did not sign her name for publication, but her letter was answered by a young man in another city. He assured her that life was worth living, that she could not judge the world of men by one, and that if she would write to him he would introduce her to his happy band of friends.

His letter was by no means sentimental—simply that of one who wanted to change the morbid current of her thoughts. His name was signed, but of course Annis did not write to him. Here is where fate stepped in.

A few months after that Annis was on an excursion boat going to Milwaukee and she was introduced by one of the friends in her party to a young man bearing the name of her correspondent, which was an unusual one. Her curiosity was aroused and she impulsively asked him if he had written that letter. He acknowledged it.

You all know the ending. Romance did not come at once, but a congenial friendship did, then true, lasting love of the best kind. They were married a year or so later and neither one has regretted the letters which brought about their happiness. E. P. D.

Bright Sayings of the Children

"The Tribune" will pay $1 for each childish saying printed. The only condition is the story told must never have been printed in any magazine or paper. Write on one side of the paper only. It is not possible to acknowledge or return unavailable contributions. Address bright sayings to Aunty Bee, "Tribune," Chicago.

I saw a tiny girl with a handbag, presumedly her father's property. "What's that for, young lady?" I asked. "It is my knitting bag," she answered. S. C. L.

One morning Doris was awake before her mother. She grew restless and tried to awaken her mother, who finally woke up and saw Doris rubbing her eyes.

"Doris, it is very early; you'd better go to sleep," said her mother.

"But, mother, I can't sleep, for I have rubbed the sleep from my eyes." M. B.

Jim went with his mother on wash day to Mrs. L.'s. While his mother was putting out the washing the little boy talked and talked to Mrs. L. She finally asked, "Jim, what makes you talk so much?"

Jim replied, "I don't know; 'spects it's 'cause I knows so much." E. A. P.

CLUB NOTES

Suffragists in Chicago held no watch meetings yesterday to fast and pray for the passage of the federal amendment. They did not consider it necessary. All sorts of plans are brewing now, however, for post-passage celebrations.

The dinner announced by the Woman's City club for next Monday evening at the College club has been postponed a week on account of the war council meetings to be held on Monday and Tuesday.

The mid-winter reception of the Ladies' Association of St. Paul's church will be held in the chapel, Winchester avenue and Adams street, this evening.

Julian B. Arnold, lecturer and traveler, will speak at the Eleanor Social center, 1515 North Leavitt street, this evening at 8 o'clock.

* *

W. P. Remington a Bishop.

Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 10.—The Rev. William Procter Remington, former rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church here, was consecrated bishop suffragan of the missionary district of South Dakota today. He will leave for the south tonight to assume his duties as chaplain of base hospital No. 26, the University of Minnesota unit.

MEETINGS

Events Scheduled in Chicago Today and Tonight.

MORRISON HOTEL, 12:15 p. m.—Horace J. Bridges will speak at the civic industrial meeting for business executives on "Spiritual Gains from the War."

INTERCOLLEGIATE CLUB OF CHICAGO, 16 West Jackson boulevard, 7 p. m.—President John T. M. Main of Grinnell college, Ia., will deliver an address at the club dinner.

NORWOOD PARK SCHOOL, 2 p. m. and 8 p. m.—Two sessions of the Illinois Farmers' institute will be held in the spirit of patriotism.

CONTINENTAL AND COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, 5:30 p. m.—A school especially for women employés in banks will open under the auspices of the Chicago chapter of the American Institute of Banking.

LYON & HEALY HALL, 7:30 p. m.—Prof. F. C. Bauer will speak on "Plant Foods and Fertilizers," at a meeting of the University of Illinois special instruction course.

"Oh Boy" to Depart.

"Oh Boy" is to leave the La Salle on Jan. 27 after a six months' run, and it is to be succeeded by "Leave It to Jane" on the evening following. The new play is a musical comedy version of George Ade's "The College Widow," by the authors of "Oh Boy," and its cast includes Edith Heller, Georgia O'Ramey, Ann Orr, and Oscar Shaw.

LOOP FEATURE FILMS

ALCAZAR, 69 West Madison—"Nan of Music Mountain," with Wallace Reid.

BANDBOX, Madison near La Salle—"Would You Forgive?" with Holbrook Blinn.

BIJOU DREAM, 114 South State—"Shirley Kaye," with Clara Kimball Young.

BOSTON, Clark near Washington—"The Winding Trail," with Viola Dana.

CASINO, 58 West Madison—"Big Timber," with Wallace Reid.

CASTLE, State near Madison—"The Seven Swans," with Marguerite Clark.

CHICAGO, State near Harrison—"Woman and the World," drama; vaudeville.

GEM, 450 South State—"Coney Island," with Roscoe Arbuckle; vaudeville.

LYRIC, State near Jackson—"The Square Deceiver," with Harold Lockwood.

ORPHEUM, State near Monroe—"A Winding Trail," with Viola Dana.

PASTIME, 66 West Madison—"The Marriage Speculation," drama.

ROSE, 63 West Madison—"Shirley Kaye," with Clara Kimball Young.

STAR, 68 West Madison—"The Apostle of Vengeance," with William S. Hart.

U. S. MUSIC HALL, State near Harrison—"The Hobo," with Billy West; musical comedy.

WORLD, 61 West Randolph—"Captain Kiddo," with Marie Osborne.

ZIEGFELD, Michigan near Seventh—"A Modern Musketeer," with Douglas Fairbanks.

STOMACH UPSET?

Get at the Real Cause—Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That's what thousands of stomach sufferers are doing now. Instead of taking tonics, or trying to patch up a poor digestion, they are attacking the *real* cause of the ailment—clogged liver and disordered bowels.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets arouse the liver in a soothing, healing way. When the liver and bowels are performing their natural functions, away goes indigestion and stomach troubles.

If you have a bad taste in your mouth, tongue coated, appetite poor, lazy, don't-care feeling, no ambition or energy, troubled with undigested foods, you should take Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color. They do the work without griping, cramps or pain.

Take one or two at bedtime for quick relief, so you can eat what you like. At 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

SAVE YOUR HAIR! A SMALL BOTTLE STOPS DANDRUFF

Every bit of dandruff disappears and hair stops coming out.

Try this! Your hair appears glossy, abundant, wavy and beautiful.

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf.

There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its luster, its strength and its very life, eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter for a few cents, and after the first application your hair will take on that life, luster and luxuriance which is so beautiful. It will become wavy and fluffy and have the appearance of abundance, an incomparable gloss and softness; but what will please you most will be after just a few weeks' use, when you will actually see a lot of fine, downy hair—new hair—growing all over the scalp.

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.—Advertisement.

TO FREE YOUR SKIN OF HAIR OR FUZZ

(Boudoir Secrets)

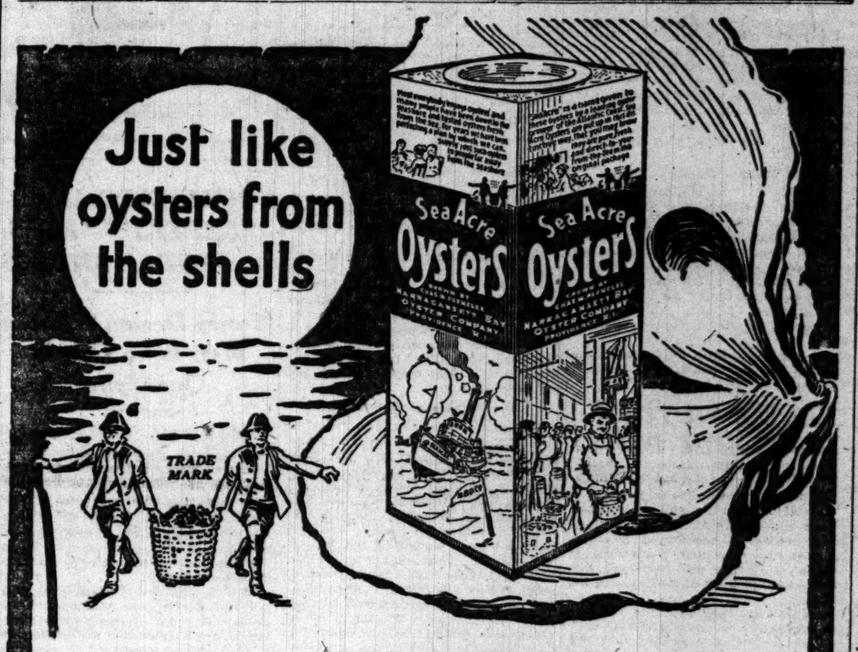
No toilet table is complete without a small package of Delatone, for with it hair or fuzz can be quickly banished from the skin. To remove hairs you merely mix into a paste enough of the powder and water to cover the objectionable hairs. This should be left on the skin about 2 minutes, then rubbed off and the skin washed, when it will be found free from hair or blemish. Be sure you get genuine Delatone.—Adv.

GOOD BLOOD

"Blood will tell." Blotches and blemishes, like murder, will out, unless the blood is kept pure. Its purity is restored and protected by the faithful use of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.



WHEN you open a package of Sea Acre Oysters, it is just like opening them fresh from their shells. All the flavor is there—they taste like oysters you get at the seashore.

Only a few days before you open the box, they were taken from the beds in the clean, cold waters of Narragansett Bay.

They were opened immediately, sealed in packages, and shipped in perfect condition—all by the *growers*, who have 3,000 cultivated acres under water.

Sea Acre OysterS

Registered U. S. Patent Office

make it possible to have *fresh* oysters in your home. *Meatless days can now be Oyster days.*

Immediate packing—thorough cooling—shipping by fast express and *daily* deliveries insure freshness and flavor.

Direct from Sea to table—in half pints, pints and quarts. Ask for a package of Sea Acre Oysters at your grocer's or butcher's.

Narragansett Bay Oyster Company, Providence, R. I.

W. M. WALKER, *Distributor*

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AMUSEMENTS

Two Big Things!

The Snow-Storm and the Play in the PRINCESS. The Former's Melting; but the Play Is as Firm as Ever. $1.50 Mat. Sat.

The Man Who Came Back with MARY NASH

AMUSEMENTS

PATRIOTIC FOOD SHOW

Auspices State Council of Defense
Lessons in Food Economy Taught in the Patriotic Housewife
Government Exhibits
Army Mess Kitchen
Food Lectures
Admission 25c
Come Today
COLISEUM
January 5 to 13.
11 A. M. to 11 P. M.

Auditorium Theatre
GRAND OPERA
Cleofonte Campanini, General Director.
Tonight at 8—"ROMEO AND JULIET" (Farewell Perf. of Muratore), Galli-Curci, Muratore; Sat. Mat., "PELLEAS ET MELISANDE," Garden, Maguenat, Defrasne; Sat. Eve., "AZORA" (last time), Fitziu, Lamont, Van Gordon, Middleton; Sun. Mat., "BOHEME," Galli-Curci, McCormack; Mon., "SAPHO," Vix, Dalmores, Dufranne; Tues., "THAIS," Garden; Wed., "FRANCESCA DA RIMINI," Raisa, Cigna, Rimini; Thurs., "BARBER OF SEVILLE," Galli-Curci, Rimini, Nadal, Aramendi.
Mason & Hamlin Piano Used Exclusively.

COHAN'S GRAND | MATINEE TOMORROW
SELWYN & CO. Present
Jane Cowl in "LILAC TIME"
A LOVE STORY OF "OVER THERE."
"A FINE THRILL."—MR. COLLINS in Post.
F. WIGHT NEUMANN announces
THIS SUNDAY at 3:30 Cohan's Grand
Violin Recital YSAYE

ILLINOIS | GALLERY SEATS 50c and 75c
POP. MAT. TOMORROW
A NATIONAL INSTITUTION
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
Good Seats at Box Office for all Performances. Selling to Feb. 2.

ORCHESTRA HALL TONIGHT AT 8:15
ALSO NEXT TUESDAY EVE., JAN. 15
Wessels & Vogeli Present GUILBERT
YVETTE
Celebrated Interpreter of Songs.
PIERROT SONGS (First Time)
Assisted by EMILY GRESSER, Violinist
MAURICE EISNER, Pianist
TICKETS NOW—50c to $2.00
Tomorrow at 3 p. m., also Mon. aft. at 3
Lectures (in English) on the ART OF INTERPRETING SONGS. TICKETS $1.

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POP. MAT. TOMORROW
Chicago's Greatest Musical Hit
MAYTIME
with JOHN CHARLES THOMAS

GARRICK EVENINGS AT 8:30 MATS. AT 2:30
POP. MATINEE TOMORROW
BEST SEATS $1.50
"A Blizzard of Laughter"—O. L. HALL, Journal
THE VERY IDEA
ERNEST TRUEX RICHARD BENNETT

LA SALLE TELEPHONE MAIN 100
SMARTEST OF MUSICAL COMEDIES
"OH BOY"
JOSEPH SANTLEY
POP. MAT. TOMORROW
BEST SEATS $1.50

MAJESTIC | SUPREME VAUDEVILLE
EMMETT CORRIGAN AND HIS CO. in "The Reckless Eve"
"WAR BALLADS"—WITH 30 PEOPLE
MILT COLLINS—MISS FRANKIE HEATH
JOE TOWLE—THE ACT BEAUTIFUL
KITTNER, HAWKSLEY & McCLAY
FIVE NELSONS
NIGHTS 17-23-55-83c | MATS. DAILY 17-23-55c, Ex. SAT. & SUN. 24c, 50c

PALACE GREATEST VAUDEVILLE
EVELYN NESBIT
AND BOBBIE O'NEILL
LILLIAN FITZGERALD
Supported by CLARENCE SENNE
"THE NIGHT BOAT"
AL HERMAN
Mlle. Leitzel—Horn & Ferris—Rouble Trio
McKAY & ARDINE
NIGHTS 17-23-55-83c | MATS. 17-23-55c, EX. DAILY SAT. & SUN. 25c, 50c

Playhouse EVERY NIGHT AT 8:15
Laughs—Thrills—Romance—Patriotism
THE MAN WHO STAYED at HOME
—WE PAY YOUR WAR TAX—

POWERS' EVE'GS (Except Sun.), at 8:20 MATINEE TOMORROW at 2:20
HENRY MILLER Presents
RUTH CHATTERTON
with BRUCE McRAE and Original Cast
in "COME OUT OF THE KITCHEN"
LAST TWO WEEKS.

CORT || Phone Central 19
HIT ARTHUR HOPKINS Presents
THE GIPSY TRAIL
A 1917 ROMANCE BY ROBERT HOUSUM.
EVENINGS and SAT. MAT. 50c to $1.50.
WED. MAT. 50c to $1.50.

BLACKSTONE | TONIGHT 8:30 MAT. TOMORROW
LAST 2 WEEKS—Last Times Sat., Jan. 19
MAUDE ADAMS IN A NEW COMEDY
A KISS FOR CINDERELLA
J. M. BARRIE

JONES, LINICK & SCHAEFER'S
COLONIAL MAT. TOMORROW
SEATS 4 WEEKS AHEAD
OLIVER MOROSCO'S LAUGHING SENSATION
The Brat By and with Maude Fulton
MOROSCO'S SPECIAL WAR PRICES
Night and Sat. Mat., Main Floor Seats $1.50

OLYMPIC :: Matinee Tomorrow
KOLB & DILL in the Cyclonic Musical Farce The High Cost of Loving

McVICKER'S JONES, LINICK & SCHAEFER'S CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE
11 A. M. to 11 P. M. COME ANY TIME
Owen McGiveney HEADLINER OTHER BIG TIME ACTS
DAYS 10-15-25c NIGHTS 15-25-50c

ARENA ICE SKATING
EXHIBITION
MDE. MADELAINE UXILA and PAUL WILSON
DANCING EVERY EVENING
Broadway and Thorndale—Admission 50c

COLUMBIA | AFTS. EVES. | Burlesque
Now | FRED IRWIN'S Majestics THE BEST OF BURLESQUE
NEXT WEEK—SLIDING BILLY WATSON

Society and Entertainments

Local Red Cross Leaders Bloom Forth in Uniform

BY CINDERELLA.

Eyes have been gladdened these last ten days by the chic, not to say spiffy, uniform now worn by some of our Chicago Red Cross lady grandees. They say all the women heads of service in Washington are wearing them.

The uniform is so good looking, of a sort of black and white oxford mixture, with a narrow skirt, and a well cut flowing jacket with gunmetal Red Cross buttons, two holding each shoulder strap, and several attaching the pockets, that even if the war should end suddenly the uniforms could be worn as a suit.

They are beautifully made, these war costumes, very probably at some chic place, as all the women who are wearing them have the wherewithal.

Mrs. Joseph Cudahy, Mrs. Charles G. Dyer, Miss Ina Taft, and Mrs. Glass are the women who are thus arrayed and Mrs. Philip S. Doane has the privilege but has not yet seized upon it. These other women, by the bye, wear black sailor hats and a white silk soft blouse with a black and white silk necktie.

Mrs. George McKinlock has her own special canteen costume of dark blue with a dash of red here and there and a large red cross on a white ground broidered on her chest, that makes her look like a crusader of old, what with the red scarf, floating ends, etc. Armondi wears something very like it in that recently heard medieval opera, "Ernani," red cross on the chest and all. However, Mrs. McKinlock looks pretty in her uniform.

But it only goes to show how much imagination our people have in Washington who are going into the depths of antiquity in designing and planning for us, and all that sort of thing.

Do the Illinois women know that along with their recent overwhelming suffrage victory in New York state, that the New York women have achieved a signal honor? Mrs. Norman Whitehouse, the young and beautiful dark haired, gray eyed, southern born woman, under whose chairmanship the New Yorkers dashed to complete victory, has been offered a war appointment by President Wilson.

In other days, when New York society was gay and aimless, no woman was more chic, or more admired for beauty and fashion than Mrs. Whitehouse. Two or three years ago she took up the suffrage question. Now Mr. Wilson is sending her as his special envoy to Switzerland, where she is to have charge of American propaganda and make known the United States' war aims up and down the Alpine valleys. Mrs. Whitehouse makes wonderfully stirring speeches, and her propaganda is expected to offset that of our enemies among the hardy Swiss.

But think of the first fruits of suffrage victory—a woman already in foreign diplomatic work for our country! Mrs. Whitehouse will establish bureaus and appoint aids.

Another kind of honor belongs to Mrs. William Hubbard of Chicago, who has composed a most delightful song for the stirring verses, "Where Poppies Blow in Flanders Fields." This song was sung Tuesday afternoon for the first time at the reception for Mrs. Benjamin Lathrop of Paris.

Already known as a modern writer of a variety of lovely musical things, Mrs. Hubbard has put in this an under theme where the call of the French bugles far away, playing "The Marseillaise," reminds that the call of battle is still threatening the peace of these poppy covered grasses.

WOMEN IN WARTIME

Let's be nice and cheerful, in spite of the weather man's pessimism. There is a good time coming when we can work in our gardens and "keep the home soil turning," as the national emergency food garden commission asks us to do. There is nothing more comfortable on a snowy, blowy evening than to draw your chair up before a good open fire, with a pile of seed catalogs near you, and plan what kind of a garden you are going to have next year.

And now is the time, according to Mrs. John Dickinson Sherman, chairman of the conservation department of the General Federation of Woman's Clubs.

Members of the woman's committee, Council of National Defense, were urged by Raymond Dunham of the fuel administration to assist in having the side streets of the city cleared of snow. "Unless this is done at once," he said, "coal cannot be brought into the houses and there will be untold suffering."

He gave a ten minutes' talk to the registration committee on the proper use of fuel. Mrs. Harlan Ward Cooley presided at the meeting and announced that it had been decided that each ward organization of the city should continue the work of registering the women in the manner that the ward leaders thought best.

The committee on women and children in industry announced that the exhibit on industrial conditions which they have been preparing for two months will be open to the public free on Monday. The place of the exhibit will be announced tomorrow.

Miss Cornelia Conger, assistant supervisor of the department of comforts and knitting of the Chicago chapter, says to Red Cross knitters: "Don't forget all about mitts and wristlets. This is not a special plea, but just a reminder that each auxiliary should do its fair share of them. During December 30,050 sweaters were turned in and only 4,592 pairs of wristlets.

Hyde Park High school pupils must have knitted all during the Christmas vacation. They turned in 100 sweaters to the Red Cross.

* *

S. S. McClure to Speak.

The lecture by S. S. McClure on "Japan As I Found It," to be given at Fullerton hall, Art Institute, this afternoon, will be held at 5:15, instead of at 4:15 o'clock, as previously announced. The evening lecture will be given at 8:15 o'clock.

Miss Dorothy Humphreys Vanderpoel
Photo by Florence M. Hendershot

The engagement is announced of Miss Dorothy Humphreys Vanderpoel, daughter of Mrs. John H. Vanderpoel, to Neilson Murray Mathews, son of Dr. and Mrs. C. H. Bryan of Chicago.

MASSENET'S OPERA ABOUT DAUDET'S SAPHO

BY FREDERICK DONAGHEY.

There is, I suspect, an opera in Daudet's fine novel of "Sapho"; but Massenet and his librettists did not take one out of it. A play, too, is in the story of Fanny Legrand and her bumpkin artist; but Daudet, himself, was not more successful than Clyde Fitch in extracting it. Mr. Campanini, further indulging Genevieve Vix's notions about her talent, put the opera on last night. It was new in Chicago; and it drew the kind of audience a new opera generally draws.

"Sapho" is not among the pieces by which Massenet's flair for the stage will be carried along. Fanny was one of the sinning sisterhood who did not inspire him, although he dearly loved a courtesan when he set himself to make an opera. His music for this is just respectable composition, with his inevitable touch of good-breeding, and without a throb in its three hours and five acts. The libretto is a matter of five episodes, with goo and flab substituted for the grain and fiber of the novel. Not a hint of the staircase up which Jean toted Fanny the night they met: one of the finest things in all fiction, and, from where I sit, an incident to enkindle a composer with a gift for the theater.

Miss Vix was, perhaps, as good as the opera, and would, no doubt have seemed even better had I not heard Calvé and, later, Mary Garden in the rôle. Fanny Legrand is one of Miss Garden's great parts; but even her special talent for the kind was not enough to vitalize the weak conveyance when she sang it in New York City. Miss Vix came through effectively in one episode—that wherein Fanny turns on Jean's atelier familiars and curses them for having told him that she is the Sapho of the studio tale-bearers and the café raconteurs. Mr. Dalmores conveyed the idea that Jean was a middle-aged epileptic; and the others did what they might with thin stuff. They were Miss Sharlow, Mme. Berat, and the Messrs. Dufranne, Huberdeau, Dua, and Nicolay.

Tonight, Galli-Curci and Muratore, for the last time together this visit, in "Romeo and Juliet." This will be Mr. Muratore's final appearance. Galli-Curci's, according to the schedule for next week issued last night, will be Sunday afternoon, when she will be heard for the first time anywhere as Mimi in "La Bohème," with John McCormack as Rodolfo.

OHIO MAN IS A MODERN WIZARD

Corns stop hurting, then lift off with fingers

Drops of magic! Doesn't hurt one bit! Apply a little Freezone on that touchy corn; instantly that corn stops hurting; then you lift it off with the fingers. No pain at all! Try it!

Why wait? Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of Freezone for a few cents, sufficient to rid your feet of every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and calluses, without soreness or irritation. Freezone is the much talked of ether discovery of the Cincinnati genius.—Advertisement.

WEDDINGS

The wedding of Mrs. Gertrude Runyan Parsons and Edgar Heisler Lawrence took place last evening. The Rev. John Henry Hopkins read the ceremony. Miss Gwen Gertrude Parsons attended her mother as maid of honor, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence are leaving for Wilmington, Del.

Mrs. Elizabeth Quinn of 4318 West Congress street announces the marriage of her niece, Miss Mae Harney of Chicago, to Lieut. Frank G. Hinman. Lieut. Hinman is stationed at Eagle Pass, Tex.

* *

SOCIETY IN NEW YORK

New York, Jan. 10.—Mr. and Mrs. James Laurens van Alen of 40 East Fiftieth street will leave early next month on an extended trip through the south.

Announcement has been made in London of the marriage on Saturday last of Mrs. Margarita Drexel, former wife of Anthony J. Drexel of Philadelphia and London, and Lieut. Col. Brinsley Fitzgerald. Mrs. Fitzgerald is the mother of the Viscountess Maidstone, Anthony J. Drexel Jr., who married Miss Marjorie Gould, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George J. Gould, John A. Drexel, and Louis C. N. Drexel. Lieut. Col. Fitzgerald is private secretary to the commander in chief of the home forces in England.

Mme. Guilbert and French Officers at Cordon Salon

It might very well have been somebody's salon in Paris for the chatter of French in the clubrooms of the Cordon yesterday afternoon, when Mme. Yvette Guilbert, beloved of her countryfolk wherever she travels, was guest of honor at the club's reception. The rooms were packed with those who wanted to greet Mme. Guilbert, and among those at the party were many of Chicago's literary and artistic people.

The guest of honor, whose costumes are always interesting and charming, wore at the reception a light tan charmeuse gown made in simplest long lines, and a small round hat of tan and black with a long black lace veil, the whole costume most becoming to her vivid coloring and copper hair.

In the throng were a number of French officers, whose blue uniforms made a bright spot of coloring. Miss Grace Hickox introduced the guests to Mme. Guilbert, and close by was Antonin Barthélemy, the French consul, an old time friend of the visitor. Mrs. Ella W. Peattie, president of the club, received the guests, assisted by Mrs. William Scottt Bond, Miss Alice Roullier, Mrs. Charles H. Besly, Mrs. Bertha E. Jaques, Mme. Marie Lyidia Standish, Miss Jessie Preston, and Mrs. George B. Carpenter.

The third annual ball to be given by the members of the Lawndale Civic center will be held tomorrow evening at the Auditorium hotel. Mrs. M. L. Aren is chairman of the committee in charge of the ball. Mrs. J. B. Malkis is chairman of the reception committee, and Albert Dunsay is chairman of the floor committee. The proceeds of the affair will go toward a fund for the maintenance of the new home of the Lawndale Civic center at 3639 Douglas boulevard.

A luncheon was given yesterday at the Chicago College club by Miss Gertrude E. Carabin for Miss Dorothy Humphreys Vanderpoel. The engagement of Miss Vanderpoel to Neilson Murray Mathews was announced at the luncheon. Covers were laid for twenty-seven guests.

Mrs. E. G. Tracy was hostess at luncheon at the Cordon for Miss Jane Cowl. She had eight guests.

Members of the committee in charge of the Opera benefit performance to be given on Friday, Jan. 18, for the children of France and Italy, will be guests at a tea which will be given this afternoon by Mrs. Joseph G. Coleman of 712 Rush street. Among those who will be present are Mrs. Arthur Ryerson, who is the general chairman of the committee; Mrs. Bryan Lathrop, Mrs. R. T. Crane Jr., Mrs. Halstead G. Freeman, Mrs. Walter S. Brewster, Mrs. Watson F. Blair, Mrs. Hugh J. McBirney, Mrs. Samuel T. Chase, Mrs. Howard Linn, Mrs. Edward Brewer, Mme. C. Campanini, Mrs. John A. Carpenter, Mrs. Joseph Winterbotham Jr., and the Countess Bolognesi.

A farewell party and reception will be given this evening at the South Shore Country club for the members of hospital unit No. 13, who will leave Chicago soon for Georgia.

OBITUARY.

Funeral of E. L. Roberts Will Be Held Tomorrow

Funeral services for E. L. Roberts, one of the leading lumber dealers of the middle west, who died last Saturday at his winter home in Pasadena, Cal., will be held tomorrow at Bethany Union church, One Hundred and Third and Wood streets. Burial will take place at Mount Hope. The active and honorary pallbearers will include men who were associated with him in business and in politics at the time he was president of the Thirty-second Ward Republican club. Among them are former Gov. Charles S. Deneen, John C. Spry, Henry F. Eidmann, Melville G. Holding, Charles S. Vail, L. L. Abbott, Leslie Partridge, William L. Sharp, and Robert E. Barber.

Mr. Roberts was born Jan. 3, 1846. In 1880 he organized the firm of E. L. Roberts & Co., largest wholesale sash and door manufacturers in the west. He created and controlled Sharp, Partridge & Co., one of the largest glass jobbing houses in the west. He was interested and director in several lumber companies in western states, and a director of the Halsted Street State bank.

He is survived by his widow and five children, Hugh N. Roberts, Wichita; Rhoda L. Roberts, Pasadena; Mrs. Eugene C. Estep, Maplewood, N. J.; Mrs. Franklin M. Warden, Chicago, and Edward L. Roberts Jr., Amarillo, Tex.

200 Catholic Priests at Bishop Foley's Funeral

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 10.—More than 200 Catholic priests of the diocese and a distinguished gathering of visiting prelates attended the funeral of Bishop John S. Foley here today. Archbishop Glennon of St. Louis and Archbishop Moeller of Cincinnati were present.

COL. THOMAS L. LIVERMORE, for many years a leader in the copper mining industry, died at his home in Boston on Wednesday. For twenty-one years Col. Livermore was vice president of the Calumet and Hecla Mining company. He was born in Galena, Ill., in 1844.

FRED J. BUCKLEY, editor of the Paterson (N. J.) Morning Call, died on Wednesday as the result of a nervous breakdown. He was born in 1855 and for fifteen years had been connected with the Call in an editorial capacity. He was the author of several books of humor.

$25,000 for Wellesley.

Whitinsville, Mass., Jan. 10.—A bequest of $25,000 to Wellesley college is made in the will of Mrs. Sarah E. Whitin, filed for probate here. Tuskegee institute, Hampton institute, Virginia, and other institutions receive lesser bequests.

* *

New England's Charm.

Historical events and beauties of New England and its coast were described by Dr. A. Eugene Bartlett at a meeting of the Chicago Colony of New England Women in the Blackstone hotel yesterday.

DEATH NOTICES.

BARRY—Arthur H. Barry, at Tucson, Ariz., Jan. 1, 1918, beloved husband of Hazel, son of the late Gerard H. and Kate K., brother of David J., Walter H., Percy E., Irene M., and the late William F. Barry and Katherine E. Martineau. Funeral 11:30, Friday morning, from chapel, Randolph-st. and Michigan-av., thence by I. C. to Mount Carmel.

BAER—Bernard P. Baer, Jan. 8th, aged 58 years, beloved husband of Anna M. Baer, nee McLane, fond father of Mrs. Frank Voght and Bernard P. Jr. Funeral Friday, at 3 p. m., from residence of his daughter, 1410 Winona-st., to Rosehill.

BOOTH—John Booth, age 84, entered into rest at his residence, 2148 Cleveland-av., Jan. 10, 1918, beloved husband of Louise Ford, father of Edwin, Charlotte, Mrs. Mary Hansbrough, Mrs. Isabel B. Gavin, Mrs. R. A. Denell, Mrs. S. D. Herr, Mrs. Daniel Huguenin. Services Saturday, Jan. 12, 1:30 o'clock, at Church of Our Savior, 530 Fullerton-av. Burial private. Memphis [Tenn.] papers please copy.

BOSCH—Emma Bosch, Jan. 9, age 54 years, beloved wife of Jacob Bosch, mother of Mrs. Eva Marinier and Fred Bosch. Services Saturday, Jan. 12, at 2 p. m., from her late home, 150 S. Francisco-av. Autos to Waldheim.

BRAYTON—Mrs. Margaret Brayton, wife of the late I. W. Brayton, born Nov. 20, 1836, died Jan. 8, Kenwood hotel, Chicago. Mother of Mrs. Charles O. Young and Edgar M. Brayton. Funeral Friday, Jan. 11, at 2 p. m., from Boydston's chapel, 42d and Cottage Grove-av. Interment at Oakwoods cemetery.

FAHEY—James F. Fahey, Jan. 9, 1918, beloved husband of Mamie, nee Smith. Funeral Sunday, Jan. 13, at 2:30 p. m., from late residence, 4220 Adams-st., autos to Forest Home. Friends wishing seats call West 100. Member of Bonner council No. 7, N. A. U.

FICKLEN—Elizabeth Fickler, Jan. 10, age 19 years, youngest daughter of Leonard and Metta Fickler. Funeral Saturday, 10:30 a. m., from late residence, 10505 Longwood drive. Burial private.

FLANDERS—Mrs. Isabella Flanders, age 88 years, widow of C. C. Flanders, mother of James, Charles, Harry, Mrs. Margaret Van Hagan, Mrs. Jennie Manter, Mrs. Della Woods, and Mrs. Ida Nelson. Funeral services at chapel, 2701 N. Clark-st., Saturday, Jan. 12, at 2 p. m.

FLORENTINE—Joseph F. Florentine, Jan. 8, 1918, beloved husband of Emma B. Florentine, father of H. B. Florentine, J. F. Jr., and W. C. Florentine. Services Friday, Jan. 11, at 10:30 a. m., at his late residence, East Grove, Ill. Interment at Oak Ridge.

GLEESON—Patrick Gleeson, Jan. 10, beloved husband of Sarah, nee Kennedy, father of William J., Mrs. J. P. Moran, and the late S. P. Gleeson. Funeral Saturday, 8:30 a. m., from residence of his daughter, 4454 Lowe-av., to St. Gabriel's church, thence by autos to Mount Olivet. For seats call Yards 703.

HORAN—Peter J. Horan of engine company 24, C. F. D., beloved husband of Hannah, nee Horan, father of John and Catherine, brother of Patrick, Jeremiah, and Cornelius Horan, native of Scartaglin county, Ireland. Funeral services Saturday, Jan. 12, at 9:30 a. m., from late residence, 5510 Monroe-st., to St. Catherine's church. Autos to Mount Carmel. For reservation call Kedzie 2394. Member of Lawndale court, C. O. F., and Division 20, A. O. H. Attention, members of Father Setter's council K of C. will meet at 8 p. m. Friday evening at Lotus and Madison-sts. where we will proceed in a body to the home of our late brother. EDWARD HOULIHAN, Grand Knight.

HULETT—Renzie J. Hulett, Jan. 9, 1918, beloved husband of Clara Hodges Hulett, fond father of Elmer G., Julius R., Mrs. Lottie M. Murry, Mrs. Mary L. Henry of Seattle, Wash. Funeral Friday, Jan. 11, 1918, 2 p. m., from the late home, 50 W. 104th-st. By autos to Mount Hope. Racine and Union Grove, Wis., and Topeka, Kas., papers please copy.

OBITUARY.

MRS. KATE SAMUEL, an actress known as Kitty Mitchell to the stage of a generation ago, died at her home in New York yesterday at the age of 50. She was born at Leavenworth, Kas. She made her first appearance with Joseph Jefferson in "Rip Van Winkle." She had a leading part in the musical comedy, "All Around Chicago."

DEATH NOTICES.

HUNTER—William C. Hunter Sr. of 6236 Lakewood-av., beloved husband of Alice M. Hunter, nee Wheddon, fond father of Alice A. and William Charles Hunter Jr., suddenly, at Ann Arbor, Mich. Services at Rosehill cemetery chapel, Saturday, Jan. 12, at 4 p. m. Kilburn and London, England, papers please copy.

KASHNER—Ira B. Kashner, Jan. 18, 1918, late of 873 N. La Salle-st., beloved husband of Frances Kashner and fond father of Dollie Kashner. Funeral Saturday at 10 a. m. from chapel, 317 W. Division-st. Autos to Rosehill.

KEEFE—Loretta Keefe [nee Quinn], wife of Mathew E., mother of Mathew E. Jr. Funeral Saturday at 9 a. m., Racine, Wis.

KERR—James G. Kerr, beloved husband of Daisy Anne, nee Kiley; son of Ann Jane Kerr, nee Mustard, and the late David Kerr, brother of William, David, Mrs. Charles Norberg, and Mrs. Harvey Merrill. Funeral from late residence, 642 N. Sawyer-av., Saturday at 9:30 a. m.; interment at Oak Ridge; motors. Member of Firemen's Benevolent association. For reservations call Austin 1137.

KNAPPSTEIN—Joseph M. Knappstein, aged 53, beloved husband of Katherine Knappstein, nee Reiter; father of Anna, Gertrude, George, Joseph, Dorothy, Irene and Edward, brother of John, George and Barbara. Funeral Saturday, Jan. 12, at 9:30 a. m., from late residence, 5030 N. Ashland-av., to Our Lady of Lourdes church, where solemn requiem high mass will be celebrated; by limousines to St. Boniface cemetery. Member of De Soto council No. 517, K. of C., Catholic Order of Foresters.

LEVERSEE—Alice Ingledew Leversee, Jan. 9, at her residence, 5609 Indiana-av., beloved wife of George W. Leversee. Funeral from chapel, 45 E. Garfield-blvd., at Wabash-av., Saturday, Jan. 12, at 2 p. m. Interment at Mount Hope.

LINSCOTT—Sophia A. Linscott, age 87 years, suddenly, widow of the late Benjamin H. Linscott of 4331 Jackson-blvd. Member of Noble Queen chapter No. 409, Order of Eastern Star. Funeral services at Rosehill chapel Monday, Jan. 14, at 2:30 p. m. Eastern Star services at house at 1 o'clock.

McENEIRY—Thomas McEneiry, Jan. 9, beloved son of the late John and Margaret, brother of Lizzie and John. Funeral Saturday, Jan. 12, at 9:30 a. m., from the residence of his niece, Mrs. M. L. Moore, 523 Hinman-av., Evanston, to St. Mary's church. Autos to Mount Olivet. Member of Father Setter's council, K. of C., St. Ignatius court, C. O. F., and Division 241, A. A. of S. and B. B. E. of A.

McLELLAND—Sadie McLelland, beloved wife of John McLelland, Jan. 8, at Fort Worth, Tex. Funeral services will be held at chapel, 2701 N. Clark, Saturday, Jan. 13, at 3 p. m. Interment Rosehill cemetery.

MELVIN—Jacob J. Melvin, Bushnell, Ill., aged 65, beloved husband of Etta Melvin, father of Rose and Edward, Mrs. Earl Clayton, Mrs. Earl Lintz, and Mrs. Andrew Bell of Chicago. Funeral Saturday morning at Bushnell.

MILES—Harry S. Miles, Jan. 9, 1918, husband of Bertha S. Miles, at residence, 7444 Merrill-av. Funeral services from chapel, 4227 Cottage Grove-av., Friday, Jan. 11, at 8 p. m., under auspices of Brotherhood lodge No. 986, A. F. & A. M. Interment at Indianapolis, Ind. For information call Oakland 492.

MYERS—Garson Myers, husband of the late Isabelle Wile Myers, brother of L. E. Myers of Chicago and Nettie Myers Kaufman of New York, western branch manager Halcomb Steel Co. Funeral Monday 9 a. m. from chapel, Grand-blvd. and E. 35th-st. Burial Laporte, Ind. Pittsburgh [Pa.] papers please copy.

OSTRANDER—John Wesley Ostrander, age 73, Dec. 3, at Los Angeles, Cal., beloved husband of Margaret L., and father of Chas. W., John G., Frank A. Ostrander, and Grace M. Tapley. Funeral services will be conducted by Berwyn lodge, No. 839, A. F. & A. M., at chapel, Rosehill cemetery, Saturday, Jan. 12, 3 p. m. Train leaves C. & N. W. depot at 2:25 p. m.

PARKES—Janet Parkes, nee Robertson, suddenly, Jan. 9, beloved wife of Harry H. Parkes, fond daughter of John P. and the late Laura Robertson. Funeral services at late residence, 7407 N. Ashland-av., Rogers Park, Saturday at 10 a. m. Interment by autos to Oakridge cemetery. Canadian papers please copy.

PETERSON—H. R. C. Peterson, aged 76, at his home, 2733 Hampden-ct., Wednesday, Jan. 9, 1918; husband of Emma L. Peterson, father of Mrs. Chase W. Love. Funeral Friday at 2 o'clock, Rosehill chapel. Friends welcome. Kindly omit flowers. Boston and Springfield, Mass., papers please copy.

RIPPEY—Anna Rippey, wife of the late Rev. J. N. Rippey, Jan. 9, 1918, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. W. C. Webster, 622 W. 71st-st. Burial at Muskegon, Mich., Saturday, Jan. 12.

DEATH NOTICES.

SHANNESSY—Patrick Shannessy, beloved husband of Catherine, nee Shannon, father of James W., Frank J., Katherine, and Agnes M. Funeral Saturday at 9:30 a. m. from his late residence, 6144 Indiana-av., to St. Anselm's church, for high mass. Autos to Mount Olivet. New York City, Brooklyn, Minneapolis, Denver, and Hamilton [Ont.] papers please copy. Member of Third Order of St. Francis and Holy Name society.

SIGWALT—Lillian G. Sigwalt, Jan. 10, 1918, beloved daughter of Charles Sigwalt, sister of John C. Sigwalt. Funeral at Presbyterian church, Arlington Heights, Saturday, Jan. 12, at 2 p. m.

TAYLOR—Charles G. Taylor, beloved son of Samuel G. Taylor, brother of Mrs. L. Anderson and O. B. Taylor. Funeral from Masonic temple, 6734 Wentworth-av., Saturday, 2:30 p. m. Interment Sunday at La Porte, Ind. Goshen and La Porte, Ind., papers please copy.

TESMER—Bertha Tesmer, aged 66, Jan. 8, at residence, 2533 N. Richmond-st., beloved mother of Martha, Pearl, and Richard C. Tesmer, mother-in-law of Herman C. Perl and Anna A. Tesmer, grandmother of Clara A. Tesmer, and Raymond H. Perl. Funeral Friday, Jan. 11, 1 p. m., from late residence, 2533 N. Richmond-st., to Memorial Park cemetery.

THOMSON—Emily Paul Thomson, Jan. 10, 1918, at 2 p. m., at residence of her daughter, Mrs. Louis Edwin Burr, 5131 Blackstone-av., widow of the late Alexander McQueen Thomson. Funeral services from late residence Saturday, Jan. 12, at 2 p. m.; interment private.

WENDEL—Peter H. Wendel, Jan. 10, dearly beloved husband of Carrie Wendel, nee Hagerman; beloved father of Mrs. A. F. Haas and Harry A. Wendel and grandfather of Anna F. Haas. Funeral from late residence, 25 N. Mayfield-av., Saturday, Jan. 12, at 2 p. m., by autos to Forest Home. Member of Garfield Lodge No. 646, A. F. & A. M.; York chapter No. 148, R. A. M.; Tyrian council No. 78, R. and S. M.; Columbia commandery No. 63, K. T.; Oriental Consistory, S. P. and R. S.; Medinah Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S., and Chicago lodge, Knights of Pythias, No. 88.

WEND—Crist Wend, Jan. 10, age 68 years, beloved father of Charles and Edward, brother of Mrs. Mary Boers and William Meltzner. Funeral Saturday, Jan. 12, at 2:30 p. m. from late residence, 2102 Barry-av. Interment St. Lucas.

WHITE—Elizabeth White, at her residence, 623 Bowen-av., beloved daughter of Richard and the late Mary, nee Bedden, and fond sister of Mrs. Geitlaf, John, James, Nellie, and Richard White. Notice of funeral later. For information call Wentworth 5829.

WILKE—Adolph Wilke, age 69, beloved husband of Christina Wilke. Member of Veteran Volunteer Fire Department, and Teutonia Maennerchor. Funeral Saturday, 2 p. m., from late residence, 1805 W. Superior-st., by autos to Forest Home cemetery.

WOLLNER—Rudolph Wollner, aged 84, husband of Edna [nee Weiner], father of Zelena and Caroline, son of Mr. Leopold Wollner, brother of William, Bell, Mrs. Rose Belotsky, and Henry Wollner. Funeral Friday at 1 p. m. sharp from late residence, 839 N. Sacramento-blvd. Member of Consuella lodge No. 679, A. F. & A. M. Also member of Royal Arcanum. Richard Yates council. Please omit flowers.

CEMETERIES.

BEAUTIFUL CHAPEL AT ROSEHILL CEMETERY for funeral services—decorated with growing ferns and palms, including use of organ, $5. The largest and best equipped Receiving Vault in the city, adjoining the chapel. Telephone Edgewater 1144.

OAKWOODS CEMETERY — OAKWOODS Cemetery, East 67th-st. and Greenwood-av. Charges for cremation, including use of chapel. Phone Hyde Park 61.

GLEN OAK CEMETERY, 127TH-ST. BLVD.—Single grave with perpetual care, $12.00. 111 W. Washington. Franklin 3811.

UNDERTAKERS.

POSTLEWAIT — GOLDEN RULE PRICES and Golden Rule service; 36 years at one location. 1367 Orden-av. Ph. West 250.

MONUMENTS.

CHAS. G. BLAKE & CO., RELIABLE MONUMENTS and Mausoleums, 108 S. La Salle-st.

FflorISTS.

TAKE ELEVATOR TO 2D FLOOR: SAVE half on funeral flowers by paying cash; sprays, $1.65 and up; wreaths, $2.35 and up. ORIO FLORAL CO. 509 S. Wabash, cor. Congress. Harr. 1464.

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A. LANGE, Florist
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A Timely Hint
You pay less for Gulden's Mustard than for other high-grade condiments and sauces.
GULDEN'S READY TO USE MUSTARD
Cuts Cost of Living
A secret blend of the purest ingredients. At grocers and delicatessens.
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WHO IS NUMBER ONE?
PARAMOUNT SERIAL
Starring
KATHLEEN CLIFFORD.
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The story is now running serially in the color section of the Chicago Sunday Tribune.
At the Best Theatres
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At the leading
THEATRES TODAY

Margarita Fischer—"Molly Go Get 'Em."
Madison Square—4730 W. Madison St.
Edna Goodrich—"Her Second Husband."
Jefferson—55th and Jefferson.

Four Minute Men Will Speak at the Following Theatres, Friday, January 11th.

Jackson Park—67th and Stony Island
Metropolitan—47th and Grand Blvd.
Drexel—858 E. 63rd St.
Lexington—1162 E. 63rd St.
Lane Court—328 Center Street
Bryn Mawr—1123 Bryn Mawr
La Salle—152 W. Division
Covent Garden—2655 N. Clark St.
Windsor—1235 N. Clark St.

MOTION PICTURE DIRECTORY

Four Minute Men Will Speak at the Following Theatres, Friday, January 11th.

Wilson—4048 Wilson Ave.
McVicker's—23 W. Madison St.
Rialto—State and Van Buren St.
Armitage—3333 Armitage Ave.
Imperial—2129 W. Madison
Palace—124th and Blue Island
Circle—3241 W. 12th Street
20th Century—3330 W. 12th Street
Kedzie Annex—3219 W. Madison St.

DOWNTOWN

Jones, Linick & Schaefer's
ORPHEUM | 9 A. M. to 12 P. M.
—TODAY and TOMORROW—
VIOLA DANA
The Winding Trail
EXCLUSIVE CHICAGO SHOWING
Coming Sunday—MAE MARSH in "FIELDS OF HONOR"

ZIEGFELD
Direction ALFRED HAMBURGER
624 SOUTH MICHIGAN AVENUE
Douglas Fairbanks
In "A MODERN MUSKETEER" 25c
SUNDAY, THE ROSE OF THE WORLD
WITH ELSIE FERGUSON

CASTLE STATE AT MADISON ST.
LAST TIMES TODAY and TOMORROW
—Paramount Pictures Present—
Marguerite Clark
In Her Latest and Best Photoplay
"The Seven Swans"
ONLY THEATRE IN THE CITY SHOWING THIS PICTURE
—Starting Sunday for One Week—
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
"A MODERN MUSKETEER"
Continuous 9 A. M. to 12 P. M.

ROSE Madison at Dearborn —Call Central 3880—
NOW CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG
IN THE GREAT COMEDY DRAMA
"Shirley Kaye"

NORTH SIDE

DE LUXE | Wilson and Clifton Aves. Mats. 2:30 and 4 P. M.
SESSUE HAYAKAWA "THE SECRET GAME"
—Also Pathe Cartoon and Scenic Film—

—LUBLINER & TRINZ—
KNICKERBOCKER Broadway, nr. Granville Cont. 1:30 to 11 P. M.
EMILY STEVENS—"DAYBREAK"

BROADWAY 5206 Broadway, at Foster
BRYANT WASHBURN "THE FIBBERS"
—Also Fatty Arbuckle and Mabel Normand—

NORTH SIDE

BRYN MAWR
BRYN MAWR, Near BROADWAY
At Bryn Mawr "L" Station
Matinee and Evening
MARY GARDEN
"Thais"
Coming—Next Wednesday
"QUO VADIS"

REGENT | 6746 Sheridan Rd., nr. Loyola "L" Station—7 to 11 P. M.
—LAST TIMES TODAY—
MARY GARDEN—"Thais"

LAKE SHORE | Broadway at Belmont —7 to 11 P. M.—
JACK RICHARDSON "The Man Above the Law"
Tomor.—"THE RISE of JENNIE CUSHING"

—LUBLINER & TRINZ—
COVENT GARDEN 2655 N. Clark St. Cont. 2 to 11 P. M.
WILLIAM FARNUM—"The Man Who Sees Red"
—ADULTS ONLY—

ASCHER BROS
LANE COURT Center & Lane Ct. Matinee & Evening
HAROLD LOCKWOOD
"The Avenging Trail"
EVE. SHOW ONLY VAUDEVILLE
Five Clever Entertainers
Latest Universal Weekly and Pathe Comedy

ADELPHI | 7670 N. CLARK ST. COR. ESTES AVE. Mat. 2:30 & 4 p. m. Eve. 6:45 to 11:30 p. m.
WILFRED LUCAS
"The Judgment House"
Mack Sennett-Keystone Comedy and Mutt & Jeff Cartoon

CHATEAU | Broadway & Grace —MAT. & EVE.—
JACK RICHARDSON
'The Man Above the Law'
UNIVERSAL SCREEN MAGAZINE

LAKESIDE | 4730 Sheridan Road Mat. and Eve.
Paramount Presents
BILLIE BURKE
"Arms and the Girl"
Lakeside Topics and Christy Comedy

CALO Clark St. and Belmont Ave. —Matinee and Evening—
HAROLD LOCKWOOD
"The Avenging Trail"
LATEST CALO CURRENT EVENTS and Keystone Comedy

TERMINAL Lawrence & Spaulding —Matinee & Evening—
BESSIE BARRISCALE
"Those Who Pay"
—ADULTS ONLY—

MILFORD | Milwaukee-Crawford Matinee & Evening
—ONE DAY ONLY—
"QUO VADIS"
Also Other Good Pictures

NORTH SIDE

KEYSTONE | 3912 SHERIDAN RD.
Francis X. Bushman & Beverly Bayne
"RED, WHITE and BLUE BLOOD"

—LUBLINER & TRINZ—
BIOGRAPH | 2433 LINCOLN AVE. —1:30 to 11:15 P. M.—
HAROLD LOCKWOOD "The Avenging Trail"

—LUBLINER & TRINZ—
VITAGRAPH | Lincoln, near Belmont —Cont.—1 to 11 P. M.—
Constance Talmadge "The Honeymoon"

THE BUGG | Lincoln Ave., Robey St. —1:30 to 11 P. M.—
"I BELIEVE" George Loane Tucker's Masterpiece

BUCKINGHAM | 3319 N. CLARK ST.
"ALIMONY" "THE TIE THAT BURNS"

SOUTH SIDE

JEFFERSON | 1523 EAST 55TH ST.
EDNA GOODRICH
"Her Second Husband"
Tomorrow—MABEL TALIAFERRO—"Draft 258"

ASCHER BROS
PEERLESS | Grand and Oakwood Blvds.
Tom Moore & Hazel Daly
'BROWN OF HARVARD'
REX BEACH'S TRAVELOGUES and Others—Fox Comedy

OAKLAND SQUARE Drexel and Oakwood
2:30 to 11:30 P. M.
Paramount Presents
JACK PICKFORD
"Tom Sawyer"
LATEST CHRISTIE COMEDY and Animated Weekly

METROPOLITAN Grand Blvd. and 47th St.
Matinee and Evening
JACK RICHARDSON
"Man Above the Law"
Latest Triangle Comedy and Others

FROLIC | 39th St. and Ellis Ave. —Matinee & Evening—
Tom Moore & Hazel Daly
'BROWN OF HARVARD'

COSMOPOLITAN 79th & Halsted Mat. & Eve.
—ONE DAY ONLY—
Thos. H. Ince's Greatest Spectacle
ZEPPELIN'S LAST RAID
Latest Pathe and Good Comedy

COLUMBUS Ashland Av. & 63d St. —Mat. and Eve.—
TAYLOR HOLMES
"Uneasy Money"
Universal Weekly and Christy Comedy

SOUTH SIDE

VISTA
67th & Cottage Grove—Mat. and Eve.
CONSTANCE TALMADGE
"THE HONEYMOON"
A Delightful Comedy of Mishaps.
Tomor., Mae Marsh "The Cinderella Man"
Also Chas. Chaplin, "The Pawn Shop"

HARPER
83RD AND HARPER AVENUE
Matinee Daily—House of Quality
JEWEL CARMEN
"The Kingdom of Love"
Also a Two Part Comedy

JACKSON PARK | 67th St. and Stony Island Ave. MAT., 2:30 and 4:00; EVE., 7 to 11

RECORD PRICES PAID FOR LIVE STOCK IN 1917

Vice President of Swift & Co. Reviews Fiscal Year.

At the annual meeting of Swift & Co. stockholders yesterday, Edward F. Swift, vice president, reviewed the business of the company for its fiscal year ended last September. He said it had been a year of abnormally high prices in general and record prices had been the rule in the live stock market. Mr. Swift continued:

"The highest prices paid for live stock in Chicago, together with the dates on which they were paid, were as follows:

	Date. 1917.	Price per cwt.
Cattle	Sept. 19	$17.90
Hogs	Aug. 21	20.00
Sheep	May 12	16.00
Lambs	May 17	20.00

"These prices, however, were for choice lots that topped the market on the respective dates. The actual payment per hundredweight by Swift & Co. at all plants for live stock for the fiscal years 1915, 1916, and 1917 were as follows:

	1915.	1916.	1917.
Cattle	$7.10	$7.21	$ 8.90
Hogs	7.09	8.49	12.80
Sheep	4.58	5.08	10.1
Lambs	7.85	9.10	12.79

Pay More for Live Stock.

"As a result of these high prices of 1917, we paid over $455,000,000 to live stock raisers during the year, an increase of $141,000,000 over 1916.

"The rapid increase in prices is further brought out by the following statement, which shows the average prices paid by Swift & Co. in December, 1916, and December, 1917, and the percentage of increase:

	Dec. 1916.	Dec. 1917.	Pct. Inc
Cattle	$ 7.10	$ 8.81	24.1
Hogs	9.73	16.67	70.8
Sheep	11.58	15.08	30.1
Average	8.60	11.70	34.8

"Nineteen hundred and seventeen figures, issued by the Chicago Drovers' Journal, show that during the last ten years, the price of native beef cattle has doubled; that the price of sheep and lambs has more than doubled; and that the price of hogs has increased two and one-half times, as shown in the following statement:

	Native beef cattle.	Sheep.	Lambs.	Hogs.
1917	$14.00	$11.60	$15.00	$15.10
1907	5.30	5.25	7.05	6.10

Price of Meat High.

"The price of meat was also high, but did not advance as rapidly as the price of live stock, because of the higher values realized for by-products. The average wholesale prices of dressed beef at four large consuming centers for the six years, 1912 to 1917 inclusive, were as follows:

Fiscal years—	1912.	1913.	1914.
New York	$11.04	$11.00	$12.21
Philadelphia	10.13	11.56	12.33
Washington	9.86	11.40	12.10
Chicago	9.04	11.16	11.89
Average	10.00	11.43	12.09

	1915.	1916.	1917.
New York	$11.04	$12.13	$14.15
Philadelphia	11.57	12.1	14.32
Washington	11.33	11.86	13.67
Chicago	10.35	11.19	13.10
Average	11.42	11.62	13.78

"The year was also marked by record receipts of cattle, which were the largest in the history of the country.

Voluntarily Raise Wages.

"Higher prices have been paid for fuel, supplies, and labor. We have voluntarily increased the wages of employes twice during the year and three times since February, 1916. We are now paying common labor wages 57.1 per cent higher than two years ago.

"The average pay of women employed in our plants is $12.20 per week, with a guaranteed minimum of $9 per week. The average wages paid to our plant employes have been increased over 48 per cent in the last two years."

The following directors were elected: L. F. Swift, Edward F. Swift, Lewis L. Clarke, L. A. Carton, M. B. Brainard, Charles H. Swift, and G. F. Swift Jr.

At the directors' meeting, held after the stockholders' meeting, the following officers were reelected for the ensuing year: President, Louis F. Swift; vice presidents, Edward F. Swift, Charles H. Swift, and G. F. Swift Jr.; treasurer, L. A. Carton; secretary, F. S. Hayward; assistant secretary, C. A. Peacock; assistant treasurer, W. W. Sherman.

J. W. Low Made President of Butter and Egg Board

John W. Low of Wayne & Low, was elected president at the annual election of the Chicago Butter and Egg board. W. H. Witcomb was made first vice president and Harry Feilchenfeld, second vice president. Other successful candidates were: H. A. Morin, treasurer; T. S. O'Neil, secretary, and Frank Dittman, Edward Rueb and C. E. McNeill, directors.

COFFEE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—COFFEE—Reactionary or bearish sentiment was more in evidence in the market for coffee futures during today's early trading. First prices were 2 to 12 points lower and the active months sold about 20 to 25 points under last night's closing figures during the early trading. There was a good deal of liquidation by houses with Wall street and cotton trade connections, while scattered trade selling was accompanied by reports that Brazil was showing more disposition to sell. This decline probably strengthened the technical position to some extent, and there was a sharp rally during the afternoon on a renewal of bear rumors. The close was off from the best under renewed liquidation, with last prices net 2 points lower to 1 point higher. Closing bids: January, 7.95c; March, 8.18c; May, 8.33c; July, 8.53c; September, 8.72c; October, 8.78c; December, 8.92c. Spot coffee was irregular: Rio 7s, 9½c; Santos 4s, 10½c. The official cables reported a decline of 75 reis at Rio. Santos spots were unchanged and futures 250 reis higher. Victoria reported a clearing of 8,000 bags for New York. Brazilian port receipts, 58,000.

METALS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—ANTIMONY—Steady; Chinese and Japanese brands quoted at 14c and 14½c. The metal exchange quotes lead firm; spot, 6.75@7.00c. SPELTER—Steady; East St. Louis, spot, 7.75@8.00c. At London: COPPER—Spot, £110; futures, £110; electrolytic, £125. TIN—Spot, £308; futures, £303. LEAD—Spot, £29 10s; futures, £28 10s. SPELTER—Spot, £34; futures, £30.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 10.—LEAD—Firm at 6.55c; last sales at that price; offerings held higher at 6.70c. SPELTER—Quiet at 7.75c.

SWIFT & CO. EARNINGS BREAK ALL RECORDS

IN its fiscal year ended Sept. 30, 1917, Swift & Co. enjoyed the largest measure of earnings in the history of the corporation. The distributive sales were $875,000,000, an increase of $300,000,000, or 52 per cent over the previous year. The net income jumped from $20,465,000 in 1916 to $34,650,000, an increase of 67.8 per cent. The company paid in dividends $10,000,000 and put away as surplus $24,650,000.

In 1917 the company increased its capital stock from $75,000,000 to $100,000,000. To pay for this new stock the directors charged the amount, $25,000,000, out of surplus. On the $100,000,000 the earnings last year were 34.65 per cent. Dividends paid amounted to 10 per cent on the total capital. The company did better than the figures of earnings show, for it set aside $10,000,000, a new item, as a special reserve.

The ratio of net income to sales was 3.96 per cent, that is, on $1 of the company's product sold or handled the profit was 3.96 cents. This is the highest ratio of net income to sales within a period of eleven years. The highest previous ratio was in 1915 when the figures stood at 3.56.

The company increased its real estate account by about $4,500,000, and its inventory $45,000,000. Accounts receivable increased $21,700,000, making a total of $67,700,000, while accounts and bills payable increased $38,100,000, a net gain in assets of $29,600,000.

The appended statements cover sales, income, and surplus for a period of eleven years, and the balance sheets present exhibits covering five years. The figures:

ASSETS.

	General balance sheet—Working capital				
	Sept. 30, 1917.	Sept. 30, 1916.	Sept. 25, 1915.	Sept. 26, 1914.	Sept. 27, 1913.
Real estate, etc.	$ 55,170,507	$ 50,692,782	$ 50,539,539	$ 50,434,307	$ 47,954,189
Investments	39,716,466	37,644,283	38,355,803	25,462,091	22,417,284
CURRENT ASSETS.					
Cash	8,292,056	5,963,264	3,946,755	8,479,190	8,573,505
Accts. receivable	82,265,714	60,564,607	61,622,454	47,329,777	42,208,734
Inventories	120,935,778	74,588,318	47,901,889	45,899,008	47,360,366
Total current assets	$211,493,548	$142,416,179	$113,471,098	$101,707,975	$ 98,642,605
Total assets	$306,380,523	$230,753,243	$207,366,440	$187,604,373	$178,114,080
LIABILITIES.					
Capital stock	$100,000,000	$ 75,000,000	$ 75,000,000	$ 75,000,000	$ 75,000,000
Bonds	31,593,500	31,311,000	24,500,000	10,000,000	5,000,000
Reserve for int. and divs.	.....	.....	.....	1,437,500	1,375,000
Other reserves	6,458,542	6,290,161	5,900,884	5,809,022	5,485,720
P. and L. surplus	59,965,000	60,315,000	45,555,000	37,200,000	33,000,000
Special reserve	10,000,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
CURRENT LIABILITIES.					
Bills payable	70,211,560	38,873,600	32,933,530	29,533,856	29,120,400
Accounts payable	23,757,002	17,972,194	21,375,756	18,619,001	19,092,960
Int. accrued, etc.	4,394,918	1,891,288	1,806,250	.....	.....
Total current liabilities	$ 98,363,480	$ 57,837,082	$ 56,115,556	$ 58,157,851	$ 58,253,360
Total liabilities	$306,380,523	$230,753,243	$207,366,440	$187,604,373	$178,114,080
*Net working capital	$113,130,068	$ 84,579,097	$ 62,355,542	$ 43,550,124	$ 40,389,245

*Based upon statement of current assets and current liabilities as above.

	Total sales.	Net income.	Ratio of net income to sales—%	Capital stock —— Divs. pd.	% earn'd.	% pd.	Surplus for year.
1917	$875,000,000	$34,650,000	3.96	$10,000,000	34.65	10	$24,650,000
1916	575,000,000	20,465,000	2.81	8,000,000	27.29	8	14,465,000
1915	500,000,000	14,087,500	3.56	5,437,500	18.78	7¼	8,650,000
1914	425,000,000	9,450,000	2.21	5,250,000	12.80	7	4,200,000
1913	400,000,000	9,250,000	2.31	5,250,000	12.82	7	4,000,000
1912	300,000,000	8,250,000	2.75	5,250,000	11.00	7	3,000,000
1911	275,000,000	6,137,500	2.23	4,987,500	8.18	7	1,150,000
1910	250,000,000	7,050,000	2.82	4,200,000	11.75	7	2,850,000
1909	250,000,000	8,025,000	3.21	4,025,000	13.37	7	4,000,000
1908	240,000,000	6,300,000	2.63	3,500,000	12.60	7	2,800,000
1907	250,000,000	6,208,995	2.48	3,500,000	12.41	7	2,703,995

PRODUCE MARKETS

EGGS.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—Prices 1@3c a dozen higher and market firm. Receipts, 1,665 cases. Quotations:

Firsts	58@60c
Ordinary firsts	54@57½
Miscellaneous, cases returned	53@57c
Do. cases included	54@58c
Checks	32@33c
Dirties	36@38c
Extras—	
Fillers	54c
Cartons	55c
April and May, chgs. pd.	43½@44½c
Country	42@44c

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 10.—EGGS—Firsts, 52c; seconds, 34c.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 10.—EGGS—54@54½c.

BUTTER.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—Market weak, with prices ½c lower. Receipts, 2,830 tubs. Quotations:

Extras	48c
Extra firsts	47@47½c
Firsts	43@46½c
Seconds	39@41c
Extra to grocers—	
Tubs	50c
Prints	51c
Packing stock	35@36c

CHEESE.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—Selling fairly at steady prices. Quotations:

Young Americas	29½c
Longhorns	30c
Double daisies	28½c
Daisies	28½c
Twins	28½c
Swiss	38@40c
Limburger	30@27c
Brick	27½@28c

POULTRY.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—Live spring chickens and ducks sold 1c lower. Quotations:

Live—	
Turkeys	32c
Fowls	17@25c
Springs	23c
Roosters	17c
Rucks	25c
Geese	23c
Dressed—	
Turkeys	32½c
Geese	24c
Chickens	25@28c
Ducks	28c

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—POULTRY—Dressed firm; chickens, 25@33c; fowls, 23@30½c; turkeys, 25@34c.

VEGETABLES.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—Potato market firm, with a good demand. Receipts, 20 cars. Quotations:

Carrots, Ls., brls	$3.00@4.50
Spinach, brls.	$10.00
Onions, home grown, sacks	$1.80
Cabbage, per bbl	$2.75@3.00
Potatoes, Wis., 100 lbs.	$1.80@2.05
Do. Minn.	$1.80@2.10
Potatoes, damaged, frosted	$1.25@1.50
Sweet potatoes, brls	$6.00
Do. hmprs	$2.00@2.25
Celery, Mich., crates	$1.25@1.50
Cauliflower, 2 doz.	$2.00@2.50
Cucumbers, 2 doz	$2.00@3.50
Lettuce, 2 doz	$1.50@2.50
Peppers, Fla	$4.50@5.00
String beans, green, hmprs	$1.00@5.00
Do. wax	$1.00@4.00
Turnips, home grown, trimmed	50c

FRUITS.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—Trade quiet and market steady. Quotations:

Apples, brls	$4.00@6.50
Do. boxes	$1.75@3.25
Lemons, Cal., cases	$6.50@7.50
Grapefruit, boxes	$3.00@4.50
Cranberries, brls	$19.00@22.00

VEALS.

50@60 lbs	16c
60@80 lbs	16@17c
90@120 lbs	18@19c
Coarse	9@10c

SOUTH WATER STREET BEEF.

	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.
Ribs	27	20	12
Loins	33	24	14
Rounds	17	17	12
Chucks	15	14½	11½
Plates	15	14½	10½

ACME TEA COMPANY.

The outstanding first preferred stock of the Acme Tea company was, on Dec. 10, reduced from the original issue of $2,750,000 to $2,650,000, $100,000 being retired.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

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Daily without Sunday, one year, $4.00; six months, $2.00; three months, $1.25; two months, $1.00; one month, 50 cents.

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CITY RATES.

Daily only, one month	$ .55
Daily and Sunday, per month	.80
Sunday only, per month	.25

NEW YORK—281 FIFTH AVENUE.
WASHINGTON—30 WYATT BUILDING.
SAN FRANCISCO—742 MARKET STREET.
LONDON—3 REGENT STREET, S. W.
PARIS—12 BOULEVARD DES CAPUCINES.
BUENOS AIRES—LAVALLE 341.

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BANK ELECTIONS.

IN the list of annual elections of the national banks printed in THE TRIBUNE of Jan. 9 the statement appears that Directors Newkirk, Perkins, Wesemann, and Bryan of the Ravenswood National bank had resigned. The bank states that the four directors did not resign. Mr. Perkins, Mr. Wesemann, and Mr. Bryan do not hold sufficient stock to qualify as directors, and C. F. Newkirk died in September, 1916. The information stating that the directors had resigned was furnished to THE TRIBUNE by the City News bureau.

The following state banks held their annual elections yesterday:

AMERICAN STATE BANK—Directors reelected: Michael Zimmer, Emanuel Beranek, Dr. Anton Blazkini, John A. Cervenka, Joseph Dusek, John Fucik, V. A. Geringer, John C. Khasa, Ernest Kunde, James Stelina. Officers reelected: President, James F. Stepina; vice president, Emanuel Beranek; cashier, Adolph Krasa.

MARKET TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK—Directors: B. W. Brady, Howard Etting, Frank A. Hecht Sr., Albert M. Johnson, Edward Ratzinger, Simeon F. Leonard, E. L. Manaure, D. R. Sholmer, H. A. Stocker, Fred S. Fulton. Officers: President, Fred S. Fulton; vice president, Frank A. Hecht Sr.; cashier, Albert M. Tierney; assistant cashier, Walter T. Larsen.

MID-CITY TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK—Officers reelected: President, William J. Raible; vice president, E. C. Hart; cashier, A. L. Peterson. Officers newly elected: Assistant cashier, O. Christenson; auditor, Edward Lawlor.

NORTH SIDE STATE SAVINGS BANK—Officers: President, William R. Dawes; vice president, Edwin F. Mack; vice president and cashier, P. H. Weilbrenner; newly elected assistant cashier, B. Lipke. Directors: S. M. Felton, William R. Dawes, Alexander H. Revell, Edwin F. Mack, P. H. Weilbrenner, and B. Lipke.

PULLMAN TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK—Directors: Robert T. Lincoln, D. Mark Cummings, Theodore H. Long, Clive Runnells, John S. Runnells, Edmund D. Hulbert, E. Howard Rumbold, David J. Harris, and Edward F. Bryant. Officers: President, Edward F. Bryant; vice president, Marcus A. Aurelius; secretary, Claude B. Egan; cashier, Donald E. Bryant; assistant cashier, E. G. Sweeney.

RELIANCE STATE BANK—Directors reelected: Edward Morris Jr., William J. Tathle, Raymond Cardona, C. M. MacFarland, C. A. Wathier, Hugh McNeff. Officers elected: President, Raymond Cardona; vice president, C. A. Wathier; cashier, Hugh McNeff; assistant cashier, Charles F. Alden.

SCHIFF & CO. STATE BANK—Directors: Benjamin J. Schiff, L. E. Cohen, Samuel Philipson, David L. Ellelson, Samuel S. Shuster. Officers: President, Benjamin J. Schiff; cashier, Samuel S. Shuster; assistant cashiers, Seymour W. Schiff, M. M. Schiff, and L. E. Cohen.

SOUTHWEST TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK—In addition to the recent election of officers named the following advisory committee for the year 1918 was selected: Thomas E. Wilson, president, Wilson & Co.; Ralph Van Vechten, vice president Continental and Commercial National bank; Abel Davis, vice president Chicago Title and Trust company.

WEST SIDE TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK—Directors: Edward Morris Jr., Arthur G. Leonard, Thornhill Broome, L. H. Heyman, C. Hollenbach, Benjamin S. Mayer, C. O. Felscher. Officers: President, Benjamin S. Mayer; vice president, C. Hollenbach; cashier, C. O. Felscher; assistant cashiers, H. S. Pflaum, Albert F. Ossman.

WAKE UP FEELING FRESH AS A DAISY

Get a 10 Cent Box of "Cascarets" for Your Liver and Bowels

To-night sure! Take Cascarets and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Let Cascarets liven your liver and clean your thirty feet of bowels without griping. You will wake up feeling grand. Your head will be clear, breath right, tongue clean, stomach sweet, eyes bright, step elastic and complexion rosy—they're wonderful. Get a 10-cent box now at any drug store. Mothers can safely give a whole Cascaret to children at any time when they become cross, feverish, bilious, tongue coated or constipated—Cascarets are harmless.—Advertisement.

BELATED CARS OF LIVE STOCK LOWER PRICES

Shortage Relieved and Hogs Sell 10@25 Cents Lower.

LIVE STOCK QUOTATIONS

HOGS.

Bulk of sales	$16.10@16.45
Common to good mixed	15.85@16.10
Fair to fancy med. weights	16.00@16.15
Good to select butchers	16.40@16.55
Fair to fancy heavy shipping	16.30@16.45
Common to good lights	15.75@16.10
Canadian singers	16.30@16.40
Stags	16.00@16.75
Boars	11.75@13.85
Pigs	12.50@15.50

CATTLE.

Beef steers, choice to prime	$13.50@14.25
Beef steers, good to choice	12.10@13.50
Beef steers, fair to good	10.50@12.10
Beef steers, inferior, rough	7.25@ 9.60
Yearlings	9.25@14.00
Cows, fair to select	6.50@11.00
Heifers, fair to select	6.50@12.50
Canners and cutters	5.25@ 6.50
Good to select vealers	13.00@15.50

SHEEP.

Western wethers	$11.50@14.00
Native wethers	12.00@12.90
Yearlings	10.00@14.75
Ewes	10.00@12.60
Western ewes	9.50@12.25
Bucks	7.00@ 9.00
Western lambs	15.75@18.00
Native lambs	15.25@17.75

Belated receipts of live stock streamed into the stockyards at Chicago yesterday and relieved the shortage of the last three days. Prices responded, selling 10@25c lower for hogs and all kinds of cattle.

Hog receipts were placed at 60,000 head, with several trains still to be heard from. Packers had liberal consignments from outside points, some of which did not get in. They fought the market from the start and closed it in a weakened position, with about 20,000 hogs left unsold. Best sales were at $16.55, against $16.75 Wednesday, and not many sold higher than $16.50, while the bulk made $16.10@16.45.

Best steers offered sold at $16.40. They were not prime, as finished beeves were quotable up to $14.00 and higher. Calves were steady, with choice vealers at $15.50.

Shippers paid up to $18.00 for lambs, but packers bought the best offerings at $17.75, or the same as on the previous day. Only a few small lots of sheep were offered and they sold up to $12.50 for fancy ewes.

Hog purchases for the day: Armour & Co., 6,500; Anglo-American, 2,500; Swift & Co., 4,200; Hammond, 2,200; Morris & Co., 4,200; Wilson & Co., 4,800; Boyd-Lunham, 2,000; Western Packing company, 2,000; Roberts & Oake, 1,000; Miller & Hart, 1,100; Independent, 1,200; Brennan, 800; Agar, 1,400; butchers, 500 shippers, 3,000; total, 37,400; left over, 20,000.

Live Stock Movement at Chicago.

Receipts—	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Wednesday, Jan. 9	4,758	958	17,109	5,841
Thursday, Jan. 3	19,868	4,122	66,570	23,861
Thursday, Jan. 10	29,000	5,000	60,000	12,000
Shipments—				
Wednesday, Jan. 9	4,758	395	3,586	1,970
Thursday, Jan. 3	3,305	229	6,768	594
Thursday, Jan. 10	3,000	300	4,000	1,000

Receipts for Jan. 11 were estimated at 11,000 cattle, 45,000 hogs and 12,000 sheep, against actual arrivals of 2,505 cattle, 31,825 hogs, and 14,042 sheep for Friday, Jan. 12, 1917.

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

NATIONAL STOCKYARDS, Ill., Jan. 10.—HOGS—Receipts, 16,100; 25c lower. Lights, $16.15@16.30; pigs, $14.00@15.25; mixed and butchers, $16.25@16.40; good heavy, $16.35@16.50; bulk, $16.15@16.50. CATTLE—Receipts, 3,300; steady to shade lower. SHEEP—Receipts, 600; steady. Lambs, $14.00@17.75.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 10.—HOGS—Receipts, 13,000; 20@30c lower. Bulk, $15.90@16.25; heavy, $16.05@16.40; packers and butchers, $16.00@16.25; lights, $16.05@16.30; pigs, $13.50@15.25. CATTLE—Receipts, 6,000; steady. SHEEP—Receipts, 6,000; 15@25c lower. Lambs, $16.25@17.90.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 10.—HOGS—Receipts, 13,500; 15@20c lower. Heavy, $15.80@16.25; mixed, $15.90@16.15; lights, $15.75@16.20; pigs, $10.00@16.00; bulk of sales, $15.90@16.35. CATTLE—Receipts, 5,000; steady to 10c lower. SHEEP—Receipts, 14,400; steady. Lambs, $15.75@17.25.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Jan. 10.—HOGS—Receipts, 10,000; 25c lower; light, $15.50@15.80; mixed, $15.80@16.00; heavy, $16.00@16.15; pigs, $13.00@14.00; bulk, $15.80@16.05. CATTLE—Receipts, 4,000; steady. SHEEP—Receipts, 600; market steady.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 10.—HOGS—Receipts, 11,000 head; 10@20c lower, Range, $15.60@16.00; bulk, $15.80@15.75. CATTLE—Receipts, 3,000 head; steady to 15c lower. SHEEP—Receipts, 500 head; steady. Lambs, $8.00@16.50.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Jan. 10.—HOGS—Receipts, 6,500 head; lower. Top, $16.35; bulk, $16.00@16.25. CATTLE—Receipts, 1,500 head; active and strong. SHEEP—Receipts, 2,500 head; steady. Lambs, $12.00@17.10.

Former Page Pays $55,000 for New York 'Change Seat

New York, Jan. 10.—A seat on the New York stock exchange was posted today for transfer to Max Siegel, employed for eighteen years as a page on the floor of the exchange and more recently a sergeant of floor pages. The consideration was $55,000.

MARKET COMMENT

DIRECTORS of the Willys-Overland company are scheduled to meet next Monday for dividend action and the Wall street forecast is that the rate will be reduced to a 6 per cent basis. The present rate is 75 cents a share quarterly, or $3 a year. The par value of the stock is $25 a share, making the present rate 12 per cent.

Last week the stock was selling around 22. It began declining and sold down to 17. It has been quoted between 17 and 18¾ for several days. It is assumed that the large contracts from the government which the company has received necessitate larger working capital and in consequence the use of funds which might otherwise be distributed as dividends.

At a price of 18 and on a 6 per cent basis the yield is at the rate of 8.3 per cent, which appears small in the present market and in comparison with the high returns which are being made by railroads and stable industrials on their stocks.

Stock of the Pullman company has shown some recovery, but there is evidently a wide belief that the restricted train service will mean large reduction in the company's net revenues. Friends of the Pullman company say, however, that the earnings for 1918 should be nearly as large as for 1917, when the gross made a record. The profits on the cars manufactured are larger than last year and greater utilization is being made of seats and berths on Pullman cars.

The street is again talking of another 10 per cent cash dividend on the preferred stock of the International Mercantile Marine company. The directors will meet next Tuesday. The company is in arrears 72 per cent on the preferred issue.

Directors of the National Enameling and Stamping company are to meet Feb. 10 and there are predictions that there will be an increase in the dividend rate. The present disbursement is $6 a year.

CHICAGO STOCK TRANSACTIONS

SWIFT & CO.'s shares were again active on the local exchange, and the price at the opening was fractionally higher. The close, however, at 131, was ¼ below Wednesday.

Sears-Roebuck common was up 2¼ points. The buying was considered good. There was no news. Union Carbide-Carbon developed a great deal of activity and some firmness. The final quotation was 51⅞, against 51 the previous close. Wilson & Co. had a sudden spurt, advancing 2¼ points to 49½. Commonwealth Edison was up 1 point. At 92 it was ½ lower than Wednesday.

In the bond department Commonwealth Edison 5s were steady, while Chicago Railways first mortgage 5s advanced 1 point to 83.

The following sales were made:

BONDS.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.	Net chge.
Am Ship	20	89½	89½	89½	....
Booth Fish	20	19½	19½	19½+	¼
Ch Pn Tool	162	51	49½	50⅝—	⅛
Ch Ry ser 2	100	2	2	2	....
Com Edison	120	106	105	106	+ 1
Dia Match	16	105	105	105	....
Ldsy Light	204	27	26	26	— 1⅛
Midwest pfd	60	57½	57	57	....
Mont Ward pf	70	107	106	106	....
Nat Car pfd	85	115	114	114	....
Pub Svc pfd	3	90	90	90	....
Sears-Roe	801	140¾	140⅛	140¾+	2¾
Swift & Co	1,625	131¼	129½	131	— ¼
U C & C	1,562	52	50½	51¾+	¾
Wilson	135	49½	47½	49¾+	2½
Do pfd	10	98½	98½	98½+	½

STOCKS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.	chge.
$7,000 Armour 4½s	84½	84½	84½	....
6,000 Ch Ry 1st 5s	83	83¼	83	+ 1
3,000 Com Ed 1st 5s	93½	93½	93½	....
1,000 Pco Gas ref 5s	80	80	80	....
6,000 Pb Sr No Ill 5s	80	80	80	....
1,000 So S El 4½s	78¼	78⅝	78⅝	....
1,400 U S Lib 3½s	98.20	98.20	98.20	+.10
1,650 do 1st 4s	97.50	97.00	97.50	....
5,050 do 2d 4s	96.50	96.50	96.50	....

Money and Exchange.

Money rates in Chicago firm at 5½ @6 per cent; on collateral commercial paper, 5¼@6 per cent; 5⅛@6 per cent over the counter. New York exchange, par. Chicago bank clearings, $50,891,900.

OFFICIAL WEATHER REPORT.

Place of observation. Jan. 10, 1918. 7:00 p. m. Central time.	Temp. 7 p. m.	Highest today.	Lowest last night.	State of weather.	Direction of wind.	Velocity in miles per hour.	Precipitation in 24 hours.
Eastern states—							
Albany	24	28	16	Cloudy	N.W.	...	...
Atlanta	40	42	20	Clear	W.	...	...
Boston	32	34	20	Cloudy	W.	...	...
Buffalo	24	26	16	Cloudy	W.	...	.04
Charleston	48	48	36	Clear	S.W.	...	...
New York	34	36	30	Cloudy	S.	...	...
Parkersburg	24	24	20	Cloudy	S.W.	...	...
Philadelphia	32	34	24	Clear	W.	...	...
Pittsburgh	26	28	16	Cloudy	W.	...	...
Raleigh	38	44	26	Clear	N.W.	...	...
Washington	38	38	24	Clear	N.W.	...	...
Gulf states—							
Abilene	8	48	.	Snow	N.	...	.20
Amarillo	—	6	6	Cloudy	N.	...	.44
El Paso	2	32	8	Snow	N.	...	.10
Galveston	58	58	54	Clear	E.	...	.01
Jacksonville	40	58	40	Clear	S.E.	...	...
Miami	62	70	60	Clear	E.	...	.01
Mobile	50	58	50	Cloudy	S.E.	...	...
Montgomery	40	48	36	Clear	S.E.	...	...
New Orleans	52	52	38	Rain	E.	...	.04
San Antonio	34	72	32	Cloudy	N.	...	...
Shreveport	36	42	32	Rain	N.	...	.08
Tampa	58	60	40	Clear	N.	...	...
Vicksburg	50	50	40	Rain	S.E.	...	.02
Fort Worth	24	40	40	Cloudy	N.W.	...	.02
East-central states—							
Alpena	16	24	18	Clear	W.	...	...
Cairo	26	34	10	Snow	N.	...	.28
Chicago	18	22	10	Fair	N.W.	...	...
Cincinnati	32	34	20	Cloudy	S.W.	...	...
Cleveland	30	34	20	Clear	W.	...	...
Detroit	22	32	18	Clear	W.	...	...
Escanaba	14	22	12	Clear	N.	...	...
Evansville	32	34	10	Cloudy	N.	...	...
Fort Wayne	20	22	10	Fair	N.	...	...
Grand Haven	20	20	10	Cloudy	N.W.	...	...
Grand Rapids	18	20	10	Fair	N.W.	...	...
Green Bay	12	16	2	Cloudy	S.W.	...	...
Indianapolis	26	28	8	Cloudy	S.W.	...	...
Madison	12	16	2	Cloudy	S.W.	...	...
Marquette	12	20	14	Cloudy	S.W.	...	...
Memphis	36	42	30	Rain	N.	...	.08
Milwaukee	10	18	8	Fair	N.W.	...	...
Minneapolis	4	14	0	Cloudy	N.E.	...	...
Peoria	14	18	0	Cloudy	W.	...	...
Ste. Marie	20	20	14	Snow	W.	...	.02
Springfield, Ill.	16	18	4	Cloudy	N.	...	.01
West-central states—							
Bismarck	20	18	18	Fair	N.W.	...	...
Charles City	—	4	0	Snow	N.W.	...	.02
Concordia	0	10	10	Fair	N.W.	...	.70
Davenport	14	14	0	Snow	N.W.	...	...
Des Moines	2	12	8	Snow	N.W.	...	.08
Devils Lake	28	30	20	Clear	N.W.	...	...
Dodge	—	4	4	Cloudy	N.	...	.66
Dubuque	10	14	0	Snow	N.	...	.01
Duluth	—	6	—	Snow	W.	...	...
Huron	10	—	8	Clear	N.W.	...	.08
Kansas City	12	14	12

ONLY ROSY SIDE OF PEACE SEEN BY WALL STREET

Warnings of a Long War Fail to Halt New Gains in Stocks.

BAROMETER OF THE MARKET

Average of Closing Prices of Twenty Leading New York Stocks

Thursday, Jan. 10	69.94
Wednesday, Jan. 9	69.74
Net gain for the day	.20
Year ago, day of week	90.06
Two years ago	91.82
Three years ago	76.94

The twenty stocks are Anaconda Copper, American Car and Foundry, American Smelter, American Telephone, Atchison, Baltimore and Ohio, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, Chesapeake and Ohio, Erie, Great Northern preferred, New York Central, Northern Pacific, Pennsylvania, Reading, Southern Pacific, Southern Railway, St. Paul, American Sugar, Union Pacific, and United States Steel.

Total sales of stocks, 535,000 shares.

Total sales of bonds [par value], $4,450,000.

CREDIT PEACE RUMORS.

New York, Jan. 10.—Peace rumors reached Wall street from many sources today and they continued to receive credence. Warnings from Washington that the government is preparing for a protracted struggle and the admonition given by Senator Kenyon in the senate that nothing could assist Germany more than the activities of those who are trying to bring about a patched up peace had little effect.

The first report came from Petrograd by way of Chicago and was to the effect that the German government had asked the Swiss to act as mediators with the allies. It afterwards turned out that a newspaper of Petrograd asserted that German delegations there had intimated to the Swedish legation that Germany wanted Sweden to act as a go-between with Great Britain, France, and Italy.

The traders, however, were so impressed by this story that the shorts covered precipitately and there was some buying of long stocks for New York as well as western account.

Big Doings in Afternoon.

The bullish enthusiasm finally reached fever heat in the late afternoon when the gossip-mongers on the floor quoted a well known Wall street house predicting that the kaiser would abdicate within forty-eight hours. The market had closed before the senior partner of this firm emphatically denied the report and denounced it as a stock jobbing trick.

In its optimistic frame of mind today Wall street ignored all unpleasant news. It paid no attention whatever to the reports from London that the Bolshevik government intended to cancel the Russian national debt and repudiate all loans and treasury bonds held by foreign subjects abroad or in Russia, and to scale down holdings even of workmen and peasants to 75 per cent of their nominal value.

Pay Russian Bond Interest.

Wall street's refusal to take this story seriously was perhaps based on the knowledge that the National City bank today, acting on the authority of the Russian embassy at Washington, was engaged in paying the interest due on the $50,000,000 6½ per cent bonds held by American investors.

The Russian 6½ per cent bonds, however, advanced 5 points and closed within a point of the high price of the day. All the foreign issues were strong. Anglo-French bonds were substantially higher and the French municipals made more advances.

Foreign exchange was comparatively unaffected by the peace rumors, except that there was a further decline in rates on Stockholm and Christiania, which have been quoted at a high premium for months.

Mercantile paper, 5¼@5¾ per cent. Sterling, sixty days bills, 4.72; commercial sixty day bills on banks, 4.71½; commercial sixty day bills, 4.71¼; demand, 4.75¼; cables, 4.76 7-16. Francs, demand, 5.73; cables, 5.71. Guilders, demand, 42¾; cables, 43¼. Lires, demand, 8.42; cables, 8.41. Rubles, demand, 12½; cables, 12¾. Bar silver, 90½. Mexican dollars, 73. Government bonds, irregular. Railroad bonds, irregular. Time loans easier; sixty days, ninety days, and six months, 5½@5¾. Call money easier; high, 6; low, 5; ruling rate, 4; closing bid, 3½; offered at 4; last loan, 4.

In Foreign Stock Markets

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The stock market maintained a cheerful tone today. President Wilson's message was a strengthening factor, especially in Russian issues, which were strong, the latest Petrograd news having no effect. Speculative issues were more active, particularly Eastern Kaffirs, tin mines, and oil shares, while British-American Tobacco was a leading feature on dividend announcements. Home funds and shipping shares were steadily supported. Money was in better demand and discount rates were firmer owing to the bank's buying bills. Bar silver, 45¼d per ounce. Money, 3½ per cent. Discount rates: Short bills, 3 31-32 per cent; three months bills, 4 1-32 per cent.

BANK OF ENGLAND STATEMENT.

Total reserve increased £768,000; circulation, decreased £887,000; bullion, decreased £120,174; other securities, decreased £15,000; public deposits, increased £5,824,000; other deposits, decreased £34,878,000; note reserve, increased £754,000; government securities, decreased £13,966,000. The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 19.71 per cent; last week it was 16.30 per cent. Bank rate unchanged at 5 per cent.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—Trading on the bourse today was calm. Three per cent rentes were quoted at 58 francs 25 centimes for cash, exchange on London at 27 francs 18 centimes, and the 5 per cent loan at 88 francs 45 centimes.

BANK OF FRANCE STATEMENT.

Notes in circulation increased 193,669,000 francs; treasury deposits decreased 180,090,000 francs; general deposits decreased 80,000 francs; bills discounted decreased 61,000,000 francs; advances decreased 447,000 francs; gold in hand increased 1,999,000 francs; silver in hand decreased 719,000 francs.

Woolworth December Sales Break Records

Sales of the F. W. Woolworth company for December amounted to $14,590,-, an increase of $955,789. Total sales for 1917 were 98,091,999, a gain of $11,-, and a new sales record for any year in the company's history.

HARRIS TRUST EARNINGS DECREASE.

Earnings of the Harris Trust and Savings bank of Chicago were for the calendar year of 1917, 3573,864, or 10.54 per cent, against 3,190, or 16.65 per cent, in 1916.

TICKER GOSSIP

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Legalistic minded traders this morning remarked that buyers and sellers were status quo. That is the name of the disease. The symptoms are market inactivity, narrowness, and the immobility of prices. The cure, say the doctors, is news. The market is starving for it. In order for a market to show energy in either direction it must have its nutriment. The railroad plan and the war aims statements have been digested, the energy they supplied has been used up. That is the explanation one hears.

In a furious bull or bear market prices may every day go violently up or violently down without news. In that respect a market is unlike all other living creatures, for it survives on its own energy. But always after such delirious exertions, the market collapses, and there follows a long period of lassitude and convalescence.

Keen judges of the market have been watching Steel common very closely since its airplane rise from around 80@83 level to 98. A big short interest in the stock was ruthlessly slaughtered during the course of this move, when the average reaction was only about ¾ of a point. After touching the top price, there came a fair reaction, about 2½ points, which was looked upon as rather a good indication that the move had been completed for the time being.

Furthering this opinion, this reaction was allowed to run into six points. Manifestly, those who would not touch Steel after its 18½ point rise to 98 found it tempting around 92-93-94. Since the main reaction, traders point out that sharp bulges have been in order, with a seemingly good supply of stock at the higher levels, and the tendency is now to await a further decline and an apparent strengthening of the technical position—which was weakened by the elimination of the shorts—before attempting much on the long side.

An abundance of puts on Bethlehem "A" have been offering for some time only 2½ points under the market. Bearing on this a story is going the rounds of Bethlehem circles to the effect that certain large interests, writing off losses for income tax purposes, disposed of a large block of the "A" stock during the closing days of 1917 and have since been unable to recover it.

Everywhere in brokerage offices the optimists are talking. Here are some opinions: "It looks almost as if the president had taken his place at the invisible table," "Some of the best buying has been by a small coterie that has confidence that definite peace moves are to result from the recent playing for position," "They [the big men] know that it is only a question of a short time when this great world war will end. The peace terms and war aims which are now being heralded broadcast will surely bring results of such a nature that all warring nations will be satisfied to get together and discuss a settlement."

ON THE BROAD STREET CURB

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—[Special.]—Business on the Broad street curb narrowed materially today, the forenoon passing without transactions in a number of issues like Submarine Boat. While business in the general list was smaller in volume, prices were lower for the majority of issues traded in, and the market generally showed a waiting tendency.

Oil stocks reflected a sudden check to the demand, which caused sharp advances a couple of days ago.

Mining stocks were quiet. Russian bonds were strong, the 6½s selling at 53 @58 and the 5½s sold at 50.

CURB TRANSACTIONS.

INDUSTRIALS.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.
Ætna Explo	5,000	7⅝	7¼	7¼
Air Reduction	650	78½	73	76
Chevrolet	2,000	114	111	113
Cuprite Sulphur	700	1⅝	1½	1⅝
Elec Gun	725	⅝	⅞	⅝
Manhattan Trans	1,000	⅛	⅛	⅛
Marconi of Am	1,000	3½	3½	3½
Maxim Munitions	5,000	13	12¾	13
Peerless Tr & M	1,500	16	14	16
Smith Motor	4,700	1¼	1⅛	1¼
United Motors	8,000	23⅝	21½	23⅝
Wright-M	2,500	7⅝	7	7⅛

OILS.

Allen	1,060	⅞	⅝	⅝
Am Ventura	14,300	9	7	9
Barnett	2,000	1½	1½	1½
Boston Wyo	25,000	26	24	24
Cosden	5,000	8	7⅝	7⅝
Crown	22,000	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
Elk Basin	300	6¾	6¾	6¾
Elkland	7,000	⅛	⅛	⅛
Glen Rock	1,500	4¼	3¾	4
Houston	750	43¾	42	43½
Merritt	700	23⅝	23	23⅝
Metro Petim	2,000	⅞	⅞	⅞
Midwest Oil	4,000	106	101	103
Do pfd	500	1¼	1¼	1¼
Midwest Ref	1,200	112	108	112
Northwest Oil	1,500	63	59	63
Okla Oil	5,000	5	4	4½
Okla P & R	2,500	7¾	7	7¼
Pan-Am Petrim	400	42	40¼	40¼
Rice Oil	8,000	¾	⅞	7-8
Sapulpa	400	9¾	9½	9½
Sinclair Gulf	2,000	17	16	16½
United Western	1,000	⅞	¾	¾

MINING.

Atlanta	7,300	9¼	8½	9
Big Ledge	2,000	1¼	1	1⅛
Caledonia	5,700	55	53	54
Can Cop	2,500	2⅛	2	2
Cer Sil M & M	30,000	52	42	52
Cons Ariz Smelt	6,000	2¼	1⅞	2⅛
Cons Cop Mns	4,000	6½	5⅞	6
Emma Cons	5,000	⅞	⅞	⅞
Green Monster	5,000	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
Hecla	2,330	4⅞	4¾	4⅞
Int Mines	2,000	10	10	10
Iron Blossom	3,700	⅞	15-32	½
Jerome Verde	6,000	¾	⅞	¾
Jim Butler	7,200	90	86	87
Josevig Kenn	7,000	⅛	⅛	⅛
Marsh Mng	2,500	6	6	6
Mother Lode	2,800	.26	.26	.26
Nat Leasing	20,000	.05	.04	.05
Nat Zinc & Ld	4,500	.27	.26	.27
New Ophir	1,000	.20	.20	.20
Nichlas	1,600	.38	.37	.38
Nipissing	1,400	8⅝	8¼	8⅝
Pole Star	1,800	.23	.22	.22
Portland Cons	3,300	.34	.33	.34
Provincial Mng	2,000	.51	.53	.51
Silver King of A	8,550	⅝	⅝	⅝
Success Mng	2,500	.09	.08½	.09
Troy Ariz	1,200	.15	.14	.14
Utica	2,500	.11	.10	.11

BONDS.

$105,000 Am Tel 1 yr 6s	99¼	99¼	99¼	
11,000 Beth Stl 2 yr 5% notes	97	97	97	
20,000 Can 6s	95⅝	95½	95⅝	
6,000 Gen Elec 2 yr notes 6s	99⅝	99¾	99⅝	
5,000 do 6% notes of 1920	99⅝	99¼	99⅝	
6,000 Russian 5½s	52	50	52	
30,000 do 6½s	58	53	57	

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close
Cumb Pipe	16	125	125	125
S O N J	130	550	541	545
S O N Y	102	270	262	265

CLOSING BID AND ASKED PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
An Am Oil	17	18	Prs Oil	455	460
Atl Ref	930	950	Prs Pipe	255	260
Borne Scr	420	450	Solar Ref	290	315
Buck Pipe	93	96	Sou Pipe	165	175
Ches Mrl	320	340	S Pa Oil	285	295
Colon Oil	10	40	S Pa Pipe	97	104
Contl Oil	460	500	S O Cal	225	230
Cresc Pipe	30	35	Do Ind	625	650
Cumb Pipe	120	130	Do Kas	440	490
Eure Pipe	200	215	Do Ky	300	325
Gal S Oil	188	143	Do Neb	500	550
Do pfd	120	130	Do N J	543	545
Ill Pipe	187	195	Do N Y	264	268
Ind Pipe	95	100	Do Ohio	420	440
Natl Trans	12¾	13¼	Swan & F	95	105
N Y Tr	180	195	Un T Line	85	88
North Pipe	97	102	Vac Oil	360	370
Ohio Oil	345	350	Wash Oil	25	35
Pierce Oil	9⅛	10¼			

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS

	Bid.	Asked.	Description	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.	Net chgs.
	56½	57	Lehigh Valley	200	57	57	57	....
	17	20	Loose-Wiles	100	19¾	19¾	19¾+	¾
	85¾	85¾	Mexican Petroleum	20,400	88¾	83½	85¼+	2½
	88	90	Do pfd	200	87	87	87	....
	31	31¼	Miami Copper	600	31¾	31	31¼−	¼
	46¾	47	Midvale Steel	3,800	47	46¾	47 +	¼
	4½	5⅛	M K & T	100	4½	4½	4½−	¼
	9¼	9½	Do pfd	100	9¼	9¼	9¼	....
	22½	23	Missouri Pacific	1,300	23⅝	22¾	23⅛−	¼
	95	102	Nat Cl & Suit pfd	200	100	100	100	....
	15⅞	16	Nat Conduit & Cab	600	15⅞	15½	15⅝−	⅛
	41¼	41¾	Nat Enamel	3,400	42¼	41¼	41¾+	1
	44	45	Nat Lead	100	44	44	44	¼
	18⅜	18⅝	Nevada Copper	600	18⅝	18⅜	18⅝+	⅛
	119	121	N Y Air Brake	500	121	121	121	....
	70⅜	71¾	N Y Central	1,300	71¼	70⅜	70⅝	....
	29½	30	N Y N H & H	700	30	29½	29⅝−	⅛
	10¾	10¾	N Y O & W	300	10¾	10¾	10¾	....
	103½	104	Norfolk & W	200	104	104	104	....
	84½	85⅝	Northern Pacific	700	85⅝	84¼	85¼−	⅛
	35½	39	Ohio Cities Gas	5,900	39⅝	38	39 +	½
	58	62	Owens Bottle Mfg	100	60	60	60	....
	44¼	44½	Ohio Fuel	2,300	44⅝	43¾	44⅜+	⅛
	87	89	Pan Am P & T pfd	900	88	88	88	....
	46¼	46⅝	Penna Railway	1,200	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝−	⅜
	5	6	Peoria & Eastern	100	6	6	6	....
	42½	43	Peoples Gas	500	42½	42	42¼+	⅛
	35	38	Pere Marq pfd cfs	200	36	36	36	....
	27	28	Philadelphia Co	300	27¾	27¼	27¼	....
	30	35	Pettibone-M	100	32	32	32	....
	45¾	46	Pittsburg Coal	1,000	46¼	45¾	45⅞	....
	93	98	Pitts Steel pfd	100	98	98	98	....
	64¼	64½	Pitts & W Va	4,500	25	23¼	24½+	1
	61¼	63¼	Do pfd	1,100	63¼	63¼	63¼	....
	61	61¾	Pressed Steel Car	500	61⅞	60	61⅝	....
	108½	109	Pullman	1,300	108¾	107	108¾+	1¼
	50	50½	Ry Steel Spring	6,900	50¼	48¾	50 +	1½
	23	23⅝	Ray Consolidated	1,500	23¼	22¾	23⅛	....
	74¼	75	Reading	2,700	74¾	73	74¾	....
	78	78½	Rep Iron & Steel	2,400	78	77¼	78 +	½
	74½	75½	Royal Dutch	900	75¾	74	75⅜−	1⅛
	8½	9	Saxon Motors	100	7¾	7¾	7¾−	1¼
	50	55	Savage Arms	100	55	55	55 −	1
	17¼	17¾	Seab Air Line pfd	200	17¼	17	17¼−	⅜
	149½	150½	Sears-Roebuck	1,400	150	147	150	....
	16½	17	Shattuck & Arizona	700	16¼	16	16½	....
	31½	33¼	Sinclair Oil	4,600	33¼	30¾	32½+	1¼
	41¾	43	Stand Sheet Stl	1,400	43¼	41¼	43¼	....
	155	180	So Porto Rico Sugar	200	160	158	162	....
	83½	84	Southern Pacific	1,100	84	83¼	84 −	⅝
	23⅛	23⅝	Southern Railway	2,700	24	23⅝	23½	....
	58	58½	Do pfd	200	58¼	58¼	58¾	....
	11	13	Std L & S F	1,300	11	11	11	....
	51¼	51¾	Studebaker	5,100	51¼	50	51⅜	....
	95	96	Do pfd	300	96	94	96	....
	36⅞	37¼	Superior Steel	600	37¼	37	37⅛−	⅜
	13⅝	13¾	Tennessee Copper	300	13⅜	13¼	13⅜−	⅛
	144¾	145	Texas Oil	2,400	144¾	143	143	....
	52½	52⅝	Tobacco Products	9,400	52⅜	51½	52⅜+	1⅛
	114⅝	115	Union Pacific	3,200	115	114¼	114¼+	⅜
	69	70¼	Do pfd	400	69⅝	69	69 −	¼
	37	38	*United Alloy Steel	200	38¼	38	38 −	¼
	93	94	United Cigar Stores	3,400	94	90½	93¼+	2½
	69	70⅛	United Drug	100	70	70	70	....
	119½	120	United Fruit	500	119⅝	119	119⅝+	1⅝
	119½	120½	U S Alcohol	1,800	120	118	120 +	1
	92	97	Do pfd	100	95	95	95	....
	12⅛	13	U S Cast Iron Pipe	100	12½	12½	12¾+	¼
	53⅜	54½	U S Rubber	1,900	54⅜	53	54 +	1
	97½	98¼	Do 1st pfd	200	98¼	98¼	98¼	....
	44¼	45	U S Smelting	200	45	44¼	45 −	¼
	89½	90	Do pfd	100	90	89½	89½	....
	95½	95⅝	U S Steel	173,700	96	93¾	95⅝+	¾
	109	109⅝	Do pfd	1,400	109¾	109	109¾+	¼
	81	81½	Utah Copper	1,200	81½	80¾	81⅜+	⅜
	37½	37⅝	Virginia Chemical	900	37⅝	36	37⅜	....
	53	55	Virginia Coal & C	100	53½	53½	53½	....
	42½	43¼	Wabash pfd A	1,300	43⅜	41¾	42¾+	¼
	88½	89½	Western Union	400	89	88	88¼+	¼
	40¾	41¼	Westinghouse Elec	2,200	41¼	40¾	41 +	¼
	13½	15	Western Pac	800	15	14	15 +	1¼
	17¼	17⅝	Willys-Overland	12,100	17⅞	17¼	17⅝+	⅜
	77½	78	Do pfd	200	78	78	78	....
	48½	50	Wilson & Co	900	50	47¾	49¼+	2¼
	114	116	Woolworth	100	114	114	114 −	1

*Ex dividend.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
United States 2s, registered	96½	97½
United States 2s, coupon	96½	....
United States 3s, registered	99	99¾
United States 3s, coupon	99	99¾
United States 4s, registered	104	105½
United States 4s, coupon	104	105½
United States Panama 2s, 1938	96	....

CLOSING NEW YORK BID AND ASKED

Stocks Not Traded In Yesterday.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex	75	78
A Rumely	10½	11
Do pfd	25½	27½
A-Chal pf	73½	77¾
A B Sp pf	80	88
A B Rhco	....	107
Do pfd	165	185
A Can pfd	90	91
A C Oil pf	70	82
A H & L	12	13
Do pfd	52	53½
Am S pf	40	42
A Loc pf	95¼	97
A Malt	9	11½
S Sm pf A	93	96
A Snuff	87	94
Do pfd	85	95
A Sug pf	107½	110
A Tob pf	96	98
A Woolen	45¾	46½
Do pfd	92½	93
A W P pf	22¼	23
A Zinc pf	42½	50
Assets Rl	¾	1
Asso Oil	57½	60
Atch pfd	81	82
A V & W I pfd	50	60
B & O pf	56½	57¾
Barrett Co	84½	87
Batopilas	1	1½
Br U Gas	85	100
B Shoe	65	68
Do pfd	95	100
Brunswick	6	7¼
Burns B	111½	112
Do pfd	105	110½
Butterick	10¾	16
Cal Pack	38½	39
Cen Foun	34	35
Do pfd	45	46
C Leas pfd	102¾	105
Ch Mot	73⅜	73⅝
Chi & A	8	12
Chi Gt W	6½	7¼
C&NP M-O	70	80
Do pfd	100	130
C&N W pf	120	140
CCC&St L	28	30
Do pfd	....	76
Clnett-P	46½	50
Do pfd	98	100
Col & Sou	20	22
Do 1st p	50	55
Do 2d p	45	50
C-T-R Co	30	33
Cons Gas	85	89
C Gas Bltz	98	103
C Can pfd	87	110
Cont Ins	45	55
Cr St pfd	93	97
C A Stg	141	155
Do pfd	93	100
Deere pfd	95	96
D & Rio G	3	6
D L & W	173	178
Del & H	107½	109¼
Der Ed	98	102¾
Det Unit	....	90
D S S & A	2½	3
Do pfd	5½	7
Elec S B	48½	53
Erie 2d pf	19¼	20
Gn Chem	165	180
Do pfd	100	104
Gn Cigars	34	39
Do pfd	90	100
Good pfd	94	97
Granby	75	77¼
Greene C	29	30½
G St Steel	89½	94
Homestake	85	95
Ill Cent	92	93
Int Ag C	13	13½
Int Har N	....	....
J pfd	106	113
Int Hr Cor	60	70
Do pfd	95	100
I Nick pf	92	99
Iowa Cent	2	5
Jewel Tea	93	95
Do pfd	85	95
J Kayser	90	105
Do pfd	100	110
K O pf	5	....
M pfd	....	68
K C Sou	16	17
Do pfd	47	49
Kelly S pf	75	85
Kf Co Elec	90	104
Lac Gas	80	90
LE&W pf	20	25
Lee R & T	14	15
Lig & M	160	185
Do pf	101½	104
Locse-W	....	....
1st pf	80	90
L & N	113¾	117
MackayCo	75¼	76
Do pf	57	59
Man Elev	97	100
MaxMotor	25	27
Do 1st pf	57	58
Do 2d pf	31	32
May D St	46	51
Do pf	90	111
M & St L	9¼	10¾
MinPASSM	86¾	88
Do pf	101	115
Mont P	97	71
Do pf	98	100
Nat Acme	36¼	37
Nat Bis	94	100
Do pf	110	130
Nat C & S	58¾	62
Nat Em pf	94	100
N Lead pf	100	105
N Rys of M 1st pf	....	21
Do 2d pf	5	7
NOT&M	18½	20
NY Dock	18¾	20½
NYC&StL	14	18¼
Do 1st pf	....	76
Do pf	45	50
Nor'n So	20	23
N & W pf	78	85
No Am	44	48
Ont Silver	4⅜	5¼
Owens Bot Mfg pf	106	120
Pac Mail	24	25½
Do pf	96	120
Pfortzheim	163	185
Do pf	99	115
Pierce-Ar	34	39
Do pf	90	100
Pitt Coal pf	76½	81
PCC&StL	58	65
Pond Creek	14½	18
Pr St Car pf	94	96
Pub Svc of N J	....	99
ReadJerCen	47	49
Un Ry Inv	4½	5
Do pf	11½	14
USCIP pf	43	47¾
U S Ex	15	18
U S Real	10	13
Va Ch pf	98	107
Va Ry & P	....	48
VulcanDet	2	5
Wabash pf A	21¼	22
W Md	13	14
WesthseEl 1st pf	55	65
W & L E	9¼	9¾
Do pfd	20	22
Wilson&Co pf	93	99
Wis Cent	37	39½
Woolw pf	113½	....
Worth P	83¼	85
Do pf A	82	90
Do pf B	59	61

DIVIDENDS DECLARED

Stock, rate, etc.	Payable.	Of record.
Fajardo Sugar $2.50 q	Feb. 1	Jan. 19
Pac Cst Co 1 q com 1½ q 1 pfd	Feb. 1	Jan. 25
Pac Cst Co 1 q 2 pfd	Feb. 1	Jan. 25
Inter Col O 3½ q pfd	Feb. 5	Jan. 20
Atlas Powder Co 1½ q pfd	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Cluett Peabody Co 1½ q	Feb. 1	Jan. 21
Russell Motor Co 1¾ q pfd	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
St Law Fir Mls 1¼ q 1 ex	Feb 1	Jan. 20
Carbon St Co 6 s a 1st pfd	Mar. 30	Mar. 26
Do 6 s a 1st pfd	Sept. 30	Sept. 26
Do 6 a 2d pfd	July 30	July 26
H Walker Refrac 1½ q pfd	Jan. 19	Jan. 9
Burns Bro Coal Co 1½ cash 1 stk	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Amer Sewer Pipe 50c q	Mar. 20	....
Do 50c q	June 20	....
Do 50c q	Sept. 20	....
Do 50c q	Dec. 20	....
Brit Amer Tob 6 final 6 in terim ord	Jan. 31	....

NEW YORK BOND TRANSACTIONS

No. thou.		High.	Low.	Close.
	061 U S Lib 3½s	98.74	98.60	98.60
	69 do 1st 4s	98.10	97.90	98.00
	1304 do 2d 4s	96.80	96.44	96.54
	45 Fran 5 5s	95	95	95
	431 Anglo-French 5s	89½	89	89¼
	2 Argentine Gvt 5s	80	80	80
	36 City Bordeaux 6s	86	85½	86
	56 City of Lyons 6s	85	85½	85
	46 City Marseilles 6s	85	85½	85
	23 City Paris 6s	85¼	84¾	85¼
	1 City Tokio 5s	69	67	69
	3 Dom of Canada 5s	95½	95½	95½
	145 French 5½s of 1919	93½	93	93½
	1 Jap 1st ser 4½s	90½	90¼	90¼
	5 do 2d 4½s Ger stamp	80½	80½	80½
	108 U K of G B 5s	97¾	97¼	97¾
	1 do 5½s of 1918	99½	99½	99½
	163 do 5½s of 1919	99¼	98¾	98¾
	68 do 5½s of 1921	93¼	92¾	93
	3 N Y State 4½s	104½	104½	104½
	8 N Y City 4½s 1957	95½	95½	95½
	1 do 4½s of 1963	95¼	95¼	95¼
	12 do 4½s of 1963	95½	95	95¼
	6 Am Ag Ch deb 5s	91	91	91
	17 Am Smelt 5s	87½	87½	87½
	23 A T & T col 5s	91	90½	91
	24 do col 4s	85½	83¾	85½
	15 Armour 4½s	84¾	84¾	84¾
•	53 A T & S F gen 4s	84	83¾	84
	1 do cv 4s of 1960	86	86	86
	3 do trans short line 4s	80½	80½	80½
	3 Atl & Cal 5s	92	92	92
	1 A C Line 1st con 4s	82	82	82
	2 do L & N 4s	71¾	71¾	71¾
	1 B O refg 5s	82¾	82¾	82¾
	11 do cv 4½s	77¾	77	77¾
	9 do gold 4s	78	77¾	77¾
	6 do P L 3½s	89	88¾	89
	4 Beth Steel ext 5s	98¾	98	98
	1 do cv 5s	98¾	98	98
	8 do pm 5s	81½	81¼	81½
	5 Braden 6s	92	92	92
172	BRT 5 pct notes 1918	97¼	97¼	97¼
	2 Bklyn U Elev 5s	85¼	85¼	85¼
	3 Carolina Cen 4s	77	77	77
	10 Cent Ga con 5s	90	89	90
	38 C & O cv 5s	78	77½	77½
	8 do cv 4½s	69	69	69
	29 C B & Q gen 4s	83½	83½	83½
	18 do joint 4s	93¾	93¾	93¾
	7 C Gt West 4s	59	58½	59
	2 C M & St P gen cv 5s ser B	80	80	80

GRAIN FUTURES SOLD HEAVILY ON PEACE NEWS

Market for Oats Reacts Sharply from Early High Points as Locals Sell.

Heavy selling of oats was stimulated by the many peace rumors in circulation yesterday and closing quotations showed declines of ⅜@1¼c for the day. The market was an unsettled affair, at times exhibiting much strength ,but the political news offset all of the bullish conditions and prices ranged lower most of the day.

There was a great deal of buying early in the session, due to the restricted movement of oats and the fact that more snow with severe weather was forecast, and substantially higher prices were established. The local trade loaded up on oats and when the peace news came they were forced to sell out. Mincer was credited with buying oats early, but was a big seller in the final hour.

Iowa advices were that farmers were willing to sell oats on a larger scale than at any time of the season, but weather conditions prevent a liberal movement. Cash oats were ½c higher to ½c lower, with local shipping sales 45,000 bu domestic and some to the seaboard. Export sales in all positions were reported as 500,000 bu. Primary receipts were 642,000 bu, against 475,000 bu a year ago.

Late Interest in Corn.

The corn future market was entirely devoid of feature during the forenoon, but later trade assumed fair proportions. Peace news was an influence here as well as in oats and there was active selling of May corn by a leading local trader which carried the price off a cent from previous close, although at the finish it was only ½@⅝c lower. Private wire houses took the offerings.

January corn received scant attention and closed ½c lower. A restricted movement of corn was indicated by the unfavorable weather conditions and receipts were again small at 159 cars. Cash corn, however, was steady for most transactions, with some of the late sales of poor grades showing 5c decline. Primary receipts were 787,000 bu, against 900,000 bu a year ago. Argentine corn shipments for the week are estimated at 800,000 bu.

Rye Dull and Easy.

Rye was dull, with cash No. 2 quoted $1.84@1.85, nominal.

Barley ruled slow and unchanged. Malting was quoted $1.42@1.59, with sales at $1.49@1.57; feed and mixing quotable, $1.40@1.52, and sold at $1.50; screenings were quoted 85c@$1.25 and sold 85c@$1.25. Receipts were 9 cars.

Timothy seed was quiet. March closed $9.00 bid and $9.20 asked, and cash lots were quoted $5.00@8.00. Clover seed was strong. Cash lots were quoted $20.00@28.00 and spot prime $30.30.

Flax closed 1½c higher, with cash quoted $3.56½@3.59½.

AMERICAN GRAIN MARKETS.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 10.—WHEAT—Receipts, 15 cars. CORN—Cash: Steady, No. 2 mixed, $1.61@1.62; No. 2 white, $1.75@1.76; No. 3, $1.70; No. 2 yellow, $1.76@1.78; No. 3, $1.70. OATS—Steady; No. 2 white, 82½@83c; No. 2 mixed, 80@80½c. RYE—$1.76. KAFFIR AND MILO MAIZE—$3.33@3.35. HAY—Weak to $1.50 lower. Choice timothy, $28.00@29.00; choice prairie, $24.50@25.50; choice alfalfa, $32.50@33.50. Futures: CORN—January, $1.27⅞@1.27¾; May, $1.25⅞.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 10.—CORN—Cash: No. 3 yellow, $1.75@1.80; No. 3 white, $1.70@1.75; No. 3, $1.65@1.75. OATS—Standard, 83@83½c; No. 3 white, 82½@83c; No. 4 white, 82@82½c. RYE—No. 1, $1.80. BARLEY—Malting, $1.45@1.68; feed and rejected, $1.35@1.45; Wisconsin, $1.48@1.58. Futures: CORN—January, $1.27¾; May, $1.25½. OATS—January, 78½c; May, 76c.

DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 10.—LINSEED—On track, $3.52@3.65; to arrive, $3.50. Futures: January, $3.50 bid; May, $3.51½ bid; July, $3.44 bid; October, $3.30, nominal. OATS—On track, 79¼@80½c; to arrive, 79½c. RYE—On track and to arrive, $1.53. Futures: May, $1.59¾ bid. BARLEY—On track, $1.37@1.59.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 10.—CORN—Cash: Higher. No. 2 track, $1.72; No. 2 white, $1.82. OATS—Higher. No. 2 track, 81¼c; No. 3 white, 83@83½c. Futures: CORN—Steady; January, $1.27⅞; May, $1.25. OATS—Higher. May, 76¼c.

PEORIA, Ill., Jan. 10.—CORN—Unchanged; No. 4 yellow, $1.65; No. 3 mixed, $1.60 bid; No. 5 mixed, $1.43; No. 6 mixed, $1.40; sample, $1.17@1.38. OATS—¾c higher; No. 2 white, 81¾c; No. 3 white, 81¼c; No. 2 red, 84c.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 10.—CORN—No. 3 white, $1.61; No. 4 white, $1.55@1.56; No. 4 yellow, $1.53@1.53½; No. 4 mixed, $1.47. OATS—No. 3 white, 80¼c.

COTTON.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—COTTON — There were violent fluctuations in the cotton market today, but the general tendency of prices was lower owing to better prospects for a break in the Texas drought, nervousness over the question of foreign supplies in New England mill centers, and renewed talk of possible government price regulation. The general list closed easy at a net loss of 47 to 55 points. The market opened barely steady at a decline of 3 to 20 points. Prices rallied several points right after the call on buying by Liverpool and trade interests, but the selling was heavy and the market soon turned easier. Active months sold about 38 to 46 points net lower, but offerings were gradually absorbed by a continued demand from trade sources and when rumors reached the ring that Germany had asked Sweden to act for her in negotiations with England, France, and Italy prices shot up rapidly. Later advices said Washington had no knowledge of any such action, and the market met heavier offerings as it approached yesterday's high levels. The late break carried prices into new low ground for the day. Exports, 13,867 bales, making 2,174,038 so far this season. Port receipts, 15,379 bales. United States port stocks, 1,355,439 bales. Futures:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. close.
January	32.40	32.00	32.05	32.43	
March	31.87	31.95	31.40	31.91	
May	31.40	31.59	31.06	31.07	31.55
July	31.05	31.32	30.75	30.75	31.24
October	30.03	30.09	29.60	29.60	30.14

Spot quiet; middling uplands, 33.25c.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 10.—COTTON—Sharp and wide declines, with a strong recovery in between, resulted from conflicting influences in cotton here today. The opening and the close were at the decline, but in the early afternoon the market stood at a net advance of 9 to 11 points on the strongest months. At the lowest prices were 38 to 43 points down compared to the close yesterday. The close was at net losses of 29 to 35 points. Futures:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. close.
January	31.15	31.22	30.80	30.85	31.18
March	30.65	30.87	30.31	30.46	30.74
May	30.22	30.53	30.00	30.15	30.43
July	30.00	30.28	29.80	29.93	30.23
October	28.93	29.05	28.70	28.73	29.24
December	28.63	28.63	28.56	28.60	29.06

Spot steady; middling, 31.50c.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 10.—COTTON—Spot quiet; prices higher. Good middling, 24.04d; middling, 23.49d; low middling, 22.96d; good ordinary, 21.97d. Sales, 3,000 bales, including 2,700 American. Receipts, 15,000 bales, including 14,300 American. Futures closed barely steady. New contracts: January, 23.44d; March, 23.13d; May, 22.67d. Old contracts [fixed prices]: January, 22.14d. January-February, 22.04d; March-April, 21.86d; May-June, 21.70d; June-July, 21.62d.

PIT PARAGRAPHS

PEACE news is not only affecting the grain trade, but is having considerable influence on farmers as well. Each day indicates increased willingness on the part of the countryman to sell his corn and oats, and it is believed that some of this desire to market grain is prompted by the fear of lower prices, which would come with termination of the war. Peace would relieve the strain on the railroads and would make it possible to divert vessels to exporting countries other than North America, which have large stocks of grain.

From many sections of the country there is evidence that the farmer is not only willing, but anxious, to sell his grain. One cash dealer here reported an instance where a shipper is seeking to lease a live stock car which he can board up and use for transporting grain. If present rate of distributing empty cars continues and weather conditions improve a big movement of both corn and oats is looked for.

"The coffee requirements of Germany, Austria-Hungary, Belgium, Turkey, and the Balkan states are about 5,000,000 bags, and they are said to be absolutely bare of stock," say Logan & Bryan. "The visible supply is 3,742,924 bags. Deliveries for the first six months of the season to Sweden, Norway Spain, Italy, and South America are approximately 7,300,000 bags. Prices are up about 1½c from the low, but still 3@6c lower than at the beginning of the war. Market has declined steadily since the year 1911, at which time prices were around 15c. A cessation of the war will undoubtedly create a tremendous demand, and foreigners are said to be already buying large quantities of the futures in anticipation of the war ending."

There were claims yesterday of 500,000 bu oats being worked to exporters from all positions, but local handlers declared that this figure was exaggerated. One of the local shippers sold 25,000 bu oats at a basis of 10c over May, track Newport News. Shipment east is impossible at present, and all business is sold on condition that it will be shipped when it can. It is understood that some of the oats were bought to fill old contracts. Premiums on oats in the sample market here were firm, with No. 3 white bringing 4¼@4½c over May price and standard 4½@4¾c over.

John B. Turner of Memphis has been reinstated to membership on the Board of trade. He was suspended for failure to produce his books for examination, but has now brought them here for inspection and the suspension has been lifted.

Secretary John R. Mauff of the Board of Trade has been notified by the Illinois chief grain inspector that the new rates for inspecting grain, advancing the charge to $1 a car, where moisture tests are made, and to 75c a car where no tests are taken, will go into effect on Monday next.

It is reported that the food administration plans to release an additional 90,000,000 bu wheat for export because of the critical food situation in Europe.

Receipts inspected yesterday: Wheat, 2 cars; corn, 159 cars; oats, 71 cars; barley, 9 cars. Hogs estimated for today, 43,000 head.

BOARD OF TRADE TRANSACTIONS

RANGE OF ACTIVE FUTURES.

CORN.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Closing Jan. 10.	Closing Jan. 9.
Jan	1.27⅜	1.27½	1.27⅛	1.27¼	1.27⅜
May	1.25½	1.25½	1.24½	1.24⅝	1.25⅛

OATS.

Jan	79⅜	80¼	78	78¼	79⅜
March	79	79⅜	77⅜	77⅝	78
May	77⅛	77⅛	75⅜	76⅛	76⅛

PORK.

Jan	45.75	46.10	45.75	46.10	45.75
May	45.20	45.50	45.12½	45.50	45.22½

LARD.

Jan	24.15	24.37½	24.10	24.35	24.12½
May	24.35	24.80	24.35	24.75	24.50

SHORT RIBS.

Jan	23.50	23.90	23.50	23.90	23.70
May	24.05	24.40	24.00	24.37½	24.15

PRICES AT OUTSIDE MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Jan.10	Jan.9.
May corn	1.25⅛	1.25⅛	1.24⅛	1.25	1.25⅛
May oats	77⅜	77⅜	76	76¾	77¼

TOLEDO.

Cash corn	....	....	....	1.85	1.85
Cash oats	....	....	....	83½	83¾

KANSAS CITY.

Jan corn	1.27⅛	1.27⅜	1.27⅛	1.27⅜	1.27⅜
May corn	1.26⅜	1.26⅜	1.25⅛	1.25⅞	1.26¼
May oats	79⅝	79½	77⅜	78¼	79

MINNEAPOLIS.

M'y oats,new	75⅛	76⅝	74⅜	76⅛	75⅛

WINNIPEG.

May oats	85⅛	85⅛	84	84¼	85⅛

DAILY BIDS AND OFFERS.

CORN.

	Bids. High.	Bids. Low.	Offers High.	Offers Low.
Jan	1.27⅜	1.27¼	1.27¼	....
May	1.24⅝	1.24	1.24⅝	1.25¼

OATS.

Jan.	75	....	81	79⅝
May	75	74⅝	74⅝	77¼

WEEKLY BIDS AND OFFERS.

CORN.

	Bids.	Offers.
May	1.21	1.26⅛

OATS.

May	71	80½

CASH TRANSACTIONS.

FLOUR—United States administration flour standards are as follows: Spring wheat, in jute, $10.10; hard winter, in jute, $10.00; soft winter, in jute, $10.00; white rye, $9.55; dark rye, $9.00.

CORN—Market steady. Sales: Track, Chicago: Sample grade, $1.10@1.87½; No. 6 mixed, $1.40@1.42; No. 5 mixed, $1.45@1.50; No. 6 yellow, $1.40@1.53; No. 5 yellow, $1.45@1.50; No. 5 white, $1.50. Illinois proportional billing: Sample grade, $1.25@1.43; No. 6 mixed, $1.45; No. 6 yellow, $1.40@1.50; No. 5 yellow, $1.55@1.57; No. 4 yellow, $1.65@1.70; No. 6 white, $1.45.

OATS—Market ½c higher to ¼c lower. Sales: Mixed lots, 345,000 bu. Track, Chicago: No. 3 white, 81¼@81½c; standard, 82c; No. 2 white, 82¼c. Illinois proportional billing: No. 4 white, 81c; No. 3 white, 81@81¼c; standard, 82c; No. 2 mixed, 79½c; No. 2 white, 82¼c.

CASH PORK TRANSACTIONS.

HOG PRODUCTS—Steady; cash lots, mess pork, repacked, $47.00@47.50; lard, $24.40; ribs, $23.25@24.00.

HAY.

HAY—Quiet; receipts, 2,119 tons; shipments, 97 tons; choice timothy, $28.50@29.00; No. 1, $28.00@28.50; No. 2, $27.00@27.50.

STRAW—Rye, $10.50@11.00; oat, $10.00@10.50; wheat, $9.00@9.50.

OILS.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—OILS—Wholesale prices of carbon and other oils a gallon, f. o. b. Chicago, are as follows: In iron barrels—Standard white, 10½c; perfection, 10¾c; headlight, 175, 13c; machine gasoline, 35c; raw linseed oil, $1.21; boiled, $1.32; turpentine, 52c. Wood barrels—Standard white, 16½c; perfection, 16½c; headlight, 18c; summer black oil, 12c; winter black oil, 12½c; Red Crown gasoline, 21c.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—COTTONSEED OIL—Prime crude, 17.50c; nominal; prime summer yellow, spot, 19.60c; January, 19.65c; March, $19.65; May, 20.00c.

OIL CITY, Pa., Jan. 10.—Credit balances, $3.75; runs, 49,700; average, 55,512; shipments, 38,783; average, 43,325.

PAYS $240,000 FOR THE TYSON FLAT BUILDING

F. M. Lang Purchases Property at Grand and Forty-third.

Real Estate Transfers

Real estate transfers filed for record yesterday totaled 139, involving $383,900, comprising 110 in the city and 29 in the outlying townships, including 10 under the Torrens system. Transfers were as follows:

Jefferson	13	Bloom	1
South Town	9	Leyden	1
Lake	19	Lyons	1
West Town	36	Maine	1
Lake View	10	Wheeling	1
North Town	3	Norwood Park	2
Hyde Park	13	Bremen	2
Calumet	4	Lemont	1
Cicero	12	Ridgeville	1
Stickney	8	Thornton	4
Proviso	3		

The Tyson, the eight story apartment hotel at the northeast corner of Forty-third street and Grand boulevard, has been conveyed by Nellie H. Sessions and Margaret Henry to Fred M. Lang for an indicated consideration of $240,000, subject to an incumbrance of $100,000. According to the stamps on the deed, $140,000 was paid for the equity. The lot has a frontage of 150 feet in Forty-third street and 130 feet on the boulevard, and is improved with an eight story building on the corner and a four story annex adjoining on the north, the buildings containing sixty-seven apartments of one to seven rooms, three stores, and four offices in the Forty-third street front. The building, which was erected by former Judge Grosscup and others about the time of the world's fair, is said to have a gross annual rental of a little over $40,000.

A few years ago about $65,000 is said to have been expended in improvements. The purchaser conveyed in part payment a farm of 1,200 acres in Huron county, Mich. Thomas H. Kelly represented the purchaser and W. K. Young & Bro. the sellers.

Downtown Loans.

Two interesting loans have been closed in the downtown district by Edgar M. Snow & Co. One is for $75,000, five years, at 5½ per cent, on the property at 458-64 South State street, 37½x100 feet, with four story building. They also have negotiated a renewal of a loan of $100,000, five years, at 5½ per cent, on the property adjoining the above on the south.

George E. Spry has sold to Fannie E. Farrar the property in Jefferson street, 100 feet south of Jackson boulevard, street, lot 166x170 feet, for an indicated consideration of $25,000, subject to $10,000 incumbrance.

Aloysius Curran has conveyed to Arthur E. Hales the flat property at the nohthwest corner of Vernon avenue and One Hundred and Tenth street, lot 6x170 feet, for an indicated consideration of $38,600, subject to an incumbrance of $10,000.

Buys Manufacturing Plant.

The manufacturing plant formerly used by Passow & Sons, lot 150x125 feet, with three story brick buildings, at 2118-30 South Racine avenue, has been acquired by the Burton-Dixie corporation, makers of the Dixie mattress, as an addition to its plant at Twenty-first street and Racine avenue. The property was acquired from Frank M. McKey, receiver, for $27,500. The sale was negotiated by Frank S. Pagin & Co., who last year sold the same company fourteen acres at Archer avenue and Forty-seventh street, where a large new plant will be erected.

At the annual meeting and election of the Chicago Renting Agents' association, held last evening, the folloying officers were chosen for the ensuing year President, Ivan O. Ackley; first vice president, F. E. Lackowski; second vice president, A. F. Kramer; treasurer, Warner G. Baird; secretary, James L. Carroll. L. M. Smith heads the directors from the south side, Paul E. Hartung the north side, and E. Woltersdorf the west side.

At the adjourned annual meeting of the Chicago real estate board yesterday final action on the proposed changes in the bylaws with reference to the valuation committee was postponed to the February meeting.

Building Permits.

Sixty-fourth-pl., 5738, 1 story brick residence, J. H. Wipple, owner; Braucher, arch.; owner is mason and carp. ..... $ 3,200
Crossing-st., 1580, 2 story brick storage, Chas. Stesler; Harold Thomas, arch.; B. W. Const. Co., masons and carps. 10,000

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Condensed Statement, December 31, 1917

RESOURCES

Real Estate (140 Broadway, 66 Liberty Street, 25 East 60th Street)		$5,000,000.00
Bonds and Mortgages		1,644,600.00
U. S. Government Certificates of Indebtedness		5,631,500.00
Liberty Bonds		22,198,734.62
Public Securities		36,457,920.10
Other Securities		56,825,066.03
Loans and Bills Purchased		308,291,315.43
Cash—On Hand and in Banks		75,199,801.21
Exchanges for Clearing House		34,226,703.12
Foreign Exchange		64,361,651.60
Credit Granted on Domestic and Foreign Acceptances		47,625,688.04
Accrued Interest and Accounts Receivable		3,282,315.89
		$660,745,296.04

LIABILITIES

Capital	$25,000,000.00	
Surplus Fund—required by law	5,000,000.00	
Additional Surplus—not required by law	20,000,000.00	$50,000,000.00
Undivided Profits		1,159,905.47
Dividend Payable December 31		1,250,000.00
Outstanding Treasurer's Checks		8,511,330.17
Accrued Interest Payable		1,187,690.44
Reserve for Taxes and Expenses		222,845.93
Foreign Accounts		4,943,565,17
Domestic and Foreign Acceptances		47,625,688.04
Notes and Bills Rediscounted with Federal Reserve Bank		11,562,295.32
Deposits		534,281,975.50
		$660,745,296.04

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS—$100—$200—$500—$1,000

6% ESTABLISHED QUARTER OF CENTURY

Interest allowed from Jan. 1.

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Elberton Apartments
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Ridgewood Apartments
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Springfield, Illinois

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137 S. La Salle St., Chicago
Randolph 7763

THE MIDWEST REFINING COMPANY
Dividend No. 13.

A dividend of $1.00 per share on the outstanding capital stock of the Company has been declared, payable February 1, 1918, to stockholders of record on January 15th, 1918. The stock transfer books do not close.

CLARENCE E. TITUS, Secretary.
Denver, Colorado.

CHEVROLET MOTOR COMPANY

A quarterly dividend of three per cent. has been declared on the stock of Chevrolet Motor Company, payable on February 1, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 18, 1918.

JOHN T. SMITH, Secretary.
New York, N. Y., January 8, 1918.

This Booklet

The Course of Order

tells how your order is handled when you instruct your broker to buy you a security—an interesting process with several elementary steps that you should know—as for illustration:

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LACKNER & BUTZ, SONS
INVESTMENT BANKERS
111 W. WASHINGTON ST.
CONWAY BUILDING

Attention, Stock Salesmen—

A good Tractor proposition. Well officered and good territory. If you are an efficient salesman we want you with us. Will take care of a few good men who can qualify.

W. B. HENDERSON & CO.,
Lehman Bldg., Peoria

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY
DIVIDEND NO. 74

A quarterly dividend of two per cent (two dollars per share) on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable on January 15, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 20, 1917.

JOHN W. DAMON, Treasurer.

GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION
January 8, 1918.

The Board of Directors of General Motors Corporation has declared the quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share upon the preferred stock of the Corporation, payable February 1, 1918, to holders of preferred stock of record at the close of business January 18, 1918; and also the quarterly dividend of $3.00 per share upon the common stock of the Corporation, payable February 1, 1918, to holders of common stock of record at the close of business January 18, 1918.

H. H. RICE, Treasurer.

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HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES ON A LARGE consignment of 2d hand furn. beds, $1 up; springs, mattresses, $2 up; dressers, dining tables, rugs, folding beds, $5; also large stock of other household goods to select from. We save you money. Investigate. Standard Furniture Co., 1208 E. 55th.

TO BE SOLD FOR CHARGES — SEVERAL lots of unclaimed storage furniture and household goods, everything completely renovated, absolutely sanitary and practically as good as new. KESSLER BROS. STORAGE, 4031-33 S. STATE, EAST SIDE OF STREET. PHONE KENWOOD 962.

WILL SELL ENTIRE FURNISHINGS OF 5 room apt., cost over $3,000; sell all in one lot only; lease to May 1st if desired; may be renewed; 1 block from 53d-st. L. C. station, 1 block to lake; joining navy, so will sell cheap. 5337 Cornell-av., 3d apt. Ph. Hyde Park 4245.

$350 4 ROOM OUTFIT FOR $165, INCLUDing mah. bedroom set; Wm. & Mary dining table, 52 in., 6 ft.; cane high back chairs, cane parlor set, silk loose cushions, etc.; also odd rockers and tables, all new; will separate. O'DONNELL, 54 13th-st., east of Wabash.

$18.50 JAC. CANE WING ROCKERS.. $ 8.75
$13.50 Simmons Steel Beds, in..... 6.95
$10.00 Porcelain Top Kitchen Tables.. 6.25
$70.00 Ft. Wilton Rugs, 8.3x10.6 ..... 39.50
CHICAGO SAMPLE FURNITURE CO.,
928-932 E. 63d-st. Midway 6411.

$6,000 WORTH OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS, pianos, rugs, stoves, etc.; will sell for storage charges. Call early and will give bargain. Garfield Express & Storage Co., 5915-18 S. State-st.

1,000 PIECES UNCLAIMED STORAGE goods, manufacturers' new furniture and rug samples. HEBARD'S, Ogden and Racine-sts. Ph. West 283. Open Wed. and Sat. nights.

COMPLETE SET OF FURNITURE OF 4 rooms, flat to be sold for storage charges at once; practically as good as new. Call at Reliable Storage House, 4049-59 S. State.

FOUR ROOMS, COMPLETELY FURNISHED, $137.50; terms, $1.75 a week. WEBER'S DEPT. STORES, Van Buren and Clark.

50 VERY FINE ROCKERS, UPHOLSTERED in velour and leather, $10 each; worth up to $40. 3453 Indiana-av.

MAHOGANY MIRROR BUFFET, ALMOST new, very cheap; hall runner. Nusbaum, 900 Roslyn-pl.

FURNITURE—NEW AND SECOND HAND of all kinds; stoves, linoleum, office desks, etc. C. A. Bryant, 711 E. 63d. Ph. Went. 3807.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE OF SEVEN ROOM apt.; cheap. LOTTER, 4338 Winthrop-av. 56 flat. Phone Sunnyside 2775.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL FURNITURE OF 5 room apartment at a bargain; also player piano. 812 Wilson-av., near Clarendon.

HAIR MATTRESS AND BOX SPRINGS, $8; worth $16; felt, $4.90; brass beds. Model Factory, 1625 Wabash. Ph. Calumet 2916.

NEW ORIENTAL RUG, 10x12. BARGAIN. 1557 E. 53d-st. Hyde Pk. 10451.

FURNITURE 1 RM. APT., 1312 E. 47TH. 1st; Sun., eves. Drexel 5762.

BED, SPRING, MATTRESS, DRESSER, CABinet, table, chair. Blackstone 6544.

$350 PIANO AND FURN. AT A BIG BARgain. Ph

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Executives and Managers.

EXECUTIVE.

EXECUTIVE position wanted by energetic and successful business man; 20 years experience in U. S. A. and Europe in business administration, organization and management, mechanical, electrical, and automobile industries as stores manager, pur. agt., secy., production, sales, and general manager; able to enlist co-operation of men; American; age 46; salary secondary on results, but not less than $3,000; now holding responsible position. Address Y 402, Tribune.

ADVERTISING AND SALES.

Because of shortage of raw stock, ability that enabled me to build a different business by applying fundamental principles from a capital of $500 to $5,000 in two years, is at your command. I know necessity of energy, economy, enthusiasm. I can make every cent count in gaining business that is the profit record; married; temperate. Address A 315, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — SUPERINTENDENT OR general foreman would like to communicate with principal concern in search of a man with executive ability; a hustler; 22 years' experience on high grade mechanical products; can raise, organize and control help, handle help, and get best results; references. Address B 64, Tribune.

Salesmen. Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WTD—SALESMAN, MARRIED, 7 years' experience, at present employed, will be glad to hear from responsible concern which has a real selling proposition to offer; steady work; salary and commission preferred, with opportunity to invest capital for a producer. Address B 207, Tribune.

ENGINEER-SALESMAN.

Several years' exp. mech. and elec. lines. Also design and layout conveying systems. Tech. grad. Only permanent, high grade position considered. No agencies. Address B 314, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—HIGH CLASS SALESman wants position where tact, initiative and good judgment are required; experienced in selling through correspondence and personal solicitation; remuneration $2,500 year, com. salary; now employed; 30 years old; no war cond. Address B N 283, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MARRIED MAN, age 31, good character and personality, neat appearance, genuine salesmanship ability, desires connection with firm of specialty where efforts will be appreciated; 5 years' salesmanager exp.; would consider proposition for Minneapolis agency. Address A 301, Tribune.

STOCK SALESMAN

Wishes to hear from corporation or individuals who can use salesman of successful experience and ability. Address B 156, Tribune.

SALESMAN.

SUCCESSFUL RECORD; 16 YEARS CITY AND ROAD; 8 YEARS WITH ONE HOUSE; CHANGE DUE TO WAR; AGE 37. ADDRESS B 215, TRIBUNE.

SITUATION WTD—SALESMAN; CAN QUALIFY FOR ANY SALES POSITION; SELL ANYTHING; INTERVIEW SOLICITED FROM CONCERN OF STANDING; HIGHEST CREDENTIALS AND RECORD. ADDRESS Y 306, TRIBUNE.

SITUATION WTD — EXPER. SALESMAN, about 30 yrs. of age, to sell established clothing, dry goods and shoe trade in Indiana and Illinois, desires change to better condition; clean record to present connection for number of years. Address A 447, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MARRIED MAN, AGE 28; seven years experience as salesman with large firm in city and suburbs; knows hardware, machine, and tool lines, now employed at inside work, wants position traveling for reliable concern. Address Y 483, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—EXPERIENCED SPECIALTY salesman, with responsible firm; salary and commission or com. and expense acct. O. L. DAVIS JR., D. C. D. CO., 20 E. Jackson.

SITUATION WTD—AN ALESMAN COLlector, or general man; am looking for opportunity; best of references. Address A 156, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—STOCK SALESMAN; highest credentials; 10% commission. Address A 186, Tribune.

Clubs and Hotels.

SITUATION WTD—WAITER IN CLUB; refs. O. Strand, 6400 Buckingham-pl.

Farm and Garden Help.

SITUATION WTD—EXPERT POULTRY AND farm manager, previously connected as superintendent of the largest enterprise in the country; open for engagement; salary or commission basis; highest references. Address A 129, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. — WORKING FARM foreman; stock or dairy; 2 girls, 2 boys 4 to 18; bank ref.; $100 mo. Address Y 485, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MARRIED COUPLE, IN country; man poultry, garden, chores; wife cook; ref. Mrs. TURNER, Menominee-st.

House Servants.

SITUATION WTD—SOBER, INDUSTRIOUS exempt young man wishes position as general houseman; understands all repairing and care of auto; excellent refs. Address B 480, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—COUPLE, SCANDINAV., Ian young, competent; steward-butler; wife excellent cook, housekeeper; or will run small country club only considered; highest refs. Chi. refs. Box 2, Lake Forest, Ill.

SITUATION WTD—BY MAN, 31, AMERican, as houseman or valet or both; willing handy; quick to learn; or all refs. Address B 480, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—EXPERIENCED WHITE butler; industrious, neat, and willing; age 35; fine city references. Phone Edgewater 2140.

SITUATION WTD—BY COUPLE; CARD, housem., chauf.; woman cook. Address Y 280, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—AT BUTLER; TEMPERance; 10 yrs. last place; ref. 1545 N. La Salle-st. Tel. Diversey 5145.

SITUATION WTD — COMPT. HOUSEMAN, gardener; marr.; best refs. Address B 476, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MAN, 28, AS VALET; references. L. RICHTER, 600 N. Clark-st.

SITUATION WTD—NORTH SHORE; EXPE. valet; reference and refs. Address B 221, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MAN AND WIFE; BUTler and cook; ref. Diversey 2572.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Chauffeurs.

SITUATION WTD—REFINED SINGLE COL. chauffeur, age 34, 12 yrs. exp.; good mechanic and careful driver; best of habits; highest refs.; all cars. Burrell. Ph. Douglas 7665.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR 38 YRS., married, no children; all around man; lifetime experience; wife to help out; live on premises; refs. Address Y 505, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR, 4½ YRS.' exp.; best of refs.; neat, careful driver; reliable; no3 subject to draft. Van Buren 207, or address A 167, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—AS CHAUFFEUR; AGE 32; 3 yrs. exp.; all cars. Al ref. Phone Wm. Johnson, 3020 N. Halsted-st. Diversey 4500.

CHAUFFEUR AND WIFE,

Any car; wife exp. cook, maid or nurse, 3 years' ref. Phone Garfield 2387.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR AND MEchanic, married; priv. fam. pref.; 8 yrs. exp.; best refs. M. FAKER, 1518 Washburn-av. Canal 7194.

SITUATION WTD.—EXP. CHAUFFEUR; PRIvate; young man. C. Ering, 3400 Auburn-av. Yards 6594.

SITUATION WTD—COUPLE; MAN-CHAUFfeur, wife second or nurse girl; 9 years' exp.; finest ref. Address A 363, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR AND MEchanic; married; no children; all around man; understands all repairing and care of cars; wife can do laundry; will go anywhere for a position. Address B 207, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—EXPERIENCED SPECIALTY salesman, with responsible firm; salary and commission or com. and expense acct. O. L. DAVIS JR., D. C. D. CO., 20 E. Jackson.

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SITUATION WTD—SPECIALTY SALESMAN wants furniture or kindred line for eastern territory. Address B 474, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—EXPER. CITY SALESman, now employed; references; married, draft exempt. Address B 496, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—HIGH GRADE SALESman; best of refs. Address B 233, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — 21 YRS.' DRAFT EX., desires selling pos. Address B 74, Tribune.

Professions and Trades.

MECH. ENGR. DRAFTSMAN,

Cornell grad., 32 yrs. old; 8 yrs.' exp. in designing, mfg. plant layouts, bldgs., structural, piping, machinery; open engagement; salary $150 per month. Address B 317, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—ERECTING ENGINEER, age 34, 12 yrs.' exp. in electric, structural and concrete construction work on coke and by-products plants, desires position in construction or maintenance dept.; large company best ref. Address A 229, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — SEEKING ADVANCEment, married, 27 yrs. of age, understand mechanical drawing; have had some machine shop experience and have been in business; A1 ref. Address A 588, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—ALL ROUND DRAFTSman wishes position; 7 years' practical mechanical engineering exp. in design of special machinery, gas engines, tools, and ordnance. Address B 468, Tribune.

CUTTER AND FITTER.

Practical man wants position in men's custom tailoring estab. J. L. KOSAC, 1343 W. Huron-st. Phone Haymarket 6658.

SITUATION WTD—PROOFREADER OR EDitor; thoroughly experienced; excellent reference; not subject to draft. Address C 403, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—HIGH CLASS SALESman wants position where tact, initiative and good judgment are required; experienced in selling through correspondence and personal solicitation; remuneration $2,500 year, com. salary; now employed; 30 years old; no war cond. Address B N 283, Tribune.

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SITUATION WTD—MARRIED MAN, AGE 28; seven years' experience with large firm in city and suburbs; knows hardware, machine, and tool lines, now employed at inside work, wants position traveling for reliable concern. Address Y 483

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

STOCK SALESMEN.

Men of ability who can produce on a high grade proposition; given exceptional co-operation. Call between 9:30 and 5:30, Room 50 Auditorium Bldg.

STOCK SALESMAN—NEW PLAN, SPECIAL class; easy seller; no advances; liberal commission. See DR. BRAZIER, 728 Nat. Life Bldg.

TRAVELING REPRESENTATIVE — FOR spec. selling calendar to banks and merchants. Chrian Calen pref. Big money. 1179 Old Colony Bldg.

WANTED.

YOUNG MEN FOR SALES WORK.

We need for immediate openings several high grade young men who are exempt from draft and between the ages of 19 and 25.

The work is the selling of advertising on a salary and commission basis—netting about $15 per week at the start, and rapid advancement to those who show an interest in the work and ability to develop.

These men must be of good appearance—at least high school graduates with fitting recommendations. Give all facts in your letter, including phone number.

Address H E 246, Tribune.

Agents.

AGENTS — TWISTED WIRE BRUSHES, dusters, and mops, over 100 kinds. MILLS & MILLS, Fisher Bldg., Chicago.

AGENTS—MAKE BIG MONEY SELLING portraits; samples and catalog free. Consolidated Portrait Co., Dept. C, Chicago.

Miscellaneous.

YOUNG MEN, 19 years and over, TO LEARN

Telephone switchboard installation work; good opportunities for rapid advancement; steady work; pay while learning; $12 a week to start; exceptional opportunity for high school men.

Write or apply in person, 8 a. m. to 12 m.

Western Electric Co., Inc., Training School for Installers, 426 S. Clinton-st.

A COLORTYPE PRINTING company of the first rank desires a salesman.

The opportunity is rare for a high class man to form a connection where his work and ability will mark his future.

Salary will be paid commensurate with the business secured.

All applications should contain detailed information to secure interview. Address H D 72, Tribune.

FREIGHT HANDLERS AND LABORERS.

WE HAVE TWO VACANCIES FOR SOBER, RELIABLE MEN IN OUR SHIPPING AND STOCK SECTIONS.

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX, 24 S. FRANKLIN-ST.

FIREMEN—[FIRE PROTECTION] FOR THE Panama Canal; must have had one year's experience in paid fire department; age limit not less than 15,000 inhabitants; salary $110 month during first year and $130 thereafter if services satisfactory; month's vacation with free steamship transportation from New York to Isthmus; must be American citizens in final papers; age 21 to 45; strong, good health. Write Chief of Office, The Panama Canal, Washington, D. C.

YOUNG MAN—WITH ABILITY AND GOOD address for GROWING MFG. CONCERN; MECHANICAL GRADUATE PREF.; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY. STATE REFS. AND SALARY EXPECTED. BOX 84, MILWAUKEE, WIS.

FREIGHT HANDLERS.
Railway express; good salaries, steady position; apply to Mr. Benson, Wells Fargo & Co., Express, 3d floor, 932 Plymouth-ct.

WE WISH TO MEET MINISTERS OR teachers under 50 looking for dignified, congenial traveling positions, paying $1500 to $300 per mo.; R. R. fare expenses advanced. HOWARD-SEVERANCE CO., 205 W. Monroe.

MEN—WHO HAVE SERVED AS POLICEmen or who have watchman experience wanted by a large manufacturing concern. State age, height, weight, salary wanted, and present employer. Address H F 153, Tribune.

WE WISH TO MEET MINISTERS OR teachers under 50 looking for dignified, congenial traveling positions, paying $150 to $300 per mo.; R. R. fare expenses advanced. HOWARD-SEVERANCE CO., 205 W. Monroe.

MILKMEN, TEA AND COFFEE MEN, INstallment collectors. Make $15 to $20 extra per week; for particulars see or write CARL SCHNABACH, Rm. 40, 150 W. Washington.

PORTER—YOUNG, EXPERIENCED COLored man who can furnish best of refs.; permanent position in fine Mich.-av. shop. Address G 704, Tribune.

MEN—3 MORE, FOR SPECIAL WORK; COLlege or high school preferred; age 18 to 21; $25 to $50 to start. MR. RUTH, 10 to 11, Friday, Room 300, 333 S. Dearborn-st.

RESTAURANT MAN—TO TAKE FULL charge. Good opportunity. State age, reference, and experience. Address H E 453, Tribune.

DRIVER — FOR FURNITURE WAGON. GEORGE LEHMAN FURNITURE CO., 2444 W. Chicago-av.

MAN—ALL ROUND, HANDY WITH BRUSH and furnace; $50 mo. and room. 4356 N. Winchester-av., cor. Montrose.

DOORMAN—FOR HIGH CLASS APARTMT. building; good salary; references. See janitor, 1500 Lake Shore drive.

MEN—TO WORK IN CHEESE PACKING and shipping department. Apply Mr. Schmuhl, 3d floor, 223 W. South Water-st.

BARNMAN—TO LIVE ABOVE BARN TO care for 40 horses. State age and experience. Address G 40 193, Tribune.

WATCHMAN—FOR LARGE LOOP RESTAURant. Address H F 229, Tribune.

JANITOR—WHITE, EXPER., FOR 36 FLAT bldg. Address B 962, Tribune.

PORTER AND ERRAND BOY—IN DRUG store. 331 E. 47th-st.

Employment Agencies.

FDRY SUPT. (GAS ENG. CASTINGS), $200-300 mo.; Asst. Pur. Agt. [mech. exp.], $20-$40 wk.; Assembler Rep. Foreman [small machy.], $25-$30 wk.; Sales [summer suns.], $25-$35 wk. Call and see us for a real position. EFFICIENT SERVICE CO., 53 W. Jackson-st.

YOU CAN ONLY GO SO FAR IN WORK unaided to you. It is then a dead level or decline. If properly adapted to your work, you go on advancing indefinitely. Our scientific analysis directs you into your right vocation. Scientific Vocational Counseling Bureau, Room 564-5, 608 S. Dearborn-st.

CLERKS, BOOKKEEPERS, ASSISTANTS, STENOGRAPHERS, TYPISTS, BOYS, etc., can always secure a position through the Craig Agency.

CRAIG AGENCY,
Suite 614 Republic Bldg.,
State and Adams-sts.

Y. M. C. A.

GOOD AND BETTER POSITIONS.
Executive, Sales, Technical, Clerical Men.
State Employment Dept., 348 S. La Salle-st.
Open daily; Tues. and Wed. evenings 5-8.

ACCOUNTANT & BOOKKEEPER, $35; Bookkeeper, $18; Timekeeper & Sten., $17; Order Checker, wholesale grocery, $18; Freight Claim Clk., $20; Bank Clks., $13. RAILWAY EXCHANGE EM. BUREAU., Suite 451-80 E. Jackson-blvd.

KINCAID, 619 S. DEARBORN.
SCREW MACHINE OPERATORS.
MILLWRIGHTS MACHINISTS.
TOOL MAKERS, DIE MAKERS.
DRILL AND PUNCH PRESS.
DISHWASHERS AND MAIDS.

WE WANT TODAY—TYPISTS, $20-$25; BOOKKEEPERS, $18-$22; REC. AND SHIPPING CLERK [BIG MAN] 35 YRS. OR MORE, $18-$25; CLERKS, $10-$15; BOYS, $6-$9.

SANGER, 17 N. LA SALLE-ST.

ADVERTISING MGR., $35; BKPR., $25; Steno [Rockford], $100; Steno, $15. Chgo. Clerical Bu., 64 W. Randolph, R. 504.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Employment Agencies.

YOUR POSITION SECURED AT ONCE

STEADY, GUARANTEED PLACES.

Chefs ....$18-$22	Firemen ....$18-$25
Fry cook $15	Engineers ....$21-$30
Night Cooks ....$12-$15	Handy men ....$12-$15
Griddle man $15	Mach. hlpr. 30c-32c
Cook's hlpr. ....$10-$14	Learn trades ....$10-$15
Bus boys ....$9-$10	Lathe hands 40c-45c
Waiter, country $30	Lathe,some ex.25c-35c
Pantry men ....$14-$15	Bench hands 40c-45c
Lunch porters ....$10-$12	Assemblers 40c-45c
Dishwashers ....$5, $6, $7, b.	Drill press 30c-35c
Orderlies ....$30, r. b.	Punch press 30c-35c
Bell boys ....$25-$45	Hand screw 35c-40c
Laundryman $12	Files 40c-45c
Bar porters ....$14-$16	Auto repairs ....$20-$25
Lunchmen ....$12-$14	Sheet metal 40c-45c
Auto washers $20	Blacksmiths $25
Auto polishers ....$15-$18	Blacks. hlpr. 18c-32c
Col. auto washers $20	Welders 40c-50c
Stenographers $110	Cabinet mkrs. ....$16-$20
Bookkeepers $100	R. R. firemen $175
Ledgers ....$70-$85	Millwrights 40c-43c
Gen. Office ....$60-$100	Electricians 40c-45c
Jr. clerks ....$50-$60	Elect. hlprs. 16c-30c
Rec. clerks ....$70-$90	Tool and die....60c-65c
Ship. clerks....$70-$90	Milling mach. 35c-40c
Stock clerks....$70-$90	Packers ....$15-$18
Packers ....$65-$70	Woodwrks ....$15-$18
Watchmen ....$70-$80	Shop boys ....$10-$12
Elevator ....$60-$75	Floor hands 35c-40c
Fac. janitors $80	

LA SALLE AGENCY, 166 N. LA SALLE-ST.

YOUR POSITIONS SECURED TODAY.

HUNDREDS OF STEADY PLACES ALWAYS BUSY.

Firemen ....$18-$20	Chef ....$17-$20
Lic. engr. ....$25-$35	Housemen $40
Coal passers...$18-$20	Night porter $60
Drill press 25c-30c	Elevators..$40-$45, b.
Punch press...$25-$30	Bus boys, 6 days $9
Mach. hands....30c-40c	Bell boys ....$40, b.
Shop Boys ....$10-$12	Janitors $60
Learn trades...20c-30c	Window washer $70
Pol. and buffer....35c	Ship. rooms...$18-$20
Auto repair 40-45c	Office ....$15-$18
Tool and die....45-50c	Elevators ....$12-$14
Lathe hands....35-40c	Auto washer ....$70-$90
Machinists 40-50c	Truckers $70
Millwrights 40c	Saloon porter..$12-$15
Bench hands....30-45c	Lunchmen $12
Lathe hd. mch....40c	Store porters....$12-$16
Tinners 40-50c	Auto polishers $15
Electricians 40c	Baggagemen ....$70-$85

WASHINGTON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
175 W. WASHINGTON-ST.—175.

BUS BOYS, $40, r. b.	PACKERS ....$65-$75
S. O. cooks.$14-$16	Engineers ....$21-$30
Saloon cooks...$12-$15	Firemen, 8 hr.32c-35c
Chef ....$18-$25	Millwrights $22
Night cooks..$12-$16	Milw. helpers..33c-35c
Waiters ....$12-$15	Electricians $22
Countermen ....$40-$50	Lathes,some ex25c-30c
Elevator boy $30-$60	Lathe hands...40c-50c
Housemen...$50, r. b.	Steamfitters 40c-45c
Bellboy ....$15-$40	Drill press...30c-35c
Hosp. orderly.$30,r.b.	Punch press...30c-35c
Auto washers....$20	Hand screw....40c-45c
Col. auto wash....$20	Milling mach.35c-45c
Bar porters...$14-$16	Facty. mach...35c-50c
Lunchmen ....$12-$14	Bench hands...30c-35c
Bookkeepers $80-$110	Assemblers 30c-40c
R. R. clerks...$65-$85	Floor hands...35c-40c
Cashiers ....$75-$90	Auto repairs 40c-45c
Janitors ....$65-$75	Learn trades..$10-$15
Shipping clks..$85-$95	Handymen ....$15-$20
NO JOB TOO BIG OR TOO SMALL.	NO JOB TOO SMALL.

MORRELL AGENCY, 112 N. LA SALLE-ST.

THE ENGINEERING AGENCY, INC.
ESTABLISHED 25 YEARS.
1601-1662 Monadnock Block. Ph. Har. 4056.

OFFERS POSITIONS FOR ENGINEERS AND DRAFTSMEN in
Civil, Mechanical, Electrical, Chemical, Architectural, Manufacturing, and Structural Lines

MANUFACTURING EXECUTIVES:
Works Managers, Superintendents, Foremen, Master Mechanics, Efficiency, Production, Purchasing, and Sales.

Rodmen, 2 .....$60
Chemist, water analysis $100
Concrete Estimator & Sales Mgr....$125-$175
Instrument Men, Drafsmen., and Computers for R. R. val. wk.....$90-$110
Map Draftsmen, leave city $135

1662 Monadnock Blk.

OFFICE PEOPLE.
It will pay all Bookkeepers, Clerks, Stenographers, Typists, Bill Clerks, Boys, etc., to investigate the A. R. B. openings. All of the openings are good steady positions with high grade firms.
REGISTRATION FREE. You stand no chance to lose anything. You do not have to take a position unless you like it. Our experience in the employment business for the last fifteen years enables us to place you in just the position you are suited for.
AMERICAN RAILWAY BUREAU,
[Chicago's Greatest Employment Bureau].
1131 Lumber Exch. Bldg., 11 S. La Salle-st.
Randolph 1049.

HIGH GRADE MEN.
WE HAVE IMMEDIATE OPENINGS for accountants, Bookkeepers, Correspondents, Cost Clerks, Ledgermen, Bank Bkprs., Stenos., Shipping Clerks, General Clerks, Jr. Clerks, Boys—in fact, every sort of office position.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
GLADER AGENCY,
314 Woman's Temple Bldg.,
108 S. La Salle-st. Franklin 1914.

MR. HIGH GRADE MAN
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
Are two of our heaviest days on placements because our crowd is not so heavy. We have more time to talk with you.
Remember, we have 500 good jobs paying $600 to $5,000 per year.
Drop in and see us Saturday afternoon. You will have a little time and we assure you it will be time well spent.
BUSINESS MEN'S CLEARING HOUSE,
1408-1924 Republic Bldg.

GOOD—REAL GOOD—MEN USE OUR services to their best advantage. See us at once.
Especially in need of Engineers, Superintendents, Foremen, Bookkeepers, Draftsmen, Tracers, and Clerks. See us now.
HARRISON & CO.,
19 So. La Salle-st., Room 807.
Phone Majestic 7883.

ACCOUNTANT, MACHINERY EXP., $1,500-$1,800; accountants, $1,500-$2,000; Private Secy., $1,300; Correspondent on Repairs, Auto parts, $1,300; Stenographer and Asst. Bkkpr., $1,200; Record Clerk, time and tickets, $80; Ledger Clerks, $15-$20; Cost Clerk, $90-$95; Office Clerks, $50-$100; Electric Cler. Exch., 903, 123 W. Wash.-st.

BK., FIRST CLASS, $30; C. O. D. LEDGER Clerk, $25; Cashier, So. Water exp., $22.50; Office Man, age 33, $18; Order Clerk, $55; Chandelier Cleaner, $15; Mail Clerk, good penman, $14; File Clerk, ins. co., $9. King's Agency, 29 S. La Salle-st.

Free Employment Bureau.

MEN—PAST 45. NO CHARGE TO APPLIcant or employer. Vault clerk, in charge files, $15; man to weigh chemicals, $13.50; timekeeper, experienced figuring piece work, $15; married, houseman, $60 and room; strong men, warehouses, freight depots, factories, stores, stock shipping, engineers, firemen, coal passers, janitors, porters, bookmen, cooks, elevator operators, shipping clerks, packers, watchmen, bookkeepers, office men, file clerks. Call 56 E. Randolph, 2d floor.

LABORERS—300, PAST 45, COLORED OR white, for government work at Rock Island, Ill.; $3 per day; free fare; shipped day by day. Call 56 E. Randolph, 2d floor.

MEN—25, PAST 45, TO DRIVE CATTLE; no experience necessary; $65 a month; steady employment. Call 56 E. Randolph, 2d floor.

WANTED—50 MEN, PAST 45, COLORED OR white, for railroad yard, 35c per hour. Call 56 E. Randolph, 2d floor.

WANTED—25 MEN, PAST 45, TO SHOVEL snow, $3 per day. Call 56 E. Randolph, 2d floor.

Free Typewriter Employm't Bureau.

STENOGRAPHERS—$12 TO $15, 17 TO 20 years; bookkeeper and typist, $65 to $70 mo. Royal Typewriter Co., 32 S. Wabash.

TRADE SCHOOLS.

BIG DEMAND FOR TRAINED MEN. Overhauling, repairing, driving. Autotrix starters, etc.; day and evening classes; tuition $25 to $85. Time payments accepted; positions secured for competent graduates. Write or call for free booklet. GREER COLLEGE OF MOTORING, 1516 Wabash-av. Phone Calumet 2657.

LEARN ELECTRICITY. DRAFTING. Plumbing, Motion Picture Operating, Brick-laying—Positions secured; taught by actual practice. Coyne School, 49 E. Illinois-st.

SALESMEN—WRITE OR CALL FOR LIST of openings and how to obtain them; city or traveling. Natl. Salesmen's Ass'n. Assn. Suite 441, Monadnock Block, Chicago.

COURSES DRIVING, REPAIR, OVERHAUL-ing, starters, etc.; 15 yrs.' exp.; tuition $25-$35. Mitchell, 2147 Halsted. Diversey 8001.

LEARN TO CUT CLOTHES. CUTTERS IN big demand. Position pays $25-$50 a week. THE MASTER SCHOOL, 1184 S. La Salle-st.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Household and Domestic.

CHAMBERMAID — EXPERIENCED. GOOD home with pleasant party; speak English. Alton Hotel, 501 N. Clark-st.

COOK — WHITE, LAUNDRESS AND FIRST floor work; fond of children; permanent home; wages $9. Ph. Kenilworth 1401.

COOK—EXPER. FOR BOARDING HOUSE. 4932 Sheridan-rd.

GIRL—GERMAN SPEAKING, 16 TO 25, TO assist in housekeeping; family of 3 adults; permanent home for cheerful young woman; family of three; state age and references. Address B 78, Tribune.

GIRL OR YOUNG WOMAN—CAPABLE. FOR general housework [second girl does upstairs work]; must be neat; references. Address B 81, Tribune.

GIRL—WHITE, FOR LIGHT GENERAL housework in Hyde Park; 3 rm. apt.; family 3 exp. necessary; refs. req. Ph. Midway 1481.

GIRL—OR WOMAN, CAPABLE, FOR GENeral housework; excellent conditions; suburbs; three in family. Wilmette exp., if laundry. Address H F 230, Tribune.

GIRL—GENERAL HOUSEWORK. WINNETka, $8; no washing; house; 1 blk. station. Phone Wellington 6357.

GIRL — CAPABLE, EXPERIENCED, FOR general housework; good wages; no laundry. 1336 Kenilworth-av. Rogers Park 3389.

GIRL—COMPETENT, GEN. HSWK.; 2 in fam.; apt., $10 per week. 7607 Sheridan-rd., 2d. Rogers Park 2088.

GIRL—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; $7 A week; no washing; 3 in family; 6 room apt. 5415 University-av., 2d apt.

GIRL—GENERAL HOUSEWORK; WHITE; experienced; references; small family. 1st. 1605 Chase-av. Tel. Rogers Park 2171.

GIRL—WHITE; GENERAL HOUSEWK.; FOR family of two. Ironing required. $8 per week. Apply 3982 Lake Park-av.

GIRL OR WOMAN — HOUSEWORK. 2128 Lincoln-av., 2d floor rear.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Household and Domestic.

GIRL—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; NO washing. 5335 Woodlawn-av. Ph. Midway 6270.

GOVERNESS—YOUNG FRENCH GOVERness and companion for girl 8. Phone Oakland 1045. 4929 Woodlawn-av.

HOUSEKEEPER—EXPERIENCED; GOOD home for right person; Swedish preferred. Call Saturday afternoon or Sunday. STEN. 6741 S. Morgan-st.

MAID—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; NO objection to newcomer. Phone J. M. Henderson, Wilmette 2244, or call 919 Lauderson, Wilmette, 3 blocks from Linden-av. elevated station.

MAID—WHITE, EXPERIENCED, FOR GENeral housework; no washing; references. 6741 Euclid-av. Midway 2416.

MAID — GOOD GEN. HOUSEWORK. GO home nights; $6. Ph. Superior 525.

MAID—COMB. WORK, BOARDING HOUSE. Best references. 4932 Sheridan-rd.

NURSE—GOVERNESS—OVER 19 YR. OLD child; English or French preferred. Ph. Superior 9447.

PASTRY COOK. 802 W. 78th-st.

SECOND MAID—WITH VERY BEST REFS.; good home; good wages; competent; reliable. 5118 Dorchester-av. Hyde Park 2943.

WAITRESS — $10 A WEEK. 5116 LAKE Park-av.

WOMAN—MATURE, OF EXTENDED EXPERience in large and refined households and of proved high character, to manage household of middle aged single man. Applications from any not filling above conditions will not be considered. Answer with experience, references, and terms. Address B N 96, Tribune.

WOMAN—INTELLIGENT, TO HELP WITH children in small institution; one with exp. preferred; ref. 414 Normal-pkwy. Wentworth 5974.

WOMAN—REFINED, TO TAKE CHARGE OF talking children; $10 a week. 411 S. Clark.

WOMAN—GOOD HOME FOR ELDERLY woman to assist in housework; home more than wages. Phone Kildare 7524.

Stores and Offices.

A LIMITED NUMBER OF YOUNG WOMEN FOR LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE SERVICE.

The work consists of the establishment of telephone connections from Chicago to distant points, such as Buffalo, Pittsburgh, New York, and San Francisco.

Applicants are required to fill vacancies caused by the increase in our business.

You will receive special training and no previous experience is required.

The work is interesting and surroundings are congenial. Salary paid while learning. Frequent increases and unusual opportunity for those of ability. Applicants must be 18 years of age and those under 23 are preferred.

APPLY TO MISS WESTBY, R. 50, 111 N. FRANKLIN-ST.

ADDING MACHINE OPERATOR—BY NO. W. bank, experienced. Address H F 112, Tribune.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHer—For Hyde Park Real Estate office. $15. Address H F 186, Tribune.

BILLER—ON TYPEWRITER. ONE CAN use Comptometer for extensions; with all around experience; some stenography. Address H B 247, Tribune.

BILLING CLERK — TYPEWRITER WORK; must be neat, rapid, and accurate; permanent position; good chance for advancement. State age, salary, and experience. Address H B 245, Tribune.

BOOKKEEPER—EXPERIENCED, FOR POSItion in our GENERAL OFFICE. PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT WITH GOOD FUTURE PROSPECTS.
APPLY TO THE GENERAL OFFICE MGR. 9TH FLOOR AT CENTER ELEVATORS.
ROTHSCHILD & CO.
STATE, JACKSON, AND VAN BUREN.

BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATOR—Expert on Elliot-Fisher machine; must be able to post 300 entries a day; will develop into a good position in the business. HARRISON & CO., 19 So. La Salle-st. Phone Majestic 7883.

CASHIERS — EXPERIENCED WITH CARrier system; must furnish references. Address H G 130, Tribune.

CASHIER—LADY, EXPERIENCED, FOR grocery; quick and accurate. FEILCHENFELD BROS., 1334 E. 55th.

CASHIER—EXPERIENCED LADY BEDford Park Sure Co., 13 E. Jackson-blvd.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR—EXPERIENCED; hours of employment, 8:30 to 5:30; Saturdays, 12 o'clock. The H. W. Gossard Co., 1006 S. Michigan-av.

DICTATING MACHINE OPERATOR.
Young woman with 2 to 5 years' experience; Underwood typewriter.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
48th-av. and 24th-st.

DICTAPHONE, OPERATORS — WITH AT least 6 mos.' experience. Good starting salary, with rapid advancement. Permanent positions. Apply either by letter or in person. The Hartman Furniture and Carpet Co., 3911 Wentworth-av.

FOLDERS AND INSERTERS—
Experienced; permanent positions. MODERN MAILING SERVICE, 230 S. Wells-st.

GIRL — EXPERIENCED IN general office work; must be quick and accurate at figures. Address H F 594, Tribune.

GIRL—YOUNG, GRAMMAR SCHOOL GRADuate, to learn to be dental assistant; one living on Southwest Side preferred. Address H F 455, Tribune.

GIRL—FOR OFFICE WORK; MUST BE good at figures and come well recommended. Address H D 333, Tribune.

GIRL OR YOUNG WOMAN—IN BOOKKEEPing dept., to check sales tickets. Call HOLDEN'S, 17 S. State-st.

GIRL—FOR ADDRESSING; $7 TO START. Apply Room 1714 Lytton Bldg., Jackson and State.

GIRLS—TO DO TYPEWRITING AT OUR office. Apply 2d floor, 720 S. Dearborn.

GIRL—FOR OFFICE WORK; GOOD PENmanship. Room 204, 180 N. Dearborn.

LADY — COMPETENT, YOUNG, TAKE charge of files and operate switchboard and information desk; neat and thoroughly capable; pleasant surroundings; good salary to right party. Commonwealth Motors Co., 419 Hearst Bldg.

LADY—YOUNG, TO ASSIST BOOKKEEPER in piano house in loop; must write neat business hand; h. e. fed and lodged; office conditions A1; hours 8 to 5, Sat. aft. off; state experience, education, salary. Address B B 84, Tribune.

LADY—YOUNG, IN FINANCIAL DEPARTment of large wholesale house, experienced in handling ledger cards; permanent position; state references and salary wanted. Address H G 222, Tribune.

LADY—YOUNG, AS FILE CLERK IN LARGE mfg. concern; good opportunity for advancement to right party; salary to start $8; experience in office work necessary. Address H F 272, Tribune.

LADY—ASST. BOOKKEEPER AND ALSO a switchboard operator, in wholesale establishment; state age, business exp., and salary expected. Address G G 388, Tribune.

LADY—YOUNG, FOR GENERAL OFFICE work and bookkeeping. 835 S. Hermitage-av., United Dairy Co.

SALESWOMEN—FOR VARIous sections throughout the store.

APPLY 9TH FLOOR,
ROTHSCHILD & COMPANY,
State, Jackson, Van Buren.

SALESLADIES—MILLINERY, CAPABLE OF taking charge of department. L. S. Friedman & Co., 60 E. Madison.

SALESLADIES — EXPERIENCED CANDY. Apply RUBEL'S, 119 S. State-st.

STENOGRAPHER — EXPERIENCED; steady position; good wages. McCracken Box and Label Co., 922 W. 19th-pl.

STENOGRAPHER—RAPID AND ACCURATE; used to handling details; references; splendid opportunity. Address B 395, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER AND BILL CLERK State age, experience, and salary. Address H B 81, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—EXPERIENCED. CALL 7124 Westminster Bldg.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Stores and Offices.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY — BETWEEN 20-27 years, who thinks more about work than leisure and society. Must be neat, have attractive personality, capable of meeting people, know how to talk and when to keep still; writer of Gregg shorthand. Protestant. Position now open; salary moderate to start, but advancement certain to right person. Splendid, refined office environment, congenial, and be well educated. Liberal financial arrangement to right woman. Address G Y 267, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER AND GENERAL OFFICE clerk—With at least 6 months' experience. Oliver typewriter; good chance for advancement. Apply 5th floor, 4632 Sheridan-rd.

STENOGRAPHER — 1ST CLASS; UNDERwood operator; must be neat appearing and capable of handling details of department; salary $13. Apply after 8:30. 623 S. Wabash, 2d floor.

STENOGRAPHER — YOUNG LADY; MUST be competent and familiar with office details; state experience and salary desired; location Sangamon and Washington-sts. Address H F 419, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—HIGH GRADE; ADVERtising agency experience preferred; must be quick and accurate at figures; handle correspondence without dictation. Apply 1120 Lytton Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER — EXPERIENCED; SALary $15. Give age, nationality, and ref. Address H F 209, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—EXPERIENCED; MUST be able to use dictaphone. Reskie, Kirshbaum & Co., 302 S. Market-st., 2d floor.

STENOGRAPHER—EXP. WELL EDUCATed, living near American School of Home Economics, 69th-st. and Normal-av.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG WOMAN; BY cloak and suit manufacturer; give refs. Address H D 112, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG LADY. MEDical school, $12. 3831 Vernon-av.

SHOE SALESWOMEN.

We need 10 alert, capable women of exceptional qualities to sell high grade footwear. They should be well versed in shoe knowledge, understand the meaning of good shoe service, be ambitious, and rise to the ideals of a large merchandising institution. Permanent positions with good salary await those who can qualify.

Apply Superintendents' office, 9th floor.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO., RETAIL.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR—EXPERIENCED; large West Side iron manufacturing concern; hours 7 a. m. to 5 p. m.; hour for lunch. Address E K 590, Tribune.

TYPIST—TO DO BILLING ON Underwood machine; must be competent; state experience, etc. Address H D 339, Tribune.

TYPISTS—EXPERIENCD ON Underwood machine, for fill-in work; permanent positions. MODERN MAILING SERVICE, 230 S. Wells-st.

TYPIST — EXPERIENCED SHORTHAND, FOR SALES AND EXPORT DEPT. OF LARGE CANDY FACTORY; MUST BE AN ACCURATE AND QUICK WORKER. TELEPHONE MR. WALZ, HAYMARKET 9000.

TYPIST—YOUNG, WILLING WORKER. JAPanese wholesale dry goods house; salary $9 to start. Apply Yamato Importing Co., 310 W. Adams-st.

TYPIST—$8 OR $9 WEEK. CALL BEtween 1 and 4 p. m. 5507 Broadway.

WE ARE IN NEED OF thoroughly experienced index and file clerks; $12-$15 per week to those who can qualify. Address H E 196, Tribune.

YOUNG LADIES—TO LEARN bookkeeping; no previous experience necessary; must write a plain, rapid hand and have high school education.

BABSON BROS.,
2845 W. 19th-st.

YOUNG LADY TYPISTS—ON Oliver or Royal machines; experienced; $12 to $15 per week.

BABSON BROS.,
2845 W. 19th-st.

YOUNG LADIES—FOR GENeral office assistants; should write a plain, rapid hand, preferably with high school education; no experience necessary; advancement rapid.

BABSON BROS.,
2845 W. 19th-st.

Professions and Trades.

BINDERY GIRLS.

EXPERIENCED FOR INSERTING.
CHICAGO BARGAIN HOUSE,
173 N. MICHIGAN-AV.

COMBINATION PANTRY GIRL AND Checker—Call 11 a. m. to 2 at kitchen. The Plaza Hotel, 1553 N. Clark-st.

COLOR ARTISTS—FOR SLIDES. TOM PHILLIPS, 5728 S. State-st.

EMBROIDERY MACHINE OPERATORS for MARKING.

APPLY 14TH FLOOR.

MANDEL BROTHERS.

EXPERIENCED MAKERS, COPYISTS, AND TRIMMERS. ALSO APPRENTICES.

BEGINNERS CAN EARN GOOD WAGES WHILE LEARNING TO TRIM HATS. WE HAVE COMPETENT INSTRUCTORS WHO WILL SHOW YOU WHAT TO DO. PLEASANT WORKROOMS, IDEAL SURROUNDINGS. APPLY MISS PETERSON.

GAGE HAT WORKS,
2241 Indiana-av.

FINISHERS—EXPERIENCED ON DRESSES. APPLY AT ONCE. NAT. RIBBACK CO., 237 S. MARKET-ST.

GIRL — BY WHOLESALE CLOTHING house, to sew hooks; salary to capable girl. SCHOENBERG BROS., 529 S. Franklin, 8th floor.

GIRL—MILLINERY, EXPERIENCED MAKers and trimmers. 3025 Lincoln-av.

GIRLS—50, TO LEARN BINDERY TRADE; $7 a week to start. Also a few experienced girls wanted at once. R. R. DONNELLEY & SONS CO., 731 Plymouth-ct.

GIRLS—STEADY AND GOOD POSITIONS for ufpers, inserters on mail order catalogues, Smyth sewing machine operators, and general bindery workers; also girls to learn; 48 hours per week; half holiday Saturdays. HENNEBERRY COMPANY,
22d and Canal-sts.

GIRLS—16 YEARS OR OVER, FOR LABEL-ing and light factory work; experienced preferred; close o'clock Saturdays; $7.50 to start. 69 E. South Water-st. 2d fl.

GIRLS—EXPERIENCED, TO MAKE ENVElopes; also girls 16 years to learn; good wages to start. Bourke-Rice Envelope Co., 507 Jackson-blvd.

GIRL—CYLINDER AND GORDON FEEDER. STEWART & FRYER, 732 Federal-st.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Professions and Trades.

GIRLS—FOR LIGHT, CLEAN assembly work; light and sanitary workroom; pay weekly; Saturday afternoons off. Apply 4th floor, 328 W. KINZIE-ST.

GIRLS FOR LIGHT FACTORY WORK.
Permanent Employment.
Good working conditions.
RAND, McNALLY & CO., 536 So. Clark-st.

GIRLS—16 AND OVER, FOR light factory work.
PHOENIX HERMETIC CO., 2444 W. 16TH-ST.

GIRLS—FOR LIGHT HOUSEWORK; OLMAN PLACE, GOOD LIGHT. HARRY C. DENNIS CO., 108 W. LAKE-ST., 1 TO 2 P. M.

HOTEL HELP.

SANTA FE AND FRISCO LINES.
Waitresses, maids, kitchen helpers for the West. Fare and meals to destination. Every effort is made to make our employes Happy and Comfortable.
Only respectable women with character references accepted.
FRED HARVEY,
16th-st. and Wentworth-av.

LADY—YOUNG, OF REFINEMENT AND fair education, to learn light shop work. Steady employment, $7 per wk. to start. Room 308, Wabash-av., GEO. S. JOHNSTON COMPANY.

MILLINERY MAKERS.
COPYISTS AND TRIMMERS.
ALSO APPRENTICES.
PAID WHILE LEARNING.
APPLY AT ONCE.
CHICAGO STRAW WORKS,
12 N. MICHIGAN-AV., 7TH FLOOR.

MILLINERY MAKERS.

Permanent positions at good salary. Come at once ready for work; must be experienced.

THE LESCHIN CO.,
5th floor, 318 S. Michigan-av.

OPERATORS AND FINISHers, experienced on dresses.
WITKOWSKY & CO.,
245 W. Van Buren.

OPERATORS — EXPERIENCED BONAZ BRAIDING AND EMBROIDERY MACHINE OPERATORS. CHICAGO BRAIDING & EMBROIDERY CO., 16 S. MARKET-ST.

OPERATOR—PUNCH PRESS; GIRL WITH not less than 2 years' experience; age 20 to 25; good, steady position for reliable girl Call at Room 1536, 29 S. La Salle-st.

SALAD WOMAN—THOROUGHLY EXPERIenced; Protestant. 1207 N. Dearborn-st.

SAMPLE MAKER—FIRST CLASS; SPLENdid opportunity for right girl; must have experience on fine dresses; steady employment. MITCHELL BROS. CO., 325 W. Adams.

SAMPLE PASTERS—EXPERIENCED; ALSO girls to learn. E. W. Bredemeier & Co., 213 N. Morgan-st.

SEAMSTRESSES — TO SEW ON APRONS. SEAMAN BROS., 1719 W. Division-st.

SHOEMAKERS—2 MACHINE FOLDERS AND 2 vampers, experienced. Apply J. W. CARTER, Chicago Co., 833 W. Chicago-av.

STRAW SEWING MACHINE OPERATORS.
ALSO OPERATORS FOR FLAT WORK.
APPLY AT ONCE.
CHICAGO STRAW WORKS,
12 N. MICHIGAN-AV., 7TH FLOOR.

WANTED—10 POWER MAchine operators to learn shoe trade; good pay to start. Apply J. W. CARTER CHICAGO CO., 833 W. Chicago-av.

WEAVERS—20 EXPERIENCED GIRLS, ON narrow fabric looms, day or night work; highest wages; steady work. Phoenix Trimming Co., 2008 N. Racine-av.

YOUNG WOMEN.

Grammar or high school education, 17 to 30 years of age, night telegraph positions; $40 per month first three month, $50 per month second three months; further rapid advances on merit; pleasant, instructive, interesting work; hours short; pay permanent while ill; life insurance. Vacations with pay. Apply Chief Operator, Room 305, Western Union Bldg.,
111 W. Jackson-blvd.

Salespeople, Solicitors, Etc.

LADIES—3, BETWEEN 25 AND 40, WITH knowledge of selling preferred but not necessary, for specialty line to mothers; will take part time; each in 1 to 2 cities; learn how to make $25 a week. Apply 3:30 to 5 p. m. Miss McCormick, 631 Webster Bldg., Van Buren and La Salle-sts.

SALESWOMEN—
To sell direct to consumers, all or part time. Women between ages of 25 and

TO RENT—ROOMS—NORTH.

SUPERIOR-ST., E., 200—TO RENT—NICELY furn. hskpg. rooms.; walk. dist.; steam ht.
WILSON, 823—TO RENT—LGE. FRT. RM.; well furn.; f. w.; Wil. ex. Sun. 3915.
WILSON, 1213—TO RENT—RM., $5 WK.; priv.; single per. Phone Sun. 6786. Drach.
WILSON, 904, 2D—TO RENT—ATTRACTIVE large outside room; also single; exp. bus.
WINDSOR, 947, 1ST, COR. SHERIDAN—TO rent—Sin. & 1rt. rm., lge. closet, $2.50.
WINDSOR, 837, 3D—TO RENT—LG. FRAS. rm., con. bath, Wil. ex., bus, Sun. 3998.
TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM; suitable for two; connecting bath; no other roomers; one block from Northwestern steam cars; one and one-half from Clark-st. cars. Call Ravenswood 3408.
TO RENT—DESIRABLE SUNNY FRT. RM.; remodern man or woman who appreciates home; wil., Argyle exp. bus. Edge. 3814.
TO RENT—SGL. RM., $2.75, IN $75 APT.; ref. per. emp.; ref.; bd. opt. Grace. 3773.

TO RENT—ROOMS—NORTHWEST.

TO RENT—YOUNG MARR. COUPLE WILL rent 3 rms. of priv. apt. fac. Humboldt Pk. to desirable young woman; good trans.; reference. Address H P 336, Tribune.

TO RENT—ROOMS—WEST.

ASHLAND-BLVD., S., 220—TO RENT—RMS. in mod. res.; new. furn. West 398.
ROMAN, S., 153—TO RENT—NICELY furn. frt. rm., elec., stm. htd.; gas. for cooking; nr. cars. Monroe 3407—TO RENT—LGE. LGT. FRT. rm.; priv.; blk. Garf. Pk. Adair, Redz. 869.
WASHINGTON-BLVD., 3214—TO RENT—Two Rent—Newly furn. elec. lighted; warm rms., steam; $1.75 up; hot water always. WASHINGTON-BLVD., 3214—TO RENT—Sin. lge. frt. rm.; good trans.; stm. ht.; elec. light; $6.50 per week. 3214—TO RENT—2 unfurn. lge. frt. rm. 1 or 2; stm. ht.; 1 blk. L; tel.
WOOD-ST., 1036, 2D—TO RENT—FURN. apt.; twin beds.

TO RENT—ROOMS—SUBURBAN.

TO RENT—LA GRANGE, ILL., LARGE light, clean front room, private family, for 2 ladies employed. Address D L 30, Tribune.

TO RENT—HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS.

South Side.

BERKELEY, 4445—TO RENT—FRT. RM.; mod.; stm.; kitch. and laund.; $5; 2 ladies.
CALUMET, 4729 2D APT.—TO RENT—Clean, furnished hskpg. suite, range, fine heat; children allowed.
CALUMET-AV., 4633, 2D—TO RENT—FUR. rms. including parlor; kitchen privileges if desired. Phone Kenwood 9694.
CALUMET, 4743, 2D—TO RENT—LARGE hskpg. rms., reas.; also sin. Drex. 3276.
CALUMET, 5601, 3D—TO RENT—NICELY furn. frt. rm.; kitch. priv.; priv. fam.
ELLIS, 6314—TO RENT—RM. FOR HSKPG., with or without kitch. priv.
ELLIS-AV., 6110, 2D—TO RENT—3 ROOM hskpg. suite; priv. kitchen.
FORTIETH-ST., E., 411, 3D—TO RENT—3 room cozy suite; steam heat; ken. L; Grand-blvd. sta.; furn. or unfurn.
FORT-SECOND-PL., E., 936—TO RENT—2, 3 and 4 rooms; comf. furn.; Ken. L.; Grand-blvd. transportation; 3 week.
GRAND-BLVD., 3750-52 — TO RENT — HOME-like 3 rm. hskpg. apts., f. bd.; $6.50-$9.
GRAND-BLVD., 3800—TO RENT — HOME-like 3 rm. hskpg. apts.; also rm. fac. bd.
GREENWOOD, 4404—TO RENT—ATTRAC. 3 rm. suite, modern; Ken. L. surf., I. C. exp.
GREENWOOD, 4404—TO RENT—2 RM. FRT. suite; reas.; run. wat., elec., L. & L. surf.; new addition, with one mile long; right at the entrance of Jackson Park, also adjoins the Chicago University grounds. We have 400 rooms with bath and
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Attractive 2 and 3 room suites.
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TO RENT—4 ROOMS AND SUN PARLOR, $30. 6758-62 S. HONORE-ST.
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4 & 5 ROOMS

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Sun parlors and open porches.
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Delightful residence locality; $35 up. Convenient to L and surface line cars.
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AGENT ON PREMISES.
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TO RENT—$30; 5 ROOM STEAM HEATED, 1st flat, 5909 Arlington-pl. Sunside 3180.
THEODOR W. BUHMANN, 2634 N. Clark-st.
TO RENT—3 R. APTS., IN-A-DOR BEDS, sun porches, $32.50 up. conces., N. E. cor. Magnolia-av. and Mayfield-av. ASK
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TO RENT—COMPLETE OFFERING HIGH class apts. and houses, Lincoln Pk. district. PAUL STEINBRECHER & CO., Tribune Bldg.
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TO RENT—10 RM. APT. S. E. COR. STATE-Schiller. JAMES B. WALLER. Cent. 3210.
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TO RENT—WILL SUBLEASE MODERN apartment; occupancy immediately; reasonable terms. 5443 Fulton-st.

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TO RENT—6 RM. FURN. APT., FEB. TO May. V. Bartle, 419 Lee-st., Evanston.

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South Side.

TO RENT—4 ROOMS, FURN., TILL MAY 1st, $40; L and surf. 5041 Forrestville, first.
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TO RENT—FURNISHED FLATS.

South Side.

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Suites 1, 2, 3, 5, 6 rooms.
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SUN PARLOR AND IN-A-DOR BED.
5 ROOMS AND SUN PARLOR.
$443-53 MARYLAND-AV.
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Apartments of Character.
STUDIO BUILDING,
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Attractive 2 and 3 room suites.
With bath and kitchenette.
Beautiful view overlooking Lake Michigan.
Maid and Cafe Service.
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TO RENT—4534 OAKENWALD-AV., BLOCK east of Lake Park-av., newly furnished cozy 2 rm. apt.; price moderate. See these first. Lincoln 44.
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HANDSOME 4 AND 5 ROOM APTS.
Sun parlors and open porches.
NEW MODERN BLDG.
N. W. COR. GREENLEAF
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Delightful residence locality; $35 up. Convenient to L and surface line cars.
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TO RENT— TO RENT—
4 ROOMS.
4615-31 ROSEY-ST.
EXCELLENT TRANSPORTATION.
½ BLK. TO L AND SURFACE LINES.
AGENT ON PREMISES.
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1901 Montrose-av., Ravenswood Agents.
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TO RENT—607-609 RUSH-ST., DESIRABLE 8 room apartments; steam heat; easy access to the city; possession at once.
WINSTON & CO.,
1414 First National Bank Bldg.
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TO RENT—HIGH GRADE APT., 6 RMS., 2 baths, sun parlor; near Thorndale "L." Sta. and lake. $65.
M. S. HENNESSEY & CO.,
1115 Argyle-st., "L" station.
Edge. 1068.
TO RENT—4447 E. RAVENSWOOD-AV., 5 and 8 room stove heated flats; cheap rent; ½ blk. Ravenswood L; ½ blk. Montrose street car.
W. H. GOTTSCHALK & CO.,
111 W. Washington-st. Franklin 2800.
TO RENT—4 ROOM APARTMENT; 2 blocks from Rogers Park station; rents for $32.50; will sublet for remaining term of lease at sacrifice for quick tenant. Phone MISS LAKE, Calumet 5414.
TO RENT—1668 BRYN MAWR, 6 RMS., 2D. stove. Inducements for balance of winter. Apply Calo Realty Office, 5418 N. Clark. Ravenswood 778.
TO RENT—6101 WOODLAWN [CORNER]; 3d flat, 6 modern large outside rooms, $50; possession now. BYRON M. HOPKINS & SONS, 1402 E. 63d-st.
TO RENT—ROGERS PARK, NEAR "L"—Modern apts., $35 to $50; 5 to 8 rms. 5 and 6 r. modern apts., $35 to $40. CARLSON, PUSHECK & CO., 1348 Morse-av.
TO RENT—ROGERS PARK, 1114-1116 COlumbia-av., large 7 rm. apts., 2 baths, sun parlor, sun porch; rentals $90 and $95. 1st, 2d, or 3d fl. Exceptional. R. P. 2400.
TO RENT—$30; 5 ROOM STEAM HEATED, 1st flat, 5909 Arlington-pl. Sunside 3180.
THEODOR W. BUHMANN, 2634 N. Clark-st.
TO RENT—3 R. APTS., IN-A-DOR BEDS, sun porches, $32.50 up. conces., N. E. cor. Magnolia-av. and Mayfield-av. ASK
TO RENT—SUBLEASE—5055 SHERIDAN-rd., 2d. 6 rms., sun parlor; immediate possession. Sunnyside 3180.
TO RENT—NEW BUILDING, FINE LOCATION, 7 rooms, 2 sun parlors, 2 baths, garage, 1343 Greenleaf-av., near Sheridan-rd.
TO RENT—EVERY APT. OVER $100 A. J. PARDRIDGE & HAROLD BRADLEY, 719 N. Michigan-av. Ph. Sup. 373.
TO RENT—227-33 LAWRENCE-AV., 5 RMS., ½ block from lake, $45 to $50 per week. W. G. YOUNG & CO., 4006 Broadway.
TO RENT—COMPLETE OFFERING HIGH class apts. and houses, Lincoln Pk. district. PAUL STEINBRECHER & CO., Tribune Bldg.
TO RENT—6 ROOM FLATS, NEWLY DECO. steam heat; rents $28-$30. For keys inquire tailor shop, 3709 N. Halsted-st.
TO RENT—7 RMS., 3D E. SCHILLER, NR. lake, $65. JAMES B. WALLER. Cent. 3210.
TO RENT—10 RM. APT. S. E. COR. STATE-Schiller. JAMES B. WALLER. Cent. 3210.
TO RENT—7 RMS., LIGHT, 1132 ARGYLE; steam heat; rent $45. Newly dec. Cent. 3210.
TO RENT—MODERN 5 RM. APT. PRIVATE porch, 8741 Bdwy., nr. Bismarck Gar.; $45.
TO RENT—BEAUT. 9 RM. APT., 5733 KENmore, first. nr. unfurn. Sunnyside 5712.
TO RENT—5 ROOMS, HOT WATER HEAT; $30. 1826 Nelson-st. Wellington 7891.

TO RENT—FLATS—WEST.

TO RENT—MODERN HEATED APTS., IN Austin and Oak Park; 4 to 6 rooms; some with s. porches; rents $35 to $65. 6 to 12 room houses and bungalows; rents $22 to $75 per month.
BROWN BROS. & COMPANY,
5958 W. Lake-st. Austin 200. Oak Pk. 163.
TO RENT—819 N. KARLOV-AV., 5 RMS., furnace ht.; new bldg.; $24.
E. MASSEY, 8 S. Dearborn. Central 6819.
TO RENT—1100 S. LAVITT-ST., 1ST FLAT, 5 large rooms, will decorate, concessions $10. W. MURRAY WRIGHT, Marquette Bldg.
TO RENT—SEE OUR NEWLY DECORATED 5 and 7 room steam heated apts., 1657 Jackson-blvd., cor. Paulina-st.; $30.
TO RENT—WILL SUBLEASE MODERN apartment; occupancy immediately; reasonable terms. 5443 Fulton-st.

TO RENT—FLATS—SUBURBAN.

TO RENT—6 RM. FURN. APT., FEB. TO May. V. Bartle, 419 Lee-st., Evanston.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—4 ROOMS, FURN., TILL MAY 1st, $40; L and surf. 5041 Forrestville, first.
TO RENT—4640 LAKE PARK-AV., HIGH grade, finely furn. 4 rm. apt.; 1 blk. I. C. and surface lines; ref. required.
TO RENT— 6 ROOM FURN. FLAT, TWO baths, sun porch; 1 blk. L, 3 blks. university. $80. Jan. 1. Hyde Park 6732.
TO RENT—4 RM. COZY FURN. APT., $37.50. 1165 E. 61st-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS AND FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT— TO RENT—
1 AND 2 ROOMS.
801-5 DREXEL SQUARE-BLVD.
NEW FIREPROOF BUILDING.

TO RENT— TO RENT—
1 AND 2 ROOMS.
801-5 DREXEL SQUARE-BLVD.
AGENT ON PREMISES. M. B. MORAN & CO., 8 S. DEARBORN-ST. RAND. 6840.

TO RENT—LEXINGTON HOTEL, MICHIGAN-AV. 22D-ST.; MOD. FIREPROOF BLDG.; 2, 3 AND 5 ROOM HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APTS. WITH HOTEL SERVICE, $25 TO $35 PER MONTH.
TO RENT—HANDSOME 7 R. FURN. APT.; fine location, 1115 Kimbark-av. $14 per wk. Also bachelor's suite, 2 front rms., $7 per wk.
TO RENT—4104 MICHIGAN, NEW BLDG.; California apts., 2 rooms and shower bath; ready to live; disappearing bed; $13 to $15; weekly.
TO RENT—ATTRACTIVE, COZY 3 RM. apt.; walk dist. fr. loop; mod. Call eve. Michigan. Calumet 4210.
TO RENT—4534 OAKENWALD-AV., BLOCK east of Lake Park-av., newly furnished cozy 2 rm. apt.; price moderate. See these first.
TO RENT—3 ROOMS, COZY 3 TO 5 RM. FURN. flats, ht. furn., $2 to $5; 1 and L trains, $5 per wk. up. 4529 Lake Park-av.
TO RENT—$35 MO.; NR. KEN. "L," 43D I. 6 rm., hskpg. part; mod. apt.; 3 rms. ft. Oak. 646.
TO RENT—2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES.
JORDAN APARTMENT HOTEL.
TO RENT—3915 ELLIS-AV., 1 AND 3 ROOM apts., furn. complete. See janitor on prem.

North Side.

TO RENT—CALIFORNIA APTS.
KELLSHORE HOTEL.
718-756 Irving Park-blvd. Ph. Well. 28.
3 to 5 rooms, kitchen, fully equipped. Living and maid service. Rooms with baths. High class cafe; commissary and hotel service. Maid service, light, gas, and linen included. $70 up.
TO RENT—1, 2 & 3—
rooms with the best of furnishings; fully equipped for cozy housekeeping. Everything new and up to date.
THE MATABANICK.
5511 Kenmore-av. Edge. 6420.
TO RENT—EASTWOOD BEACH APT.,
811-817 EASTWOOD-AV.
HOUSEKEEPING SUITES WITH HIGH GRADE APPOINTMENTS ON LAKE FRONT.
APPLICANTS WITH SELECT REFERENCES ONLY.
TO RENT—THE CONGRELLE, NEW 3 STORY, 2 apt. hotel, overlooking lake, 3 rms. each; 2 and 3 rm. furnished apts., $55 to $110 per month; light, gas and service, 941 Glenglyle-pl., east of Sheridan-rd., newly furn. Argyle L stations. Phone Sunnyside 4820.
TO RENT—5646 S. PARK-AV., 1 APT., 6 rooms, front porch. Hyde Park 3280.
TO RENT—4 LIGHT RMS. AND BATH, only $10 mo. 7042 Kimbark. Mid. 2795.
TO RENT—2 RM. APT. WOODLAWN, SUBlease; furnace heat. Drexel 5299.
TO RENT—4005 DREXEL-BLVD., 3 LIGHT rms., stm., elec., porch; L; $33. Oak. 6035.

4 & 5 ROOMS

OPPOSITE EDGEWATER BEACH HOTEL; $40 AND $50; SUN ROOMS, SLEEPING PORCHES; 10 STRICTLY MODERN. 5311-5329 KENMORE-AV. A. A. BERWYN STATION. ASK SENEY, ROGERS & CO., WAB. 6594, 729, 208 S. LA SALLE-ST.

TO RENT— TO RENT—
LAKE SHORE DRIVE.
New apartments in Lake Shore district [east of drive]; 4 rms., $34.25. Pearson-st., 15 min. walk to loop, 5 min. to L. Sun parlor, large rooms, 2 baths, and solarium; rents to $140. Agent on premises. Phone Lincoln 44.
TO RENT—ROGERS PARK—
HANDSOME 4 AND 5 ROOM APTS.
Sun parlors and open porches.
NEW MODERN BLDG.
N. W. COR. GREENLEAF
AND N. PARK-AVS.
Delightful residence locality; $35 up. Convenient to L and surface line cars.
W. K. YOUNG & BRO., North Shore Office, 4001 Sheridan-rd. Ph. Lake View 1107.
TO RENT— TO RENT—
4 ROOMS.
4615-31 ROSEY-ST.
EXCELLENT TRANSPORTATION.
½ BLK. TO L AND SURFACE LINES.
AGENT ON PREMISES. M. B. MORAN & CO., 8 S. DEARBORN-ST. RAND. 6840.
TO RENT—2 ½ APARTMENTS IN RAVENSwood, 5, 6 and

REAL ESTATE—FARM LANDS.

Wisconsin.

FOR SALE—LET US SHOW YOU LANDS along the Soo Line in Wis.; good soil, roads, and towns; attractive prices; easy terms. Soo Line Ticket Office, 140 S. Clark-st.

Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS IN FARMS FOR actual buyers or investors. Size, location, and price to suit. S. A. FRENCH & CO., 69 W. Washington-st. Central 4973.

REAL ESTATE—TIMBER AND COAL.

FOR SALE—WILL SELL FOR $400,000, easy terms, over 30,000 ac. timber limits near Ft. George, British Columbia; 80% spruce trees; average 21 in.; good transportation, river and rail, to Vancouver. Address A 259, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—SACRIFICE—OWNER FORCED to sell 5 room brick bungalow; sun parlor and sleeping porch; steam heat; terms to suit buyer. Address F M 450, Tribune.

FOR SALE—NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY improved Chicago real estate. Bonds and good investments. WM. H. MULHOLAND & CO., 30 N. La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—6 ROOM HOUSE ON HALF acre; easy terms. Call Central 5401, 115 S. Dearborn-st., Room 903.

FOR SALE—RIFE VACANT TO TRADE for contracts, mtgs., apts., or houses. R. E. VANDERVORT, Bk. Fl., 35 N. Dearborn-st.

LAND INFORMATION.

FREE WISCONSIN BULLETINS, SOIL, CLImate, crops. Immigration Bureau, Department of Agriculture, Madison, Wis.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

For Cash.

WANTED—I WANT TO BUY A HIGH grade residence on Hills, Greenwood, or Woodlawn-ave., between 48th and 51st-sts.; will pay up to $40,000. NO BROKERS need answer. Address G J 676, Tribune.

WANTED—FOR CASH, 7 OR 10 ROOM brick or frame house, not over $6,500; must be within 3 blks. of S. S. L.; full particulars first letter. A. H. PARKER, 1500 E. 67th-st.

WANTED—STRICTLY MODERN 10 ROOM residence, 50 ft. lot, Sheridan-rd., Edgewater; must be bargain; will pay $30,000 cash; no brokers. Address G J 668, Tribune.

WANTED—12 FLATS, NO. OR SO. FOR $5,000 cash and equity in good stove heated flats. Address H B 191, Tribune.

WANTED—TO BUY MODERN 6 OR 7 R. home, Lincoln-ave.; must be bargain. Address A 143, Tribune.

WANTED — 3 FLAT, NORTH SIDE, FOR cash. JOHN B. DeVONEY & CO., 133 W. Washington-st. Central 4973.

WANTED—BARGAIN IN REAL ESTATE; have $5,000 cash. Address H B 85, Tribune.

WANTED—S. SIDE, 25 FT. LOTS, NR. GOOD trans., under $600; location, price. Address B 248, Tribune.

By Brokers.

WANTED — IMPROVED REAL ESTATE bargains of any nature. Write or phone us. Perhaps we can do business.
D. W. NEWTON & CO., 447 N. Kedzie-av.

WANTED—WILL PAY CASH FOR EQUITY in 6, 12, 18, or 24 apt. bldgs. It's a genuine bargain, and make quick deal.
J. B. WOOLF & CO., 79 W. Monroe-st.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Apartments.

TO EXCHANGE—WELL LOCATED WOODlawn apt. bldg., near I. C. R. R. and Jackson Park; 24 apts., and 5 rooms; rental $3,000; value $53,000. Want clear farm, old improved, or ripe vacant for $40,000 equity.
NEWTON B. LAUREN & CO.,
110 S. Dearborn-st.

TO EXCHANGE—HIGH GRADE 18 APT. bldg., Rogers Park; new 4 and 5 rooms; sun parlors; rent $10,500; mtg. $55,000. Address A 254, Tribune.

EXCH.—4 FLATS, 2 STORES, ON E. 43D-st.; rents $2,180; mtg. $8,000; pr. $13,000. Want vac. or old imp. Address G D 81, Tribune.

FOR EXCHANGE—1626-28-30 FARGO-AV. 9 flats, 4 rms.; incumbrance $21,500; will trade for 8 or 10 flat. Owner, 1 flat. KRAUSE, BEAK & CO., 10 S. La Salle-st.

EXCHANGE APT. BLDG. IN GOOD LOCATION; rent $10,000 per year; owner will take residence in part payment for $26,000 equity. DETTE, 4220 Lincoln-av.

WANTED—SOUTH SIDE COTTAGE FOR equity in 6 flat; rental $2,700; mtg. $18,000. MAS. BROS. CO., 730 First Natl. Bank Bldg. Ran. 1445.

EXCHANGE—HIGH GRADE APT. EQUITIES for sale or exchange for vacant property; no deal. H. J. ENSINGER & CO., 40 N. Dearborn-st.

TO EXCHANGE—NEW 6 FLAT BLDG. on Park. Rent $4,000; value $50,000, 5½%. What have you for $12,000 equity. Address G X 156, Tribune.

EXCHANGE—MODERN 6 FLAT OR 50 FT. Clark-st. business lot and cash, for home or bungalow. Address H F 273, Tribune.

TO EXCH. FOR GOOD N. S. 6 APT. CLEAR Kenmore-av. residence; 50x125; price $20,000. Address E S 168, Tribune.

SHERIDAN-RD. 6 FLAT; RENTS $4,100; mtge. $16,500; cash or trade; closes price. Make offer. Address H P 909, Tribune.

EXCH. 4 FLAT BRICK, EDGEWATER; stove ht.; rent $864; small mtg.; for res., vac., or farm. Address H A 524, Tribune.

Business Property.

TO EXCHANGE—CLARK ST. BUSINESS corner, 100 ft. garage location, 80x140, near Lawrence-av., for North Side income property. Address F Y 580 Tribune.

Farms and Acres.

EXCHANGE—$35,000 EQUITY, GOOD 400 acre improved farm; 300 acres cultivated; cash price $35,000; 1st mtg. $15,000, 5 yrs.; will accept desirable Chicago property; also consider equity of farmers-clerks answer; long time 2d mtge.; loan $10,000 guaranteed; cash basis and owners only. Address H B 90, Tribune.

WE HAVE LARGE LIST OF IND., MICH., Wis. farms to exch. for city prop. Send details. Fletcher & Co., 29 S. La Salle-st.

TEXAS FRUIT FARM, 25 A. 4 imp., clear, near Galv., for imp. S. Mich. farm. Oakland 751.

Houses.

EXCHANGE—9 ROOM HOUSE, EXCELSIOR Springs, Mo.; mineral spring well alone worth $1,000; must trade from western bus. op.; ask anybody about Ex. Sprgs.; price $8,200. KLEIN, 79 W. Monroe. Rand. 184.

EXCHANGE—FOR FLORIDA LAND, MY $800 equity in fine lot with 5 room frame house on boulevard; price $3,100. Address B 432, Tribune.

TO EXCHANGE—FOR IMPROVED FARM, 2 flats, modern, heat, elec. light, lot 30x125, price $5,200. J. Werscking & Co., 2151 N. Halsted.

EXCH. 5 RM. HOUSE, ¼ ACRE, LIBERTYville. Want good farm, worth $10,000. ROBERT F. MUELLER, 29 S. La Salle-st.

HAVE SEVERAL BUNGALOWS; WILL GIVE one for land in Chicago suburb. What have you? Address H F 308, Tribune.

Vacant.

FOR EXCHANGE — 100X160 FEET, CLEAR vacant, near L station; want 2 or 3 flat. Address F S 260, Tribune.

TO EXCHANGE—$6,000, CLEAR VACANT for 3 or 6 flat; will assume. KELLY 5350 Halsted-st.

EQUITY IN NORTH SHORE BUSINESS lot for equity in bungalow or 2 flat. Address H F 254, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

EXCHANGE—
Owners of Chicago owning property in other cities or small farms in the Central States may find it to his advantage to see us; we can offer you an exceptional opportunity to turn your outside holdings into a PROFITABLE INVESTMENT in Chicago properties. Our facilities enable us to be of exceptional service to you. We will appreciate an early call.
FRED'K H. BARTLETT & CO.,
EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT,
69 W. Washington-st.

WANTED—FARM NEAR CHICAGO FOR MY complete equipment moving picture theater, 600 seats, best Hyde Park location and patronage, latest heating and ventilating apparatus; exceptional chance to make deal. Address G J 574, Tribune.

STOCKS AND BONDS TAKEN IN TRADE for building and garden lots; call list showing what we have and what section of city you would like a lot. Address G T 374, Tribune.

WANTED—OLD IMPROVED CITY PROPERties and clear farms for exchange. Can match any deal. C. J. GRAPPERHAUS, 1346 S. 43d-av. Cicero 1966.

WANTED—PROPERTIES AND FARMS FOR exch. Can match any trade. State your wants for what you don't want. Describe fully. Arthur H. Lueder, 31 E. Dearborn-st.

LET US TRADE YOUR REAL ESTATE YOU don't want for what you do want.
ROHDE & SIMONS, 140 S. Dearborn-st.

300 SEAT THEATER BUILDING, BRICK, fully equipped; want farm land. Address B 70, Tribune.

TO EXCHANGE—SEVERAL PIECES OF IMproved; full particulars; pay cash if bargain. DAVID LEVI, 1203 Ashland Block.

TO EXCHANGE—1 COPPER MINE, $250; Ins. co. stand-alone, $150,000; mdse. store, 8RAW, 230 S. La Salle-st. Wabash 6672.

WANTED—BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR clear vacant or farms and cash. Address G T 319, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

1ST MORTGAGE LOANS MADE IN CITIES of 25,000 and above. LEVY BROS., Westminster Bldg., Chicago.

TO LOAN—$500 TO $10,000. LOWEST rates. No delay. E. N. WEART & CO., 25 N. Dearborn-st.

CENTRAL REAL ESTATE LOANS WITHout cost. Insurance Northwestern Mutual Life Ins. Co. WM. SCOTT BOND, 31 N. Dearborn.

LOANS ON REAL PROPERTY AT BEST terms and rates.
WM. A. BOND & CO., 25 N. Dearborn-st.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON 2D MORtgages. Benj. Bissinger, 69 W. Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON NORTH SHORE property. MASON & SMART, 1580 Sherman-av., Evanston, Ill.

LOANS FROM $200 UP; VACANT OR IMproved city or suburban; mtgs. bought and sold. ARTHUR C. LUEDER, 40 N. Dearborn.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

I CAN PRODUCE ONE TON OF HOG MEAT f. o. b. farm for $67, including water, labor, administration taxes, and maintenance of farm.
On farm valuation of $125 per acre a 15c hog market at farm returns 153%.
Want $50,000 to add improvements and stock to 4,000 acre farm; five year 8% mortgage farm, now clear; also willing give lender small participating profit bonus.
Please don't answer unless you personally have the money, as I am busy. Address
A. A. ROGERS, Owner,
186 N. La Salle-st., Room 214, Chicago.

I HAVE AVAILABLE NOW A LARGE FUND to invest in good second mortgages up to $20,000.
4% COMMISSION PER YEAR.
Property investigated promptly; no extra charges.
THIS IS POSITIVELY THE LOWEST RATE IN THE CITY.
E. H. NEWMAN,
Room 1605, 11 S. La Salle-st. Rand. 4980.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.
5½%. FUNDS AVAILABLE AT 5½%, where security is free from speculative elements and value within the 50% rule; prepayment privileges or partial payment obligations at the option of the borrower; no preliminary inquiry for rates and terms implies no obligation.
WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO.,
420—Otis Bldg.—424. 10 S. La Salle-st.

C. C. MITCHELL & CO.,
5% AND 5½% MONEY TO LOAN.
QUICK ACTION ANY AMOUNT.
WE LOAN IN CHICAGO OR SUBURBS.
WE LOAN MONEY TO BUILD.
69 W. WASHINGTON-ST. RAND. 251.
ESTABLISHED 1894.

PROPERTY OWNERS, ATTENTION — I make 1st and 3d mtge. loans from $50 up on a few hours' notice. A call will convince you my rates are lowest in Chicago and my method of repayment the easiest. Loans also made to property owners on their own notes. A. GREENE, Rm. 340, 140 S. Dearborn.

TO LOAN—$ $ $—MONEY
ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE.

HIBERNIAN BANK, 208 S. LA SALLE-ST.

LOANS AT LOWEST RATES
on Chicago Real Estate.
UNION TRUST CO., 9 S. DEARBORN-ST.

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE, IMPROVED OR vacant. Building loans a specialty. Quick action.
H. O. STONE & CO.,
Phone Main 1865. 111 W. Washington-st.

SEE US FOR WHAT MONEY YOU WISH to borrow on Chicago real estate.
E. E. CUMMINGS & CO.,
[Established 1869.]
40 N. Dearborn-st.

WANTED—TO BORROW $1,500 FOR 90 days on $6,500 equity in Northwest Side vacant worth $12,500. Will pay liberal interest. Address H F 591, Tribune.

WANTED—$17,000, 6%, ON NEW FACTORY. Will build to suit and bldg. cost over $30,000; loan A1; will stand closest investigation. Address H B 192, Tribune.

MONEY TO LOAN
On Chicago and suburban real estate.
FIRST MORTGAGES FOR SALE.
MEAD & COE, 69 W. Washington-st.

PRIVATE FUND, $100 TO $10,000. To loan on 1st and 2d mtgs., 5½% quick action, honorable dealing. B. J. GOODMAN, Rm. 1140, 111 W. Washington. Frank. 3524.

ON MORTGAGE LOANS IN 1 DAY; PRIvate funds, low rates, easy payments. We buy mortgages. See us first. SIMMONS BROS., 405, 69 W. Washington-st.

G. H. SCHNEIDER & CO., 10 S. LA SALLE.
Telephone Franklin 3302.

REAL ESTATE LOANS. LOWEST RATES. PROMPT SERVICE.

SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS, $100 TO $20,000, made quickly on vacant and improved. Repayable in small monthly payments, 6%. F. J. LAWLER, 160 W. Jackson-blvd.

PRIVATE PARTY WILL MAKE 2D MORTgage loan up to $10,000 on well secured flat bldg. or business property. Apply store, 1113 W. Monroe. Central 8459.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL estate. QUINLAN & TYSON, 40 N. Dearborn-st. Phone Franklin 3482.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED CHICAGO real estate. WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 53 and 60 W. Washington-st.

5½% MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO IMproved, $500 to $5,000. IGNATIUS CHAP & Co., 31st and Wallace-sts.

LOAN, 5 TO 10 YR. TERMS; ANN. PMTS. Arthur J. Eddy & Sons, Loan Assts. State Mut. Life Ins. Co., 105 S. La Salle. Rand. 1626.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 69 W. Washington-st., make large and small loans on imp. Chicago real estate at low current rates.

1ST MORTGAGE LOANS MADE PROMPTly on Chicago real estate.
HARRY P. BRANSTETTER,
50 E. 26th-st. Calumet 5714.

1916 HUDSON SUPER SIX SEDAN. LOOKS and runs like new, 5 good tires; price for quick sale, $1,400.
DANIELS MOTOR SALES CO.,
1725 Michigan-av. Calumet 3480

$25

Paid now will secure guaranteed spring delivery of Ford car at present low price. Address G J 240, Tribune.

2 SLIGHTLY USED FORD PANEL TOP DElivery cars, both exceptional bargains.
RUSH MOTOR CO.,
[On auto row.]
2441 Michigan-av. Calumet 3504.

1917 STEARNS-KNIGHT, 7 PASS., touring car; just rebuilt; has Goodyear 6 cd tires and bumper; must be seen to be appreciated.
Calumet 100. STEARNS, 2431 S. Mich.-av.

MEXICAN — MUST SELL AT ONCE 1916 "Cole" limousine, 4 cylinder; also extra touring body; all in this condition including Pittsburgh Taximeter; also hearse; a bargain at $850 cash. New tires. 4716 Kimbal-av.

FORDS, DODGES, BUICKS.
100 other cars; just arrived from storm.
ERWIN GREER AUTOMOBILE COMPANY.
1515-17 Wabash-av. Calumet 4600.

WE HAVE A NUMBER OF FORD ROADsters, touring and delivery cars, with brand new bodies; all in perfect mechanical condition; $150 and up. 3261 Fullerton-av. Phone Albany 142.

WILL SELL MY CAR FOR $350, OR TRADE for Ford; has coupe and touring bodies, elect. starter, generator, bumper, speedometer, clock, good tires, etc. 6531 S. Artesian-av. Prospect 3352.

$600 MERCEDES, $600.
Fully equipped; starter, top, etc.; exc. cond.; worth twice the price; one of the best cars in town. Lake View 8851.

1917 PACKARD TWIN 6 CLUB ROADSTER, winter top, fully equipped, perfect mechanical condition; a genuine bargain. Ph. Calumet 5726. 1426 Michigan-av.

BRAND NEW OVERLAND TOURING CARS, model 90; while they last at cut prices. Used Dept. TENNANT OAKLAND CO., 2447 MICHIGAN-AV.

DODGE BROS. TOURING CAR. 1917 SEries, first class mechanical condition; suitable terms if desired. Address H F 106, Tribune.

HAVE CHOICE SELECTION OF HIGH grade used cars.
GEO. H. GEYLER CO.,
25th and Indiana. Calumet 3226.

WILL SACRIFICE FOR $475, OR BEST cash offer, my late 1916 Dodge tour. with many extras and 3 brand new 30x3½ tires; act quick. Address H A 336, Tribune.

1917 OAKLAND, 5 PASS., SEAT COVERS, bumper, spot light, new extra tire.
Phone TRIANGLE MOTORS, INC.,
2211 Michigan-av. Calumet 6813.

WILLYS-KNIGHT LIMOUSINE, 1916 MODel, newly painted and upholstered, run very little; full equipment; bargain. Phone Ekman, 2346 E. 70th-pl. Phone H. P. 1055.

FOR SALE—1917 WINTON TOWN CAR, fully equipped with Goodyear extra size tires, heater, etc.; only two months; big bargain. Address H B 164, Tribune.

FORD 1918, CLOSED PANEL DELIVERY; used 4 weeks; must be sold today. 3046 Lincoln-av.

NEW 1917 12 CYLINDER 5 PASSENGER, damaged by fire; make offer. Austin Motor Co., 48 S. Lamon-av. Austin 2170.

NEW FORD TOURING CAR, $40 OFF; drafted; must sell; driven sixty miles. Address B 484, Tribune.

WINTON 6-33 1916 LIMOUSINE, WIRE wheels, good condition, $1,500. Normal 677.

USED CARS BOUGHT, SOLD, AND EXchanged. See us at once. Paramount Auto Exchange, 1402 Michigan-av. Calumet 7231.

1917 KISSELKAR, 4 PASS. COUPE, LIKE new $1,000; cost $1,800. DAN CANARY, 1414 Michigan-av.

1917 COLE AT A BARGAIN
EDGAR C. FRADY,
2323 Michigan-av. Calumet 2323.

USED CAR BARGAINS AT PARSONS Auto Car Co., 3300 Indiana-av. Phone Douglas 202.

SPEEDWELL SPEEDSTER, IN GOOD CONdition; $150. X. L. Refrigerating Co. Prospect 5033.

HIGH GRADE AUTOMOBILE BARGAINS.
OWEN MAGNETIC MOTOR CAR CO.,
2349 MICHIGAN-AV. CALUMET 4712.

1916 BABY GRAND CHEVROLET.
1917 Overland Country Club with winter top. 4627 Broadway.

FOR SALE—1917 ALLEN SEDAN, EXCEL lent condition throughout, attractive price. Stanley Motor Carriage Co., 2101 Indiana-av.

USED CAR BARGAINS.
L. MARKLE CO.,
21ST AND MICHIGAN-AV.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, 1913 CADILLAC touring car; just rebuilt; motor, engine make offer. 2248 Prairie-av. Calumet 191.

BARGAINS IN USED FORD ROADSTERS and tourings, like new, overhauled, repainted; also LAWDER BROS., 60th, nr. State.

HUPMOBILES AND MERCERS.
Used cars, overhauled and repainted.
2317 Michigan-av. Calumet 4707.

LATE MODEL SCRIPPS BOOTH COUPE, run less than 6,000 mi.; car in good shape; will sell for $475. Address H F 234, Tribune.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF USED CARS.
HOBART NEW MAN-STRATTON CO.,
2447 Michigan-av. Calumet 5820.

BUY 1918 FORD TODAY, YEAR TO PAY, $25, ins. increase Feb. 1; free storage, act at once. Address H B 163, Tribune.

BIG BUICK D 55, EXCELLENT CONDITION, $750. Address B 478, Tribune.

FORDS 1918 TOURING, USED 2 WKS. $325; must be sold today. 3046 Lincoln-av.

FORD CARS, 10 OF THEM, AT YOUR OWN price. 1611 Prairie-av. Cal. 3647.

FOR SALE—AUTO, 1 CADILLAC SEDAN, cheap. 1931 Wells. Phone Div. 3020.

MARMON 6-41, 7 PASS., 1916, AND WINter top, $1,200. Ph. Midway 6321.

FORD 1917 TOURING CAR, LIKE NEW. Call Sunnyside 5381 or 914 Gall-av.

FOR SALE CHEAP—COMMERCIAL FORD. $250; worth $600. Call Sunnyside 2201.

$325 CASH TAKES DODGE TOURING, 1ST class shape. 605 4th-av., Moline, Ill.

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I HAVE A BRAND NEW LIMOUSINE OF STANDARD MAKE. WILL SACRIFICE. CASH OR TERMS. WILL ALSO TAKE A CAR IN TRADE. ADDRESS H F 457, TRIBUNE.

1917 CADILLAC LIMOUSINE

DELIVERED IN OCTOBER.
PHONE WABASH 363.

1917 JORDAN 7 PASS. WIRE wheels $1,700
1917 Jordan, 4 pass. coupe, wire whls. 1,650
1917 Reo touring, 4 cyl. 550
1916 Chalmers 6 cyl. 5 pass. 550
1917 Liberty, 6 cyl., 5 pass. 600
1917 Woods Dual Power coupe. 1,000
1917 Premier Foursome, like new 1,000
1917 Haynes, 5 pass., new tires, fine. 875
1917 H. A. L. 12, 7 pass., refinished. 1,250
CHICAGO MOTOR CAR CO.,
Phone Calumet 6070 2313 Michigan-av.

SERIES '18' STUDEBAKER CABRIOLET. A distinctive 3 passenger closed car, which is ideal for cold weather use; mileage very low and coach condition like new; equipment includes Goodyear cord tires, motometer, front and rear bumpers, headlight dimmers and brand new spare Goodyear casing and tube; our price on this complete outfit is only $1,000.
CADILLAC AUTOMOBILE COMPANY OF ILLINOIS,
2301 Michigan-av. Calumet 4841.

WILLYS-KNIGHT COUPE.
We have just received from our mechanical shops one Willys-Knight 88 passenger coupe, overhauled and refinished, fully equipped; seat covers, motor, meter, bumper, etc.
TODAY'S PRICE, $1,200.
OVERLAND MOTOR CO.,
Calumet 1444 Michigan-av.

1914 FIAT 4-55 7 PASSENGER TOURING car. A roomy, powerful machine with lots of speed; good paint; seat covers in addition to complete equipment; a reliable high grade machine, $1,000. No. 813.) Ask for complete descriptive bulletin.
PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO. OF CHICAGO,
Michigan-av. at 24th-st. Calumet 7400.

$300 TAKES LATEST MODEL 6 CYL., 5 pass. Empire, divided front seats, Continental engine, just overhauled, paint, tires and everything in fine condition. This is a snap at this price.
MORTIMER,
1631 Michigan-av. Calumet 1061.

TERMS

We have a number of fine Used Cars at extremely low prices; cash or time payments.
MARQUETTE MOTOR SALES CO.,
341 Madison-st. Phone Franklin 4352.

SEND FOR OUR BULLETIN USED CAR bargains. This week's special bargain 1918 new 7 pass. Premier car, including two extra tires, bumper, spotlight, and 6 volt equipment. Can be shown by appointment.
ROAMER MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
2240 Michigan-av. Calumet 6920.

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1917 KISSEL CAR, COUPE, 100 POINT; 6; practically new; one of the most stylish cars in Chicago; cost over $1,800; $1,250 for quick sale; your terms can be arranged. 6047 S. Halsted; Englewood 170; open evenings.

1916 CHANDLER 6 CYL. 5 PASS. TOURing car, fully equipped, extras, exceptionally low price for quick sale; will take your car in trade; terms to suit. GLASER, 1450 Michigan. Calumet 4214.

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FISHTOWN CAR FOR SALE, CHANDLER 17 chassis; highest class coach work and trim; had best care and little use; looks and is good as new; worth $3,000; sell $1,800. 1016 Wood-st.

POSITIVELY MUST BE SOLD THIS WEEK, Oakland Model 50 7 pass. Sedan demonstrator; will cost under trade; no cash necessary. DENNIS MOTOR CAR CO., 1140 Conway Bldg., 111 W. Washington-st. Franklin 3524.

A. WARSHAWSKY PAYS BEST PRICE FOR your cars in any cond.; parts for all makes of cars; tires and tubes always on hand. 3227-9 S. State-st. Ph. Doug. 8569.

PHONE SEELEY 548 AND WE WANT THE highest cash price for your old model or junk automobile. Calls answered in 1 hour. Out of town calls same day.

WE BUY, SELL OR EXCHANGE YOUR CAR, while you drive it. Confidential. Auto Securities Co., 332 S. Michigan-av. Harrison 1350.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE FOR YOUR CAR. Quick action; bring car; take home money.
AUTO EXCHANGE,
1240 Michigan-av. Calumet 4287.

NEED AUTOMOBILES.
FOR NEW STORE JUST OPENED.
RELIABLE AUTO SALES CO.,
CALUMET 4226. 1428 MICHIGAN-AV.

CALUMET 6116—
We pay more for old model automobiles because we are not junk men. Auto Needs Co., 1602 Michigan-av.

MONEY LOANED ON AUTOMOBILES. LOWEST RATES; NO DELAY. LINCOLN LOAN CO., 1603 Lincoln-av. Open Eve.

WE PAY MORE FOR OLD OR WRECKED cars than any other dealer. B. RAY, 3210 Jackson-blvd. Phone Van Buren 654.

WANTED—1917 5 PASS. DODGE CAR IN good condit.; give full details and price. E. F. McDonald, 332 S. Michigan. Harr. 1350.

CALL CAL. 24 OR BRING YOUR CAR TO 1618 S. Wabash-av. Best cash price paid for car, any make or condition.

WANTED — AUTOMOBILE IN EXCHANGE for piano. Address H Player piano.
PIANO CO., 740 E. 47th-st.

WILL BUY OR LOAN MONEY ON CARS. American Storage, 1434 E. 63d. Mid. 3233.

WILL TRADE 50 FT. VACANT LOT, FOR new car. Phone Rockwell 3377.

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Store your auto, gas or electric, with us this winter in our large steam heated building; absolutely fireproof; batteries cared for. Phone for service, Calumet 6473, or drop a card to 2436 S. Michigan-av.

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DODGE BROTHERS
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Good sturdy cars ready for any amount of hard service. Look well and run well. Two corking good bargains on hand today. Come and see them. Will accept your Ford as part payment.
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We have some exceptional values in limousines and other closed cars such as Packard, Pierce Arrow, Peerless, etc. All cars have been overhauled and repainted and look and run like new. We must move these cars at once. If you want a bargain, call and look these over. Terms if desired. Marmon Chicago Co., 2430 Michigan-av. Calumet 5606.

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WILL SELL YOU ANY MAKE OF CAR, NEW OR USED, OR WILL LOAN SAME FROM ANY DEALER OR INDIVIDUAL ON EASY PAYMENT PLAN.
ALSO ARRANGE TO BUY YOUR CAR, TAKE UP DEALERS' NOTES, AND GIVE EXTENDED TIME FOR PAYMENT. 224 S. MICHIGAN-AV., SUITE 644 RAILWAY EXCHANGE BLDG. HARR. 772.

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7 passenger, 1917, 6 cylinder, Continental motor, and completely equipped. This car has been driven but 4,300 miles and is the very latest model. Here is a rare opportunity to secure one of these beautiful models at a very attractive figure, but which is the same guarantee as new car. See MR. BUNKER.
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AUTOS—EASY PAYMENTS.
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I HAVE A 1917 HAYNES, 6 CYL., 7 PASS.; has just been overhauled and repainted; looks and runs like a new car that I will sell and guarantee. If you want a bargain investigate this one.
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A BEAUTIFUL WHITE TOWN CAR, 1916 model, looks like new, in excellent mechanical condition. Car sold for $4,000.00 year ago. Must dispose of this car immediately. Will sell right. Must be seen to be appreciated. 2240 Michigan-av. See Hadley Outland. Cal. 5311.

WILLYS-KNIGHT, MODEL 88-4, 7 PASS., seal grain paint, nickel trim, bumper, California special top, 1 new tire and tube extra; car run only 800 miles; original price $1,800; will sacrifice for $1,000.
GORDON, 3739 W. North-av.

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Store your auto, gas or electric, with us this winter in our large steam heated building; absolutely fireproof; batteries cared for. Phone for service, Calumet 6473, or drop a card to 2436 S. Michigan-av.

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ALL SIZES.
36x6, $54.
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WE HAVE FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY ONE SEDAN BODY suitable for Series 5, 6, 7, and 8 FRANKLIN CHASSIS.
WILLIAM YOUNG CARRIAGE COMPANY,
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SCORED CYLINDERS FUSED ELECTRICALly with silver nickel alloy by patent process; same piston fit. L. LAWRENCE CO., 1522 Michigan-av.

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FORD CROWN FENDER, $10 PER SET; Ford shock absorbers, $1 per set. LANDERMAN, 2116 Wabash-av.

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